The Leading Motor House of Asia:
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT,
BOMBAY.

# The Bombay Chronicle

The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars
can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

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VOL. II, NO. 227. BOMBAY: MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1914. ONE ANNA.


## SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL
S. N. COMPANY.
MAIL SERVICE.

| Date of Sailing. | Steamers. | Tons. | Connecting Advance with | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3rd Oct. | Persia | 8000 | — | — |
| 14th " | Maloja | 12500 | — | — |
| 17th " | Caledonia | 6000 | — | — |
| 24th " | Salsette | 6000 | Mooltan | 10000 |
| 31st " | India | 8000 | — | — |
| 7th Nov. | Salsette | 6000 | Moldavia | 10000 |
| 14th " | Arabia | 8000 | — | — |
| 21st " | Salsette | 6000 | Khyber | 9000 |
| 28th " | Egypt | 8000 | — | — |
| 5th Dec. | China | 8000 | Medina | 12000 |
| 12th " | Persia | 8000 | — | — |
| 19th " | Salsette | 6000 | Mongolia | 10000 |
| 26th " | Kaisar-i-Hind | 11400 | — | — |

Tenders leave CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at the place at 1 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN and NEW ZEALAND.

These Steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAY. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to—

A. R. BURNEY,
Acting Superintendent,
Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(Japan Mail Steamership Co., Ltd.)
Incorporated in Japan.
To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

| Steamers. | Commander. | Ton. | Arrival. | Departure. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Colombo Maru | O. Sakamoto | 4709 | 17th Sept. | 30th Sept. |
| Rangoon Maru | H. Nomura | 5143 | 15th Oct. | 27th (Cir. |
| Kirin Maru | E. Tsuda | 3696 | 20th Oct. | 1st Nov. |
| Wakasa Maru | K. Itsuno | 6265 | 12th Nov. | 24th Nov. |
| Jinsen Maru | T. Terada | 3785 | 29th Nov. | 11th Dec. |

For Freight apply to—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager,
NIPPON YUSEN-KAI-SHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

PHILLIPS & Co., Ltd.,
WHOLESALE & MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS.
BOMBAY & POONA.

Import Drugs, Chemicals, Surgical Instruments, Chemical apparatus, Patent medicines and Druggists' sundries of every description direct from the makers thus ensuring the best of material, from first sources—

Orders are solicited from Railways, Municipalities, Native States, Schools, Dispensaries and Families.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,
Sole Agents for the
HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,
8, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,
BOMBAY.
Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

## SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES,
(JOINT SERVICE).
SAILINGS.
HOMEWARD.
SPRING 1915.

| Steamers. | Tons. | Leave Karachi about. | Leave Bomb about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| City of Marseilles A&O | 8850 | 3rd Feb. | 6th Feb. |
| City of Glasgow A&O | 8545 | ... | ... |
| City of Poona A&O | 7474 | 3rd March. | ... |
| City of Paris A&O | 9339 | 15th " | 17th March |
| City of Lahore A&O | 6947 | 24th " | ... |
| Trafford Hall A&O | 5831 | ... | 29th March |
| City of Manchester A&O | 5551 | 31st March. | ... |
| City of Nagpur A&O | 7500 | 12th April | 14th April |
| City of Cairo A&O | ... | 21st " | ... |
| City of Benares A&O | 6984 | ... | 27th " |
| City of Marseilles A&O | 9250 | 5th May | 10th " |
| City of Poona A&O | 7474 | 7th June | ... |

"Trafford Hall," carries 1st Class passengers only; all other steamers have accommodation for 1st and 2nd Classes.

| FARES. | 1st class Singles. | 1st class Returns. | 2nd class | 2nd class Returns |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Marseilles ..... London via Marseilles ..... | 578 | 891 | 439 | 649 |
| Liverpool ..... London via Marseilles out from Liverpool ..... | 653 | 1,091 | 489 | 809 |
| | 605 | 957 | 462 | 764 |
| | ... | 999 | ... | 737 |

Concession granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passages and full particulars apply to:—
Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE
DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.
TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.
For further particulars regarding freight apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
TURNER, MORRISON & CO., LTD.,
391 Agents.

## BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
Esplanade Road, Fort BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital ..... £2,000,000
Paid up Capital ..... £1,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... £1,100,000

Head Office.
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
Branches.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Calcutta | Chittagong | Zanzibar |
| Bombay | Rangoon | Mombasa |
| Madras | Mandalay | Nairobi |
| Karachi | Colombo | Nakuru |
| Lahore | Kandy | Kisumu |
| Amritsar | Newera-Elliya | Jinja |
| Delhi | Aden (Camp) | Kampala |
| Cawnpore | Aden (Steamer Point) | Entebbe |
| Tuticorin | | |
| Cochin | | |

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS.
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

JAMES SMITH,
Acting Manager.
Post Box 141

## SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.
WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.
Vessels. Tons. Sailing Date. Time. Routes.
LINGA, 2,185 Mon. 28th Sept. 11 a.m., †P. B. D. and C. M.
LHASA, 2,184 Fri. 2nd Oct. *6 a.m. Direct
† Porebunder, Dwarka, and Cutch Mandvi.
*Or on arrival of the English Mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND MAHOMERAH.
(Weekly.)
A STEAMER to be named later.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.
S.S. CHAKDARA 3,080 tons, on Thursday, 1st October, calling at Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Bahrein Bushire and Mahomerah.

FOR SEYCHELLES EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.
A steamer to be named later.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA.
(Direct.)
Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Strait Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier.
Bombay.
28th September, 1914.

## SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS OF THE ANCHOR LINE.

| Steamer. | Tonnage. | Captain. | Leave Bombay about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. Circassia | 6722 | C.F. Osborne R.D. R.N.R. | 16th Oct. 1914 |
| S.S. Massilia | 5091 | J Thomson | 21st " " |
| S.S. Olympia | 5124 | J.L. Henderson | 6th Nov. " |
| S.S. Scindia | 5106 | Wm. Kelso | 21st " " |

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1915.

| Steamer. | Tonnage. | Captain. | Leave Bombay about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. Castalia | 6388 | | 9th Feb. 1915 |
| S.S. Elysia | 6368 | J. Kinnaird | 24th " " |
| S.S. Massilia | 5091 | J. Thomson | 15th March " |
| S.S. Olympia | 5124 | J. L. Henderson | 26th March " |
| S.S. Circassia | 6722 | C. F. Osborne R.D. R.N.R. | 15th April " |
| S.S. Scindia | 5106 | Wm. Kelso | 27th April " |
| S.S. Castalia | 6388 | ... | 8th May " |
| S.S. Elysia | 6368 | J. Kinnaird | 29th May " |

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

| | Single. Rs. | Return. Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay to Suez ..... | 413 | 627 |
| Bombay to Port Said ..... | 446 | 677 |
| Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool ..... | 578 | 924 |
| Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool ..... | 653 | 999 |
| Bombay to Gibraltar ..... | 590 | 891 |
| Bombay to Liverpool ..... | 605 | 957 |
| Bombay to New York ..... | 941 | 1,429 |
| Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez ..... | 446 | ... |

All return tickets are available for 2 years.
Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.
Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.
All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
The advertised rates to Europe include free passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.
Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.
For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

POONA SEASON.
Visitors to Poona will Find the most Up-to-date place for BREAKFAST, TIFFIN, DINNER AND AFTERNOON TEA AT
F. CORNAGLIA'S,
Leading Confectioner and Caterer of Western India.
Local and Mofussil Orders promptly and carefully executed.
*All Caterings in the most recherche Style.*
*PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.*
F. CORNAGLIA.
83, Medow Street,
7, Esplanade Road, } BOMBAY.
And 6, Arsenal Road, POONA.
Telegrams 'Cornaglia.' Telephone No. 42.

ICO
When buying GHEE or BUTTER, you are not sure what you are paying for in this age of adulteration and frauds. Those, however, who buy our,
I. C. O. Refined Cottonseed Oil have the satisfaction of knowing that they get not only cent. per cent. value of their money but more.
I. C. O. Refined Cottonseed Oil is not a substitute for Ghee or Butter but a substance par excellence suitable for cooking, frying, rendering, baking and salad dressing.
I. C. O. Refined Cottonseed Oil is now used by leading families, hotels, restaurants and cafes. It is highly spoken of by Surgeon and Mrs. Wanless (Miraj); Mr. G. H. Anderson, I. C. S. (Collector of Surat), Dr. Patwardhan (Chief Medical Officer, Palanpur); Prof. Dhakmarwala (Vice Principal of Bombay Veterinary College) and Dr. Harold Mann.
THE INDIAN COTTON OIL Co. Ltd.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

## BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.
Capital Authorised ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed ... Rs. 19,96,700
Capital Paid up ..... Rs. 11,24,975
Reserve Fund (In G. P. Notes) ..... 10,40,000
HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches—
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote, and Srinagar.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interests which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent., per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.
For other particulars, and rules of business apply to—
SRI RAM, B.A.,
Manager.

## BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)
SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—
Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.
Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank. 264

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd
(SCOTLAND.)
B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.
B. O. C. LAMP OILS. B. O. C. PITCH.
B. O. C. PETROL B. O. C. CANDLES.
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES. B. O. C. WAX.
BOMBAY AGENTS:
SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street
P. O. Box 203. Telephone Nos. 102 & 1439.

NOVELTIES
DISCLOSING
A PROGRESSIVE ART.
New Enamel and Gem Jewellery
New and Smart Sapphire Jewellery
New Interchangeable Jewellery
New Diamond Platinum and Pearl Pendants
New Rock Crystal set Diamonds Pendants
New Tulle Bow and Velvet Neckslides
New Dainty "Mouchoir Necklets
New Diamond an fancy Stone Drop Necklets
New Gold and Enamel Lockets
New Designs in Jewelled Rings
New Platinum and gold fancy Bracelets
New Designs in drop Earrings
New Gold and Platinum Brooches
New Gold and Ename Buttons and Links.
MARCKS & Co., Ld.
JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, &c.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

## BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.

| | |
|---|---|
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Yen. | 48,000,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... " | 30,000,000 |
| RESERVE FUND ..... " | 19,250,000 |

HEAD OFFICE YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Antung Hsien | Liaoyang | Osaka |
| Changchun | Calcutta | Pekin |
| Dairen (Dalney) | London | Ryojun (Port Arthur) |
| Hankow | Lyons | San Francisco |
| Harbin | Fengtien (Mukden) | Shanghai |
| Hongkong | Nagasaki | Tiehling |
| Honolulu | Newchwang | Tientsin |
| Kobe | New York | Tokyo |
| Los Angeles | (Cal. U.S.A.) | Tsingtau |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. IGARASHI, Manager.
Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:—APOLLO STREET.
BRANCHES:—
Mumbadevi (Bombay) and Ahmedabad.
Interest on fixed deposits for 12 months at 5 per cent., p. m. Savings Bank 4 per cent. Current accounts on daily balances 3 per cent. at Bombay.
Rates for short deposits and information regarding terms of any other Banking business to be ascertained on application.
JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED
(Incorporated in Great Britain.)
TOTAL FUNDS.....£19,618,135
ANNUAL INCOME.....£7,542,708
FIRE, LIFE,
MARINE, PROFITS
AND
MOTOR CAR INSURANCE
Send for Prospectus and Particulars to:—
G. M. ROSS, Resident Secretary
Royal Insurance Buildings, BOMBAY.
Or. T. H. MOORE & Co., Chief Agents
Hummum St., Fort,
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The most up-to-date Science of Health to Young and Old. Distributed gratis or post free. Apply to:—
THE SWASTHYA SAHAI PHARMACY,
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ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words, Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are reqsuested to note that the Publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES may be had on application to—

The Manager "Bombay Chronicle."

MASSAGE, on approved Medical lines, English system, by expert European lady practitioner. Apply Box No. 908, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3957

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results. 80, Esplanade Road. 832

PROOF positive of the superiority of our Pioneer Locks is unquestionable. A trial of any of the various brass, galvanized or japanned locks in stock at our stores will give entire satisfaction. R. H. PATUCK & Co., 14, Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

PIANOS:—MR. A. F. SOUNDY having severed his connections with MESSRS. SOUNDY & CO., Ltd., Music Warehouse, is now prepared to undertake TUNINGS and REPAIRS to all makes of PIANOS, ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply A. F. SOUNDY, "Sea Croft," Colaba Reclamation, Bombay. 2450

## WANTED.

WANTED MOTOR-CAR 2 seater second-hand, good condition. Apply P. O. Box 233 Bombay.

WANTED.—FURNITURE etc., purchased wholesale or retail for reasonable prices. Apply Box No. 200, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3786

WANTED EMPLOYMENT as CASHIER by a Hindu. First class references. Apply Box No. 545 Advts. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 2603

WANTED.—An European F.A. or B.A., also a trained Kindergarten teacher for Baldwin Girls' High School, Bangalore.—Apply to the PRINCIPAL. 2594

WANTED—Rs. 5,000. Gentleman holding good position requires loan on personal and other sound security. Apply Box No. 907, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3955

WANTED a LADY GRADUATE DOCTOR with MIDWIFERY experience. Pay Rs. 125 rising to Rs. 150. Private visiting allowed, good prospects. Apply with full particulars and testimonials to CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, 3954 Bhawnagar State.

WANTED.—Tenders for the CONTRACT of 5 FLOUR MILLS each 3 feet in diameter, 1 foot in thickness, situated on an everflowing stream in Bhopal town. Each mill turns out 2 maunds of flour per hour while the consumption of flour in the town alone exceeds 400 maunds daily. Apply for particulars till 10th October to Munshi Daulat Rai, Kamdar to H. H. the Young Prince of Bhopal. 3897

WANTED an EXPERIENCED CARRIAGE EXAMINER for the BOMBAY PORT TRUST RAILWAY—Rs. 60-100 according to qualifications.

Usual Railway Rules but no passes. Previous Railway service and Provident Fund assets will be transferred to this Railway.

Apply in writing with copies of certificates to the MANAGER, BOMBAY PORT TRUST RAILWAY, Ballard Road, Fort. 3904

WANTED a Second Clerk in Cantonment Office, Aurrangabad, pay H. S. Rs. 40 per mensem. Must be highly recommended by his present European employers. He should be able to typewrite and keep books and files carefully. A highly efficient, capable and honest man will have a good prospect for promotion to Head Clerk on H. S. Rs. 70 rising to H. S. Rs. 80 per mensem. Anglo-Indians or Parsee candidates will be also considered. Clerks from other Cantonment offices will be favourably considered if specially recommended by the Cantonment Magistrate.

Apply direct to the Cantonment Magistrate, Aurangabad. 2601

WANTED from 1st October, temporary Head Driver, with First Class Engineers Boiler Act Certificate, for Lucknow Water Works for three months; half quarters free, pay Rs. 160 per mensem only, no other allowances whatsoever. Apply in writing to SUPERINTENDENT, IN-SOLE-CHARGE, Lucknow Water Works, sending copies of certificates and reason of leaving last employment.

By order,
W. E. BOTTING,
Secretary, Municipal Board.
Municipal Office,
Lucknow:
The 22nd September 1914, 2602

## WANTED.

WANTED 10 to 20 B. H. P. PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES. Second-hand or New. Write with particulars to "K" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3944

WANTED PARTNERS to invest Rs. 7,000 in a lucrative going concern paying monthly profit Rs. 300/-. Apply to Box No. 901, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3928

WANTED a COMPETENT EUROPEAN CHIEF CLERK for the Agent's Office, B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY, Bombay, maximum pay Rs. 350/- per mensem. Railway experience necessary. Apply with copies of testimonials to SECRETARY to Agent, B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY, Bombay. 3934

KIRKEE ARSENAL.—Wanted immediately a few temporary CLERKS on Rs. 20/-. Only those who have passed Matriculation or School Final Examination need apply. Candidates with previous office experience will be given preference. 3939

WANTED one good and competant YARN and CLOTH GODOWN-KEEPER and one DUTY CLERK having thorough experience in the line and who have worked in the local mills'.

Apply to MANAGER, MADHAVJI DHARAMSY MILL 1, Foras Road, Bombay. 3933

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—DISTRICT TONGA with hardy ponies 7 and 8 years. Rupees 450/-. Reasonable offer invited. Apply to Box No. 896, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3917

FOR SALE—REMINGTON No. 7 TYPEWRITER in perfect working order. Price Rs. 80. Reasonable offers accepted. Apply "N. B." Post Box No. 214, Bombay 452

FOR SALE 18 HEADS of DRAWING 7 Deliveries each, Howard and Bulough. At present in good working order. Apply to the MANAGER JAMSHED MILLS, Parel 3856

FOR SALE.—REMINGTON VISIBLE TYPEWRITER No. 10, "A" (foolscap size), absolutely new with accessories. Rs. 300, no offers. Apply "B. C." c/o Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2406

FOR SALE. Fast TROTTING BAY ARAB HORSE 14-1. Age 6 years and Victoria with harness. Price Rs. 1,000. Also Office Shigram Price Rs. 300. Apply Box No. 906, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3953

TO HOUSE PAINTERS & DECORATORS.—We have a quantity of Temerare Washable Distemper at especially reduced rates for quantities. For further particulars apply to W. H. THORNS & CO., Hornby Road, Bombay. 3963

FOR SALE BUNGALOW No. 5 North Petty Staff Lines and Bungalow No. 2409 East Street in the cantonment of Poona. Offers to be made to E. S. Duckett East Street Poona, or to HAJI CASSIM LUDHA & Son. Government and Public Auctioners, 30 Main Street, Poona. 3464

BARGAIN for IMMEDIATE SALE—A new 14-16 H. P. BRITON MOTOR CAR, 4-seated torpedo body with hood and wind screen; 4-cylinders thermo-syphon water-cooled engine with zenith carburretor. Car open to inspection and trial daily from 9 to 6 o'clock at Bombay Electrical Co., 9, Medows Street, Fort.

LATEST MODEL OVERLAND MOTOR CARS—We can OFFER balance of stock at very low prices to clear 25-30 h.p. 4 cylinder, quick detachable rims, fully equipped, silent running, economical upkeep, going at bargain prices. Only a limited number, apply immediately:—

AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE COMPANY,
35, Medows Street,
Bombay. 3838

## TO BE LET

TO LET:—A SMALL OFFICE in a modern building on Hornby Road, suitable for brokers, agents or professional men. Rent Rs. 75 to 125. Apply Box No. 899, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3928

TO BE LET GROUND FLOOR of PATEL HOUSE 4, Wodehouse Road, Middle Colaba, commanding a charming sea view, with large compound on either side of the House, a big Verandah 100ft. by 8ft., 4 bed rooms, a big Drawing and Dining Room, tiled floorings, latest sanitary arrangements, electric light, motor garage, etc. Apply within. 3931

TO BE LET.—A FLAT in "ORIENT HOUSE" on the Colaba Reclamation either furnished or unfurnished. For rent and other particulars apply to

E. W. FLOWER & SON.
House Agents.
Dalal Street.
Office Telephone No. 2,611.
House Telephone No. 458. 3932

TO BE LET.—The GROUND FLOOR of "FAIRHOLME on the Centre road Colaba Reclamation—Rent Rs. 175. Apply to

E. W. FLOWER & SON,
House Agents.
Dalal Street.
Office Telephone No. 2,611.
House Telephone No. 458. 3932

## TO BE LET

TO BE LET.—TWO COOL OFFICE ROOMS well situated. Rent Rs. 15 each or Rs. 25 for both. Apply to

E. W. FLOWER & SON.
House Agents.
Dalal Street
Office Telephone No. 2,611.
House Telephone No. 458. 3932

TO BE LET a very good FLAT in DATOOBHOY MANSIONS on Mayo Road, with Electric lights, fans and lift. Apply to

E. W. FLOWER & SON,
House Agents.
Dalal Street,
Office Telephone No. 2611.
House Telephone No. 458. 3961

## NOTICES.

### B. B. & C. I. Railway.

Daily Express between Bombay, Agra, Delhi, Ferozepore, Lahore, Sialkot, Rawalpindi and Peshawar.

TIME TABLE.

| Down Northern Express. | Stations. | | Up Northern Express. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1,2,3. H. M. | | | 1,2,3. H. M. |
| 21. 0 | Dep. Bombay (Colaba) | Arr. | 8.30 |
| 21.32 | Arr. Agra (change at Bayana) | Dep. | 7.35 |
| 20.37 | " Mattra | " | 8.45 |
| 23.20 | " Delhi | " | 6. 0 |
| 5.48 | " Bhatinda | " | 23.43 |
| 7.18 | " Ferozepore Cantonment | " | 22.12 |
| 8.56 | " Lahore Cantonment West | " | 20.32 |
| 11.17 | " Wazirabad | " | 17.50 |
| 14. 0 | " Sialkot (change at Wazirabad) | " | 14.54 |
| 12.49 | " Jhelum | " | 16.13 |
| 15.50 | " Rawalpindi | " | 13.32 |
| 10.10 | " Nowshera | " | 9.47 |
| 20.13 | " Peshawar Cantonment | " | 8.48 |

Between Bombay, Meerut, Saharanpur, Ambala, Kalka, and Simla.

| Down Northern Express.* | Stations. | | Up Northern Express.* |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1,2,3. H. M. | | | 1,2,3. H. M. |
| 21. 0 | Dep. Bombay (Colaba) | Arr. | 8.30 |
| 23.20 | Arr. Delhi | Dep. | 6. 0 |
| 1.23 | " Meerut Cantonment | " | 2.11 |
| 3.27 | " Saharanpur | " | 23. 5 |
| 7.26 | " Amb Cantonment † | " | 21. 3 |
| 8. 0 | Dep. | Arr. | 20.45 |
| | | Dep. | 19.30 |
| 10.30 | Arr. Kalka † | Arr. | 18.40 |
| —— | Simla | Dep. | 18.10 |

* A through carriage runs daily on the Up and Down Northern Express trains between Bombay and Ambala.

†Change at Kalka and Ambala for Bombay.

NOTE.—For timings of Up trains read from bottom to top of column.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

### NOTICE ISSUED BY NABHA STATE POLICE.

NABHA STATE v. RAMCHAND s/o BHOLA, RANJITRAM s/o SARASWATI DAS, etc., Accused.

Charge under Section 454, I. P. C. for theft of State ornaments.

RAMESHAR DAS alias SAIN s/o SARASWATI DAS caste Bias (Gujarati) resident of Nabha, NABHA STATE, Punjab, whose description is given below, after committing an offence under Section 454, I. P. C. has absconded with the stolen property belonging to the State. It is hereby notified for the information of the public that whosoever apprehends the accused will be rewarded a sum of Rs. 250/-. If any one gives any clue and information as regards his present whereabouts, which may lead to the accused being apprehended, he will get Rs. 100/- only. 17th September, 1914.

DESCRIPTION OF THE ABSCONDER.

RAMESHAR DAS alias SAIN s/o SARASWATI DAS, caste Bias, age 23, wheat coloured complexion, medium stature, head shaved, just like Bengalis, beard and moustaches commencing to grow, sharp nose, large black eyes, face clear round, middling constitution, has a golden bangle on the right arm, knows jewellery and goldsmith's work, has studied Urdu up to third lower Primary.

R. ASRA.

3926

### NOTICE.

SITARAM LUXMAN NAIK'S BHOIWADA HILL, PAREL QUARRIES.

THE CONTRACT for EXCAVATING the above Quarries will be put up by Auction at the Quarries, at Bhoiwada Hill, Parel, on FRIDAY the 9th OCTOBER 1914, at 4 p.m., (S. T.), on monthly tenancy for the period of one year certain commencing from the 1st November 1914, when persons desirous of bidding are requested to be present there. Each Quarry or space being one Crow Bar or about 40 Feet in breadth will be auctioned separately. A deposit equal to one month's rent will be required to be deposited as soon as a quarry is knocked down to a Bidder.

The Lease will be given in accordance with the principal condition which can be seen in the office of the undersigned.

D. N. LANG,
Receiver,
in Suit No. 720 of 1913.
High Court,
Bombay, 15th September, 1914. 3840

### NOTICE.

STANDARD WAGONS FOR THE OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

REFERRING to RAILWAY BOARD'S advertisement dated the 23rd July, 1914, inviting tenders for the construction and supply of 200 four wheeled covered goods wagons for the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway during 1914-1915, the date of receiving such tenders has been extended up to noon on Thursday the 22nd October 1914.

(Sd.) T. RYAN,
Secretary, Railway Board.
Simla, the 17th September 1914. 3852

## NOTICES.

### BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Monday, the 5th October, 1914, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Schools Committee's Letter—Forwarding excerpts from the Committees' Proceedings.

2. Letter from Mr. Yankana Ellapa Balaram—Thanking the Corporation for their resolution on the death of his father, the late Rao Bahadur Ellapa Balaram.

3. Letter from Mr. K. A. Enti, legally Constituted Attorney for Bai Ruttonbai, wife of Khan Bahadur B. D. Patel, C.I.E., of Quetta—Regarding the recovery of water charges in respect of premises No. 235, Bellasis Road.

4. Letter from Mr. Burjorji Bejanji Daruwala—Regarding the delay in removing silt taken out of a drain in Sonapur 2nd Cross Lane.

5. Letter from Gunpat Luxman and others—Regarding the insanitary condition of Chawl No. 10 on Carroll Road.

6. Letter from Mr. K. D. Ravat—Regarding the widening of a portion of Benham Hall Lane.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

7. Recommending approval to the temporary appointment of two draughtsmen to prepare designs and plans for the extension of the Municipal Office Buildings.

8. Recommending approval to the acquisition of 4 plots of land at Love Grove for the construction of quarters for the Love Grove Pumping Station Staff; and to a grant of Rs. 9,000 for constructing 30 semi-permanent huts for the staff.

9. Recommending a grant of Rs. 2,815-5-0 for hiring additional carts and bullocks to maintain in an efficient state the transport arrangements of meat from Bandra to Bombay.

10. Recommending that in reply to her letter, regarding a trench excavated by the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company to the north of her property near the Grant Road Station, Bai Bachubai Pestanji Padar be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

11. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding a well at premises Nos. 14 and 16, Wellington and Marine streets, Mr. Framji Cowasji Kavarana be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

12. Recommending that in reply to their letter, regarding a kutchra depot and a railing at Mumbadevi, Mr. Hansraj Popatbhoy and others be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

13. Forwarding a report regarding the writing off of the book-value of certain articles.

14. Recommending that in reply to their letter, regarding the licensing of the sale of condensed milk, Messrs. E. D. Cooper and Co. be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

15. Recommending sanction to a special compassionate allowance being paid to the father of Road Department cooly Yessoo Pandoo.

16. Recommending a grant of Rs. 4,400 to meet the cost of filling in the borrow-pits along the Tansa Pipe line between Ghatkoper and Kurla.

17. Recommending that the Commissioner be authorized to lay a 5 in. water main in the portion of Foras Road lying between Lamington Road and the Grant Road Station and sanctioning, subject to Corporation's orders, a Budget transfer of Rs. 4,383 to meet the cost.

18. Sanctioning, subject to Corporation's orders, a Budget transfer of Rs. 6,000 to meet excess expenditure due to the replacing of bullocks of the Markets Department that either died or became unfit for further service.

19. Recommending a grant of Rs. 1,520 to meet the cost of hiring a motor van for the transport of meat.

20. Recommending that in reply to their letter, regarding the condition of a passage under the new bridge near Parel Station of the G. I. P. Railway, Mr. J. M. Bhat and others be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

21. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the condition of a lane at Cheera Bazar, Mr. Maneckji Fakirji Gotla be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

22. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding projections on public roads, Mr. D. Talpade be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

23. Recommending that the Commissioner be requested to bring up proposals at a very early date for substituting an underground urinal in place of the existing one near the Fire Temple in Dadysett Agiary Lane.

24. Recommending sanction to the bungalow of Dr. Abdul Kadir Sulleman at the junction of Hornby Vellard and Love Grove Pumping Station Road being leased for the accommodation of Engineers of the Love Grove Pumping and Compressor Stations.

25. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the system of tenders for Municipal contracts, Mr. Mohmedhusain Hasanbhai be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

26. Recommending that the correspondence regarding the question of extending the new road from the B. B. & C. I. Railway Matunga Station to Mahim Bazar Road up to the beach, be referred to the Roads Committee of the Corporation.

27. Recommending that in reply to their letter regarding the prohibition of the use of the Phara measure of 16 Pylees, Mr. Velji Monsee and others, Grain Dealers of Bombay, be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

28. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding a well at premises Nos. 24—56 (1-8), Mugbhat Cross Lane, Mr. Mukundram Harprasad Constituted Attorney of Goswami Shree Gokulnathji Maharaj, be informed that a trap-door will be allowed, subject to the understanding that the permission will be withdrawn if the trap-door is not properly used.

Government Letters.—

29. Regarding the question of giving the Corporation the privilege of electing two representatives to the Bombay Legislative Council instead of one.

### BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

(*Continued.*)

30. Confirming the appointment of Mr. B. H. Hewett to act as Executive Engineer during the absence of Mr. J. W. Mackison.

Letters from the Commissioner—

31. Regarding the provision of additional fire alarms in the City.

32. Forwarding a report regarding the smells on the Kennedy Sea Face.

33. Regarding the disposal of silt removed from the drains, sewers and catchpits of the City.

34. Forwarding an application from the King George V. Anti-Tuberculosis League for a renewal of the Municipal contribution of Rs. 10,000 per annum to their funds.

35. Notice of motion from Dr. Nadirshaw H. E. Sukhia—For appointing Mr. H. P. Mody to be an additional member of the Roads Committee and for appointing Mr. Chunilal V. Mehta to be an additional member of the Committee regarding the appointment of a Deputy Municipal Commissioner.

Letters from the Commissioner—

36. Forwarding Government Resolution appointing a Committee to consider the whole question of dredging of the Mahim River and reclamation of lands on both sides of it.

37. Regarding the advisability of bringing the storage of gunny bags under control.

38. Submitting proposals for providing suitable accommodation at the Arthur Road Hospital for cases of Infectious Diseases occurring among the European, the Anglo-Indian and the better classes of Indian population of the City and for the improvement of the Hospital.

39. Requesting sanction to the "Municipal Fire Insurance Fund" being termed the "Municipal Fire and Accident Insurance Fund" so as to cover the risk of accidents to Municipal motor cars.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

40—42.—Sanctioning, subject to Corporations orders, certain Budget transfers.

43. Recommending sanction to the three nurses deputed from the Maratha Hospital to the Arthur Road Hospital for cholera duty being paid conveyance allowance at the rate of Rs. 30 per mensem each.

44. Recommending that the Commissioner be authorized to lay a 9in. pipe sewer for the Marine Lines Maidan.

45. Recommending that in reply to his letter regarding the damage done to his land at Kurla near Saki by the laying of Municipal water pipes and tram lines, Mr. Jamshedji Sorabji Enty be infomed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

46. Recommending that in reply to his letters, regarding the nuisance caused by the slaughter of pigs at the Hog Market at Lohar Street, Mr. N. E. Master be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

47. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the nuisance caused by a cesspool at Lady Jamsetjee Road, Mr. Ramchandra Ganesh be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

48. Recommending that in reply to their letters, regarding the condition of a passage south of Lady Jamsetjee Road, Mr. P. R. Rao and others be informed that the passage is swept twice every day and kept as clean as possible, but that as it is a private passage it cannot be lighted at Municipal expense.

49. Recommending that in reply to their letter, regarding inadequate lighting arrangements at Dana Bunder and the condition of the urinals and roads in the locality, Messrs. Dharsey Nanji & Co. and others be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

50. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the question of having the Railway overbridges in the city sufficiently strengthened so as to cope with the demands of modern traffic, Mr. Navroji Hormasji Katrak be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

51. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the exhibition of advertisement plates in the Crawford Market, Mr. J. Gracey of Messrs. Brook Bond and Company (India), Limited, be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

52. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the dangerous condition of a house in Shapurji Seth's Chuckla, Fort, Mr. R. Muncherji be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

53. Recommending that in reply to their letter, regarding insufficient number of water taps allowed for chawls, etc., Messrs. Vishnu Hari Athavale & Co. be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

54. Recommending that the letter from the Alembic Chemical Works Co., Ltd., regarding the import duties levied on spirit, etc., be forwarded to the Commissioner for disposal.

Letters from the Commissioner—

55. Reporting as to the question of acquiring powers for the regulation of the price of food-stuffs, etc., in the City.

56. Regarding the number of breaks in the water supply and the consequent inconvenience to the public.

57. Requesting approval to three students of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute being employed by the Municipality as paid apprentices.

58. Forwarding a return showing the hours of supply of water to the different localities in the City and the general pressure in the mains.

59. Forwarding a return of unwholesome food-stuff destroyed by the Markets Department.

60. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

61. Letter from the Municipal Auditors—Regarding the necessity of sanctioning payments in respect of lapsed grants.

Letters from the Commissioner—

62. Requesting sanction to a portion of the Old Mathew Road being permanently closed.

63. Regarding the permission granted to the G. I. P. Railway for the institution of a motor service for passenger traffic on the Municipal Kutchra Siding between Kurla and Deonar Flats.

64. Requesting approval to the estimates, amounting to Rs. 106,684, of cost of certain works in connection with the construction of the New Municipal Workshops at Foras Road.

### BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

(*Continued.*)

65. Requesting sanction to the continuance of the Transfer Regulations issued by the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company with the approval of the Corporation.

Notices of Motions—

66—67.—From Mr. R. S. Navalkar—(66) For obtaining a report as to the desirability of adopting the Government scale of Local Allowances in respect of Municipal employees, and (67). For obtaining a report as to the desirability of enforcing, in cases of buildings of certain dimensions, fire-proof floors for lobbies, passages, landings, etc.

68. From Mr. D. E. Wacha—For appointing a Committee to report as to the practicability of effecting a new departure in the policy of the Corporation with regard to anti-malaria measures.

69—70—From Mr. Joseph Baptista (69) For amending the Municipal Act so as to entitle persons paying a monthly rent of not less than Rs. 30 to be enrolled as voters in the Ward Election Roll; and (70) For obtaining a report as to the enforcement of the new milch cattlestable bye-law regarding increased space per head of cattle.

71. From Dr. Nadirshaw H. E. Sukhia—For amending the Bombay Port Trust Act so as to secure for the Corporation adequate representation on the Board of Trustees.

72—74—Memoranda from the Municipal Secretary (72) Reporting Budget transfers sanctioned by the Standing Committee, (73) Submitting a list of Resolutions passed by the Corporation calling for reports from the Commissioner which have not been received, and (74) Submitting a statement of Outstanding Committees of the Corporation.

Reports of Committees of the Corporation—

75. (a) Regarding the nuisance caused by an Iron Foundry at Mazagon; (b) Letters from the Most Reverend Archbishop Herman Jurgens, S. J., and others from Mr. Jehangir Nanabhoy Burjorjee, and from Mr. S. R. Mascarenhas—On the same subject.

76. Regarding the Schools Committee's Bye-laws.

77. Regarding (1) a proposal for utilizing two wards at the Maratha Hospital for Tuberculosis patients, (2) the establishment of a Pasteur Institute in Bombay, and (3) the establishment of a School of Tropical Medicine.

78. Regarding the amendment of the Municipal Act so as to obtain power for regulating building operations with a view to preventing the formation of insanitary areas within the City.

79. Regarding the provision of a service Reservoir at Ghatkoper and the question of giving an increased supply of water to Salsette.

By order of the President,
R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 25th September 1914.

### GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

OPENING OF BETUL—AMLA SECTION.

Subject to Government sanction, the Betul—Amla Section of the Itarsi Nagpur Railway will, on and from the 1st October 1914, be opened for Coaching and Goods Traffic and two passenger trains each way will be run daily as under:—

| 725 Down Passenger. | H. M. | 745 Down Passenger. | H. M. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Amla Dep. | 6—45 | Amla Dep. | 16—50 |
| Itarsi Arr. | 11— 0 | Itarsi Arr. | 21—20 |
| 726 Up. | | 746 Up. | |
| | H. M. | | H. M. |
| Itarsi Dep. | 7—40 | Itarsi Dep. | 17—30 |
| Amla Arr. | 12—40 | Amla Arr. | 22—20 |

W. LAIDLAW,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 26th September 1914.

### JAMNAGAR RAILWAY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of 10,000 JODKA TEAK half round sleepers 6 ft. x 9 in. x 4½ in. are invited by the undersigned upto noon of 10th OCTOBER, 1914.

Tender form, specification, and conditions of contract can be obtained on payment of a fee of rupee one.

MANAGER AND ENGINEER IN CHIEF.

### NOTICE.

FURTHER TENDERS are invited for the construction of a building at Kalbadevi Road, by 15th OCTOBER, 1914. Estimated cost Rupees 60,000.

For further particulars and copies of tender apply Messrs. CONTRACTOR & KANGA, L. C. Es., 17, Hummum Street, Fort. 3922

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND Ltd., ESTABLISHED 1876.
No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital of Rs. 1,88,600.
Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very low scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

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Government of Maharashtra
on 09 April, 2017

# NOTICES.

## THE PUBLIC MEETING OF THE DAWOODY BORAH COMMUNITY

AS per notification convening a MEETING on 23rd instant a preliminary meeting of the several Borah gentlemen held on FRIDAY last having decided to convene a public meeting of the Dawoody Borah Community in order to consider the best means of materially helping our benign BRITISH RAJ during the present crisis and also to devise measures for relieving the distress caused by the war in the poor section of the community, we the undersigned, do hereby call a public meeting of the Dawoody Borah Community, in the HALL of SIR ADAMJEE PEERBHOY, TENT FACTORY, at Tardeo on MONDAY the 28th SEPTEMBER, (TO-DAY at 4 p.m. Bombay Time).

We do hereby earnestly appeal to the members of the Community to attend EN MASSE in order to demonstrate unswerving loyalty and devotion to the British Throne and also to lay at the feet of His Majesty the King-Emperor their respectful homage and fealty.

Bombay, 26th September, 1914.

We are etc.,

Mohomedally Adamjee Peerbhoy
A. M. Jeewanjee
Shaikh Allibhoy Shaikh Mohomedally Hamdani
Hakimji Adamjee Lakdavala
M. T. Kaderbhoy Barrister-at-Law
Taherali Engineer, L.C.E.
Hasanbhoy Abdulhusein, Barrister-at-Law.
A. Kaiyumi, B.A., LL.B.
Hasanali Mohomedali Dalal
Abdul Husein Moosaji Oonvala
Alibhoy Adamji Bhaiji
Hasanali Lukmanji
Goolam Hoossain D. Khairoola
Ahmedali L. Bootvala
Alibhoy Adamjee Peerbhoy
Ismalji Kaderbhoy Netarvala
Noorbhoy Ismalji Kutchi
Miasaheb Mohomedali, S. Alibhoy
Shaikh Abdul Kadar Shaikh Mohomedbhoy
Ismalji Ibrahimji Topivala
Ibrahim Isabhoy
Ibrahim Mohomedali
Kaderbhoy Ismalji Nagri
Tayabali Alibhoy Valiji
Hakimji Adamji Lokhandvala
Peerbhoy Adamjee Peerbhoy
A. J. Abdul Kayum
Abdul Husein Isaji
Goolam Hoossain Ibrahimji
Ismalji Tajbhoy Arsivala
Doctor M. E. Pilibhitvala
Alibhoy Lookmanji Suratvala
Abdul Husein Samsudin Seesavala
Ebrahim Mula Lookmanji Gadivala
Dawoodbhoy Noorbhoy Choonia
Abdul Husein Alibhoy Rangvala
Abdulali Alibhoy Koita
Abdeali M. Kaziji, B.A., LL.B., Bar.-at-Law
Abdul Husein Adamjee Peerbhoy
Member of the Legislative Council.
Sarrufali Manooji
Isaji Tajbhoy Vanvati
Taherali M. Kaziji, B.A., LL.D.
Barrister-at-Law.
Mohomedbhoy Nakhooda, L. M. & S.
Mohomedbhoy Tayabbhoy Ujjainvala
Abdul Husein J. Kapasi, L. M. & S.
Kadibhoy Hasanbhoy Badani
Ebrahim Adamjee Peerbhoy
Hatimbhoy Goolam Hoosein
Mohomedalli Mamooji
Alibhoy Hasanbhoy Badani
Goolam Hoossain Isaji Tajbhoy
Adamji Lookmanji Jasdanvala
Adamali Mulla Hyderali
Isoofali Jivaji Bangdivala
Mula Abdul Husein Noorbhoy Motivala
Shaikh Adam Mula Abdeali Tapia
Hakimji Amiji
Mula Mohomedali Shamsudin
Ismalji Ibhramji
Ibrahim Alibhoy Motabhoy
Ebrahim Moosaji Sardaria
Hasanali Adamji
Mohomedali Dawoodbhoy Rangvala
Goolam Husein Mohomadali
J. Viyar
Mohomedali Isoofali
Sultanali M. Rasoolji
Mohomedali Alibhoy
Mula Relamatali Mohomedali
Gulamali Abdul Husein Oonwalla
Mula Mohomedali Bhaijibhoy Pagdivala
Samsoodin Esoofali
Esoofali Lookmanji Furniturevala
and 139 others

## NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the public that our client Mr. KASHINATH GANPATRAO KATHWATE has contracted to purchase from Mr. LAXMAN HARIBA MANKER and GITABAI wife of the said LAXMAN HARIBA MANKER the immoveable property more particularly described in the schedule hereunder written:—

All persons having claims against or to the said property either by way of inheritance gift sale mortgage lien, lease or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known to the undersigned at their office at No. 25 Medows Street Fort and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of Government Quit and ground tenure together with the message tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Jambli Street without the Fort and in the Registration Sub District of Bombay and assessed by the Municipal Assessor and Collector under B. Ward No. 1496, Street Nos. 3 & 4 and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 462, New No. 6112, Old survey No. 785 and new survey No. 2360 and containing by admeasurement 204 Square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the East by the property of the Purchaser, on the west by the Sweeper's passage, on the North by the property of Ramji Anton Nakhwa and on the South Partly by the property of the Purchaser and partly by the property of Waghji Koorji.

Dated the 26th day of September 1914.

SABNIS & GOREGAOKAR,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

3962

## NOTICE.

THE EXTRA ORDINARY MEETING of the Policy holders and Shareholders of the BOMBAY AND THE NEW BOMBAY PRESIDENCY ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD., will be held at their registered office 39-41 Apollo Street on THURSDAY the the 1st October, 1914, at 5 p.m. (S. T.) to transact the following business, when all concerned are requested to be present.

1. To accept the resignation of the Directors and Secretary and to make new appointments.
2. To consider the accounts for the year 1913 to 1914 and to transact such other business as will be brought before the Meeting.

B. SHAH & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

3959

## NOTICE.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the BOMBAY GYMKHANA will be held in the Pavilion on TUESDAY the 29th SEPTEMBER 1914, at 7 p.m.

V. A. GRANTHAM,
S. CLEMENTS.
Joint Hon. Secretaries.

## AUCTION SALE.

### BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF LINSEED.

The undersigned, will under instructions from Messrs. Harshukhdass Chhoginal, sell by public auction, on WEDNESDAY the 30th inst. at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the godown of the said Messrs. Harsukhdass Chhoginal No. 41 Dana Bunder.

New Brown Bold Linseed in lots of 25 tons each.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF LINSEED.

The undersigned, will under instructions from Messrs. Harshukhdass Chhoginal, sell on account and risk of the defaulting purchasers sell at the godown of the said Messrs. Harsukhdass Choginal, 41 situate at Dana Bunder on THURSDAY the 1ST PROXIMO at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.)

New Brown Bold Linseed in lots of 25 tons.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.,

Bombay, 28th September, 1914.

## AUCTION SALE.

### MEHTA & CO.

ON GOVERNMENT AND G. I. P. RAILWAY LISTS.

53, Medows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 1285.

NOTICE.

Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers beg to inform the public that they hold their usual weekly sales every Tuesday, where they sell furniture, piece goods and other sundry goods on very reasonable commission. Enquiries about wholesale sales solicited. Prompt attention and best results guaranteed.

Messrs. MEHTA & CO., auctioneers, beg to inform the public that they will on and from the 6th Proximo sell Horses, Carriages, Motorcars, Bicycles, at Rampart Row (near the Church and behind the Royal Museum) near the offices of Messrs. VOLKART BROS. ON EVERY TUESDAY, at 2-30 p.m. S. T.

Our sale of carriages and horses which was advertised for this day has been postponed till next week.

WEEKLY SALE.

TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 29th instant, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 53, Meadows Street, Fort, (next to Messrs. Tarachand Parsram, jewellers, and opposite the corner of Oak lane old Agra Bank lane), the following:—

Furniture of a English gentleman keeping up a Hotel such as glass and crockeryware and platedware by Elkington and others consisting of cruets, curry and vegetable dishes, trefoil dishes, cream jugs side dishes, ornaments and furniture such as dining table and chairs, large drawing room partition, screen, chest of drawers, cabinets, writing and dressing tables, book-case, sewing machine, ice-box, cooking utensils, ice-cream machine easy chair, teapoy and brass parrot cage.

Property of a gentleman:—

1 safe by Milner, almira, panel cupboard, etc.

By order of the consignee concerned:—

1 lot candlesticks by Sherwood and Sons.
1 lot hurricane lamps by Hinks.

IMPORTANT TO PAPER MERCHANTS AND MILLS.

AUCTION SALE OF BALES OF ACCOUNT BOOK PAPERS AND BUFF BROWN PAPERS.

On WEDNESDAY the 30th current at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.) Messrs. MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers will sell by public auction at their offices in Medows Street by order of Import office concerned.

25 Bales account book papers of different sizes and weights.

31 Bales buff brown papers of different sizes and weights.

A detailed list can be had from the Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 CASES WHISKY.

Messrs. MEHTA & Co., auctioneers, will sell by public auction on THURSDAY, the 1st day of October, 1914, at 3 p.m., (S. T.), at their Rooms No. 53, Medows Street, Fort next to Messrs. Tarachand Parsram Jewellers and opposite Oak Lane or old Agra Bank Lane), by order of the office concerned the following cases of Whisky:—

3 cases cream of Barley whisky by well known makers Messrs. Alexander Stuart.

22 cases whisky by Saint Berch & Co. Black bottle.

The samples for the above cases of whisky

## AUCTION SALE.

### MEHTA & Co.—(*Continued.*)

can be seen at the office of the auctioneers during office hours.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED PARCELS, LUGGAGE ETC., AT VICTORIA TERMINUS, G. I. P. RY.

ON FRIDAY, the 2nd October and SATURDAY, the 3rd October, both days at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

Messrs. MEHTA & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction under Sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Companies Act. No. IX of 1890, at the Victoria Terminus G. I. P. Ry., at the Parcel Office the unclaimed parcels and luggage consisting of piece goods, Pathephones, Old Typewriter, Microscopes Brassware, old clothing and other sundry articles.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

MEHTA & Co.
Auctioneers etc.

Bombay, 28th September, 1914.

## AMUSEMENTS.

If you desire to witness the Present War Scenes

'THE BATTLE OF WATERLOO"

5,000 FEET FILM

will fully serve your purpose.

Specially arranged at the

OLYMPIA PICTURE PALACE

To give the most lively idea of the present ig War

Mind, a marked contrast Between

1815

and

1914

Commencing Saturday 26th September

Every Saturday and Sunday Prize Matinee 5-15 to 8-45; and 7 to 8-30; 9 to 10-30 and 10-45 to 12-15 (S. T.

The Film has been secured through the kindness of Mr. J. F. Madon of Calcutta, he worthy proprietor of Elphinstone Bioscope Co.

## EMPIRE THEATRE

FOR THE

WOMEN'S BRANCH OF THE

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WAR AND RELIEF FUND.

Wednesday the 30th September 1914

AT 3 p. m. (S. T.)

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE AND PRESENCE OF

HER EXCELLENCY LADY WILLINGDON

AN URDU PLAY

HOOR-I-ARAB

Tickets to be had at 4, Waterloo Mansions or Mrs. Cassumali Jafferbhai, 11, Cuffe Parade.

Stage Box, Rs. 25; Other Boxes Rs. 20 each.

Rs. 5, 3, 2, 1.

Ladies servants, 8 as.

Entire proceeds will be given to

LADY WILLINGDON'S WAR RELIEF FUND

## AN AFTERNOON CONCERT

IN AID OF THE WAR FUND

will be given by the Pupils

OF THE

JOHN CONNON HIGH SCHOOL

On October 18th 1914 at 5 p.m.

IN THE

Y. W. C. A. HALL.

Tickets may be obtained

At the School or the

Y. W. C. A.

Reserved Seats Rs. 2.
Unreserved ,, Rs. 1.

## B. E. S. OLD BOYS'

## DANCE

Proceeds in aid of the War Fund)

IN THE

TOWN HALL

ON

FRIDAY, OCT. 9TH, 1914.

TICKETS:

(One Gentleman and two Ladies) Rs. 3-0.
One Lady .. .. .. .. ,, 1-8.
Soldiers and Sailors in uniform .. ,, 1-8.

*Dancing:* From 9-30 p.m. to 2-30 a.m.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT:

MR. T. M. EVANS, Headmaster, B. E. S. High School, (*Chairman*)
MR. A. L. GRENSELL, (*Hon. Treasurer*).
MR. H. M. ROBBINS, (*Hon. Secretary*).
MESSRS. ASHTON, RILEY, A. C. ROBBINS, BROWN AND REED.

## AMUSEMENTS.

# THE EXCELSIOR.

General Manager.....Mr. James McGrath.

Telephone No. 288.

COMMENCING TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29th.

FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY.

Maurice E. Bandmann presents the

BANDMANN OPERA COMPANY

in the Latest London Successes.

Tuesday and Wednesday, September 29th and 30th

For the First Time in Bombay

The Smartest Musical Farce of recent years

"OH! OH!! DELPHINE!!!"

From the Shaftesbury Theatre, London.

Thursday and Friday, October 1st and 2nd,

For the First Time in Bombay

The Mirthful and Melodious Musical Comedy

"THE MARRIAGE MARKET"

From Daly's Theatre, London.

Saturday October 3rd,

Revival of the Laughing Success

"THE BALKAN PRINCESS"

From the Prince of Wales' Theatre, London.

Monday and Tuesday, October 5th and 6th,

For the First Time in Bombay

The Great Terpsichorean and Spectacular Revue

"STEP THIS WAY"

introducing the most discussed dance of the day

"THE TANGO"

by arrangement with Messrs. Wilmot, Darewski and Rolls

Doors open at 8-30 p.m. Commence at 9-30 p. m. sharp.

Prices.—Boxes Rs. 40, 30 and 15. Sofa Stalls Rs. 25 (3 seats), Orchestra Stalls Rs. 5, Dress Circle Rs. 5, Unreserved Pit Stalls Rs. 2, Gallery Re. 1.

PLANS NOW OPEN AT ROSE & Co.

# AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

Charni Road. TO-NIGHT! Tel. 1127 No.

3 SPLENDID, STIRRING DRAMAS 3

# THE BATTLE OF MANILLA.

ATHROBBING AND NERVE THRILLING WAR DRAMA.

This Picture was taken on the Actual Site of Events and produced with the Special Aid and permission of the U. S. Govt.

COME & SEE WHAT A BATTLE IS REALLY LIKE!

ATTACKED BY A LION. IN BLOSSOM TIME.

Two of the best Dramas of the season.

Our Exclusive Feature. | WAR CARTOONS | Series No. 6 This Week.

Showing Portraits of Famous War Personalities:

SIR JOHN JELLICOE SIR JOHN FRENCH, ETC.

*3 Shows Nightly*:—7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, & 10 to 11-15.

Prize Shows—Saturday Sunday and also Monday on account o Dasera, 5-30 to 6-45.

## BANKING.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter.)

Capital ..... £1,200,000
Reserve Fund ..... £1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.

38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hamburg | Medan | Manila |
| Bombay | (Sumatra) | Cebu |
| Calcutta | Singapore | Hoilo |
| Madras | Malacca | Hongkong |
| Rangoon | Kwala Lumpur | Canton |
| Colombo | (F. M. S.) | Foochow |
| Karachi | Klang (F.M.S.) | Shanghai |
| Amritsar | Seremban (F.M.S.) | Tientsin |
| Delhi | Bangkok | Tsingtau |
| Penang | Batavia | (North China) |
| Puket | Sourabaya | Hankow |
| Taiping (F.M.S.) | Saigon | Yokohama |
| Ipoh (F.M.S.) | Haiphong | Kobe |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. p. a. on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 100,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 100,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application. Government Securities, Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.

Post Box No. 34,
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(INCORPORATED IN HONGKONG.)

Paid-up Capital ..... $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors. $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund ..... $18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund ..... £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amoy | Ipoh | Rangoon |
| Bangkok | Johore | Saigon |
| Batavia | Kobe | San Francisco |
| Bombay | Kwala-Lumpur | Shanghai |
| Calcutta | London | Do. Hongkew |
| Canton | Lyons | Singapore |
| Colombo | Malacca | Sourabaya |
| Foochow | Manila | Taipeh |
| Hamburg | Nagasaki | Tientsin |
| Hankow | New York | Tsingtau |
| Harbin | Peking | Yokohama |
| Hongkong | Penang | Yloilo |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

49, Churchgate Street.

## BANKING.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

82, ESPLANADE ROAD.

Subscribed Capital ..... £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £562,500
Reserve Fund ..... £465,000
Head Office Grace Church Street London E. C

LONDON BANKERS:

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta, Sub-Branch Howrah (Calcutta), Delhi, Rangoon, Madras, Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Kuala-Lumpur, Kota-Bharu, (Kelantan), Penang, Singapur, Hongkong, and Shanghai.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balance up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest at 4 per cent. per annum allowed on deposits fixed for 12 months. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising interest and Dividends when due.

A. SCOTT SMITH,
Manager.

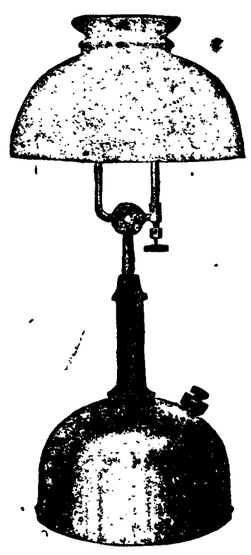
AN EXCELLENT TESTIMONY.

"I CERTIFY with pleasure that the NATIONAL INSURANCE & BANKING COMPANY, Ld., Amritsar; has paid claims on my policies Nos. 712 and 713 promptly and the company is very honest in its dealings. I recommend it to the public.

(Sd.) SHEIKH DANISHMAND SUQRAT.
Extra Assistant Commissioner.
Lahore, 10th October, 1913.

PERSONS intending to make an excellent provision against ACCIDENT, DEATH or OLD AGE at lowest periodical payments need apply sharp to the undermentioned.

WANTED—Active and honest agents and canvassers on liberal terms throughout the island and the presidency of Bombay. Particulars can be had from:—K. ANANT RAM and BROS., Chief Agents, 17-19, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.



URNS ONE GALLON—6 BOTTLES ORDINARY KEROSINE IN 60 HOURS

CHEAPEST LIGHT IN THE WORLD AND FOR ALL PURPOSES

'300 Candle Power" "KEROSINE TABLE LAMP.

No Smoke: No Odor: No Wicks To Trim.

Automatic Cleaning Arrangement

Simple in design, Perfect in construction, and Unique in every respect, it is the most Practical, Reliable, and ECONOMICAL Lamp ever put on the Indian Markets.

Rs. 45 Nett.

POY BROTHERS,

KALBADEVI LAMP WAREHOUSE,

Telegraphic Address "IDEAL" BOMBAY NO. 2.

DR. C. S. MARDEN'S

INSPIRATIONAL

BOOKS. BOOKS.

Doctor Marden's books of Inspiration and Self-Help are famous the world over and are praised by men and women in every station of life—from the toiling clerk to the ruler of a great nation. The reason is that each reader finds in them much that is personally useful and helpful.

GETTING ON.

A BOOK REPLETE WITH MESSAGES OF INSPIRATION FOR EVERY READER.

"I think the chapter in this book are the most effective and inspiring I have read. They make one want to be something better. Had I read them ten or fifteen years ago I should have been a different person now."—H. J. Cropley.

YOUNG MAN ENTERING BUSINESS.

"Packed as it is with sensible, practical counsels, this volume can be cordially recommended to stimulate and encourage young men starting out in business life."—Brooklyn Times.

PUSHING TO THE FRONT.

Or success under difficulties. A world famous book, which has proved the turning point in many careers.

THE SECRET OF ACHIEVEMENT.

A Book of Inspiration and Incentive to Young and Old.

"A healthy book which encourages everything that is manly and straightforward."—New Orleans Picayune.

THE MIRACLE OF RIGHT THOUGHT.

"This is one of those inspiring, reasonable and valuable books that are bringing new life and new power to so many thousands all over our country and all over the world today.—Ralph Waldo Trine.

Re. 1-0 each Volume

Other books of the series sold at the uniform price of Re. 1-0 each.

SELF-INVESTMENT.
PEACE, POWER AND PLENTY.
HE CAN WHO THINKS HE CAN.
BE GOOD TO YOURSELF.
EVERY MAN A KING.

RAMCHANDRA GOVIND & SON.

BOOKSELLERS AND PUBLISHERS,

KALBADEVI, BOMBAY

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.

THE

ROYAL YAKUTI.

(ANANG VILAS.)

THIS YAKUTI or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the French horn as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory, and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength, and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills, Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PARHEZ necessary.

Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar.

Above medicine can be had at Messrs KEMP and Co. Ltd., Bombay.

# CROMPTONS FANS.

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 60 INCHES SWEEP,

**Rs. 83 each.**

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 36 INCHES SWEEP,

**Rs. 45 each.**

THE MOST ECONOMICAL FANS OBTAINABLE

## CROMPTONS BOMBAY, Ld.,

35-37, APOLLO STREET,



# NERVOUSNESS AND INSOMNIA

are symptoms of nerve irritation, often the result of OVER-WORK, ANXIETY, OVER-STUDY, MENTAL ANXIETY, and excesses of eating, drinking, or bodily abuses.

HUXLEY'S *"Ner-Vigor"*

[illegible] hates rich in organic phosphates, which [illegible] build up cell life and help to restore [illegible] vigour, and reinforced nerve power.

[illegible] sold throughout India, Burmah, Ceylon [illegible] Settlements, etc.

AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL Co., L[illegible], London.


# COMMERCIAL.

## CABLE QUOTATIONS.

### LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

Liverpool, September 25.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Cotton Sales .. .. .. .. | 4,200 |
| Imports .. .. .. .. .. | Nil. |

London, Sept. 25.

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed Calcutta .. .. .. | 46 |

New York, Sept. 25

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton New Orleans Spot .. .. | 7 5/8 |

Liverpool, Sept. 26th.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Total Day's Sale at Liverpool .. | Nil. |
| Imports .. .. .. .. .. | 550 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London, Sept. 25

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Total Actual Export .. .. .. | 2,000 |
| " Forwarded .. .. .. | 30,000 |
| " Imports .. .. .. .. | 6,000 |
| " Stock .. .. .. .. | 829,000 |

### COTTON ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

London Sept. 24th.

| | |
|---|---|
| Good Bengal M. G. .. .. .. | 3.20 |
| F. G. " " .. .. .. | 3.30 |
| Fine " " .. .. .. | 3.45 |
| Good M. G. Oomra .. .. .. | 4.15 |
| Fine M. G. Oomra .. .. .. | 4.45 |
| Good Broach .. .. .. .. | 4.35 |
| F.G. " .. .. .. .. | 5. |
| Fine " .. .. .. .. | 5.15 |

### LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, Saturday, Sept. 26th.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Total in Sight ..... | 580,000 |
| Total Sales ..... | 15,000 |
| East Indian Sales ..... | 500 |
| Total Export ..... | 1,000 |
| East Indian Stock ..... | 80 000 |
| East Indian Forwarded ..... | 500 |
| East Indian Imports ..... | 1,000 |
| American Afloat ..... | 20,000 |
| East Indian Afloat ..... | 8 000 |
| Total Afloat ..... | 45,000 |

### COUNCIL BILLS.

London, Sept. 25th.

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid into the Bank of England. | £352,000 |

Bills on Calcutta Rs. 10,000 at 1-3 31-32

### THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, Sept. 26th.

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid into the Bank of England .. | £ 760,000 |

### MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORT.

London, Sept. 26th.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sugar Java Fine White .. .. | 28—6 d. |
| Rapeseed Ferozepore Sept.-Oct, Hull | 51 |
| Ceylon Rubber .. .. .. .. | 2-2½—¾ |
| Selected Copper ... .. .. .. | 57 1-2 |
| White Wheat Karachi .. .. .. | 46 |
| Ceylon Rubber .. .. .. .. | 2 2½ |
| Cocoanut Oil Spot .. .. .. | 44 |
| Do. Current Sept. Oct. .. | 41 |
| Discount Bank Bills 3 ms. .. .. | 3½ |
| " Indian Bills 6ms. .. .. | 3 9-16 |
| " Fine Trade Bills 3 ms .. .. | 5 |
| " Do. 6 ms .. .. | 5½ |
| White Java Sugar Sept. .. .. | 23-6 |
| " Oct. .. .. | 22-6 |

# BOMBAY MARKETS.

Bombay, 26th September,

### IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Nil.

### EXCHANGE.

Rates are unchanged. The tone of the market is quiet and there is little business doing. The Banks will be closed on Monday for a Public Holiday (Dussera.)

Quotations :—

| BANKS SELLING— | s d. |
|---|---|
| T. T. ready .. .. .. | 1 3 13/16 |
| D D. mail .. .. .. | 1 3⅞ |
| T T. forward. Oct. .. .. | 1 3⅞ |
| BANKS BUYING— | |
| Private D D. ready .. .. | 1 4 1/16 |
| Credits 3 m-s ready .. .. | 1 4 ⅛ |
| 60 d/s Japan .. .. | 148½ |

### BULLION.

The local market is steady and rates are unchanged.

Quotations :—

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| English bar gold ..... | 25 | 8 | 0 |
| Sovereigns (dragons) ..... | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Ready Bar silver ..... | 75 | 3 | 0 |

Exports of Bar Silver from Bombay by Rail on 24th September 1914.

| | Bars, | Ounces. |
|---|---|---|
| G. I. P. Railway ..... | 12* | 14,040 |
| B.B. & C. I. Railway..... | 28 | 32,832 |

* Boxes and bars.

### COTTON.

The fixed rates now in Liverpool are 5.55 for spot, 5.25 for liquidation of Jan. Feb. contracts, and 7.85 for spot Egyptians. The rate for spot cotton in New Orleans is 8 5-8.

Opening quotations in the local market were unchanged from yesterday's close. A small business was reported yesterday in fine Khamgaon Akola January at Rs. 173 and in fine Bengal January at Rs. 150-51 Japan Export houses being buyers, and there has also been some enquiry from the same source today. Good Broach is quoted Rs. 211, fully good Bengal Rs. 141 and fine Khamgaon Akola Rs. 173.

For ready cotton the demand is small, and prices have given way since the fixed rates were removed.

### WHEAT AND SEEDS

Ready Linseed is quoted Rs. 6-13-0 B.T., September Rs. 7-8-0 R. T., and May Rs 8-1-0 R. T. Ready Castorseed is Rs 5-14-0 and ready White Karachi Bangla Wheat Rs. 6-9-0 R.T. All other quotations are nominal.

### RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal food grains into Bombay for the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m yesterday.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton ..... | 427 Bales |
| Wheat ..... | 958 Cwts |
| Linseed ..... | 694 " |
| Rape, Rai etc. ..... | 62 " |
| Sungellyseed ..... | Nil. " |
| Poppyseed ..... | Nil. " |
| Groundnuts ..... | 795 " |
| Castorseed ..... | Nil " |
| Rice ..... | 4,701 " |
| Myrobolams ..... | 72 " |
| Cotton seed ..... | 3,566 " |
| Mowraseed ..... | Nil " |
| Gram ..... | 1,789 " |
| Jowar ..... | 963 " |
| Maize ..... | 258 " |
| Barley ..... | 182 " |

Death occurred at Rangoon on Thursday at the age of 74, of Mrs. J. H. Vinton, one of the oldest inhabitants and energetic workers of the American Baptist Mission for fifty years.

# SHIPPING

### ARRIVALS.

| Sept. 26 | | |
|---|---|---|
| SS Morea | Andrews | Sydney Sept. 5 |
| SS Linga | Cuthbah | Karachi Sept 24 |
| Sept. 27 | | |
| SS Khyber | Kitcat | London Sept. 5 |
| SS Koweit | Coates | Jeddah Sept. 16 |

### DEPARTURES.

| Sept. 26 | | |
|---|---|---|
| SS Sardar | Cokerjee | Jeddah |
| SS Ferrara | Feathers | Abadan &c. |
| Sept. 27 | | |
| SS Lhasa | Penny | Karachi |
| SS Kasara | Gulliver | Persian Gulf via Karac |
| SS Morea | Andrew | London |
| SS Khyber | Kitcat | Australia |

The following vessels began to load on Saturday :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Steamer | Chakdara | for Persian Gu |

S. S. Reichenfels:—The Hansa Line (prize ship) Reichenfels, 2,931 tons, captain W. Jones, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi, which port she had left on September 22, with a cargo of coal.

S. S. Lasna:—The steamer Lasna, 2,665 tons, captain S. B. Neilson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Delagoa Bay, which port she had left on September 7, with a cargo of coal.

S. S. Sardar:—The steamer Sardar, 1,289 tons, captain K. Cookerji, will sail to-day for Jeddah, with a general cargo and 656 pilgrims.

S. S. Jinsen Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Jinsen Maru left Singapur for Hongkong and the Rangoon Maru left Hongkong for Singapore on the 24th instant.

S. S. Shinchiku Maru:—The O. S. K. Steamer Shinchiku Maru left Kobe for Hongkong via Moji on the 25th instant.

S. S. City of London:—The Ellerman Line S. S. City of London outward bound left Liverpool on the 23rd instant.

S. S. Morea:—The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Morea 5,962 tons, captain J. D. Andrews, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Sydney which port she had left on 5th September with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Linga:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Linga 949 tons captain H. M. Cutbush, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi which port she had left on 24 September with mail, a general cargo and Passengers.

S. S. Khyber:—The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Khyber 5,660 tons, captain H. L. Kitcat, arrived in harbour yesterday from London which port she had left on September 5, with mail a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Lhasa:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Lhasa 951 tons, captain C. S. Penny, sailed for Karachi with mail a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Morea:—The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Morea 5,962 tons, captain J. D. Andrews, sailed yesterday for London with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Ferrara:—The steamer Ferrara 717 tons, captain T. Feathers, sailed on Saturday for Abadan etc., with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Kasara:—The B. I. S. Co.'s steamer Kasara 504 tons, captain B. F. Gulliver, sailed yesterday for Persian Gulf via Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Khyber:—The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Khyber 5,660 tons, captain Kitcat, sailed yesterday for Australia with a general and some bottom cargo and passengers

S. S. Koweit:—The Arab steamer Koweit 2,336 tons, captain W. H. Coates, arrived in harbour yesterday from Jeddah, which port she had left on September 16, with Government stores and 1 cabin and 38 deck passengers.

Saturday, September 26.

P. DOCK.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| A Lawoe | Wheeler | D. M. F |
| B Muttra | Holman | M. M. & Co |
| C. & R. Bassano | Boxhall | M. M. & Co |
| D & E Clan Mackeller | Makepeace | J. F. & Co |
| F City of Nagpur | Main | K. N. & Co |
| K Ilria | Walsh | M. M. & Co |
| M. Eratos | Hallburg | T. M. & Co |
| N Hesperoo | Sandas | P. & O. S. N. Co |

V. DOCK.

| SHED STEAMER | Cart | AGENT. |
|---|---|---|
| 1 Katapsa | Forsythe | K. N. & Co |
| 2 Querimba | Willsher | M. M. & Co |
| 3 Lindenfels (Prize vessel) | | Nickle |
| 5 Anatolia | Seaborne | W. & A. G. & Co |
| 5 Varsova | Roose | M. M. & Co |
| 6 Saigon Maru | Yamaguchi | N. Y. Kaisha |
| 7 Colombo Maru | Sakamato | N Y K |
| 8 Kinhastan | Macmillan | L. Dreyfus & Co |
| 10 & 12 City of Manchester | Scoble | K. N. & Co |
| 12 & 13 Persia | Bradshaw | P. & O. S. N. Co |

H W P D

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bahaduri | Mahomed | B. O. S. N. Co. Ld. |
| Irrawadi | Goolam | |

M. W. P. D.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Khosrou | Hannah | T. M. & Co |

### VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Aviemoor | Williams | Jee Twandas Co |
| Abydos | Davis | Bo. & A. S. N. & Co |
| Abbasachi | Findley | |
| Bangala | Carrie | M. M. & Co |
| Bharata | Macdonald | M. M. Co |
| Bretwalda | Evans | M. M. & Co |
| Chakdara | Sparrow | M. M. & Co |
| Cape Antebes | Lockead | Texas & Co |
| Caithness | Ridland | W. & A. G. & Co |
| Clan Macphee | Ody | J. F. & Co |
| E. F. Ferdinand | Gardner | The Dock Manager |
| Frienfels | Hocking | Dock Manager |
| Galvale | Hunter | W. A. G. Co |
| Homayun | Courtney | T. M. & Co |
| Kurmark | Contwer | Dock Manager |
| Karadenis | Mourad | B. & P. S. N. Co |
| Losna | Nelson | T. M. & Co |
| Lockaley Hall | Gardner | K. N. & Co |
| Masunda | Risk | M. M. & Co. |
| Mashobra | Brooks | M. M. & Co |
| Nairung | Gough | T. M. & Co. |
| Probatvia | Stewart | M. M. & Co |
| Rotenfels | M.. Williams | Dock Manager |
| Riechenfels | Jones | Dock Manager |
| Sealda | Johnson | M. M. & Co |
| Sildra | Bryn | The Bombay Co |
| Subedar | Crebbin | Tbay & Co |
| Tara | Hamlyn | M. M. & Co |
| Tewbridge | ooper | |
| Varzine | Hamilton | Dock Manage |
| Veturia | Brown | M. M. & Co |
| Warkure | Thomas | Do. Manage |
| Wartenfels | (Prize vessel) | Dock Manage |
| Zoroastrian | Osborne | C. M. & Co |

### EXPORTS.

Sept. 25.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

KRATOS (s) 195 bales wool, F. F. Campbell and Co.

FOR LONDON.

MOREA (s) 88 bales cotton, Ralli, Bros.; 700 cwts. gum arabic, M. Jaferbhoy.

PERSIA (s) cwts. fish maws, E. Moledino; 70 bales cow hides, C. Rahimtoola and Sons; 10 bales cow hides, V. Esmail and Co.

FOR HULL

BASSONO (s) 217 bales hemp, H. Govindji; 4,000 cwts. cotton seed, 2,000 cwts. castor seed, Volkart Bros.

FOR KOBE.

COLOMBO MARU (s) 500 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

COLOMBO MARU (s) 15 bales wool, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

COLOMBO MARU (s) 300 bales cotton yarn, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

COLOMBO MARU (s) 250 bales cotton twist E. D. Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

SAIGON MARU (s) 500 bales cotton, G. Dossa and Co.

Sept. 26.

FOR GENOA.

KRATOS (s) 204 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR LONDON.

PERSIA (s) 50 cases bristles, 21 bales fibre, Allen Brothers and Co.

FOR HULL.

BASSANO (s) 6,000 cwts. rape seed, Sanday and Co.

FOR KOBE.

SAIGON MARU (s) 4,300 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 400 bales cotton, T. Yuasa.

FOR HONGKONG.

COLOMBO MARU (s) 1,000 bales cotton twist, C Ebrahim and Co.; 100 bales cotton twist, Tata, Sons and Co.; 100 bales cotton twist, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

COLOMBO MARU (s) 200 bales cotton twist, M. B. Kaisha; 200 bales cotton, M. Amersey and Co.

### IMPORTS.

S. S. Losna from Delagoa Bay, Agents T. Morrison and Co.—6,116 tons coal.

Supplement to S. S. Persia of 19-9-14 from London, Agents P. and O. S. N. Co.—20 boxes 3,114 casks cement, 29 cases cigarettes, 2 cases tobacco, 1 package tobacco and cigarettes, 4 packages 13 bales canvas, 34 packages provisions and oilman's stores, 10 casks ivory, 100 drums composition for ship's bottoms, 140 packages 120 kegs 140 drums 34 cases paint and colours, 600 casks alizarine dye, 4 cases buffalo hides, 42 cases beer and cyder, 3 packages brandy, 2 packages 100 cases gin, 12 cases liqueurs, 50 cases 1 case whisky, 21 cases spirits and liqueurs, 4 packages 22 cases wines and spirits, 96 cases champagne, 16 packages 2 hogsheads wine, 80 cases 3 hogsheads rum.

## BOMBAY UNIVERSITY SENATE.

### THE COMMERCE DEGREE.

A meeting of the Bombay University Senate was held on Saturday in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall of the University, the Hon. Mr. Justice Heaton, Vice-Chancellor, presiding.

The Senate considered a representation signed by 59 unsuccessful candidates at the B. A. Examination held last June praying that they be given one more chance of appearing at the examination under the old regulations.

The Rev. Dr. D. Mackichan moved that:—"The Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts be held in Bombay for the last time under the old regulations in the first week of April 1915. The courses and text-books for the Examination shall be the same as those appointed for November 1913."

The Rev. Dr. Mackichan urged the Senate to accept the recommendation made by the syndicate that these students be given the last opportunity of appearing at the examination. Of course when they granted such permission on a previous occasion they had said it would be the last. But there was a difference between the last and the positively last.

The students should, however, now understand that this is positively the last.

Principal A. L. Coventon protested against the proposed continuation of a syllabus which they had already discarded.

The motion was carried.

The re-adjustment of terms in Arts for Commerce students and revision of the regulations and course of studies for the Degree of Bachelor of Commerce were then taken up.

Mr. K. Subramani Aiyar moved that the revised regulations for the Degree of Bachelor of Commerce be substituted for the existing rules and that except where otherwise stated they be brought into operation at once.

The Hon. Principal R. P. Paranjpye moved an amendment asking the Senate to make such alterations in the tabular statement showing the re-arrangements of terms as would ensure that the third batch of students would be admitted into the College on June 20th, 1915, instead of June 20th, 1916.

Mr. Aiyar accepted the amendment which, on being put to the vote, was carried

The Senate adjourned till Friday next.


# GWALIOR RACES.

With the sanction of the

STEWARDS WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB

And with the approval of

H. H. THE MAHARAJAH SCINDIA,

**the Gwalior Autumn Meeting 1914**

**Is ABANDONED, owing to the war**


## ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 26.

The disturbance from the west is less marked this morning and the unsettled conditions in the Bay have disappeared. Monsoon has been fairly active in the Peninsula and North-east India and on the Burma Coast.

Nearly general rain has fallen in Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Berar, East Central Provinces and the Madras Deccan; local in Burma, Orissa, Bihar, East Rajputana, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, and the North Madras Coast. A few falls have also occurred in Kashmir, the North-west Frontier Province, Konkan and South-east Madras.

The chief falls are:—Victoria Point, Rangoon and Akyab one and a half inches; Mergui two; Cherrapunji four; Shillong, Dibrugarh, Cox's Bazar, Mymensingh and Darjeeling one; Dinajpur three; Hazaribagh and Jagdalpur two, Poona and Hyderabad Deccan one and a half; Cuddapah two; and Kodaikanal one and and a half.

Forecast:—No important change.

## DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

FOR THE 26TH SEPTEMBER 1914.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 26th September 1914, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess Day temperature is in defect in the north and the south-west Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are moderately clouded in lower Sind and clear elsewhere. Night temperature is in excess in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been fairly general in the southern half of the division; Akola has had 0.53in. Amraoti 0.43in. and Chanda 0.17in. Skies are lightly clouded.

The Konkan.—Ratnagiri reports 0.15in. of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—No telegram has been received from Nizamabad. Rainfall has been fairly general in the south Bombay Deccan and south Hyderabad and local in the north Bombay Deccan; Poona has had 1.32in Sholapur, 0.82 in., Bijapur 0.11in. and Hyderabad Bombay Deccan and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess.

General Remarks.—There has been an increase of rainfall in the Deccan and the Central Provinces but no precipitation of importance has been reported from south-east Madras and the north Madras coast. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Madras Deccan, fairly general in south Hyderabad, the south Bombay Deccan and the southern half of the Central Provinces and local in the north Bombay Deccan while light isolated showers have occurred in the Konkan.

Fairly general rain is likely in the Madras and the south Bombay Deccan and south Hyderabad and a few showers on the north Madras coast and possibly in the Central Provinces and the north Bombay Deccan.

*OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a.m. on SATURDAY, the 26th of September 1914.*

| STATIONS | Temperature in Shade: Maximum of past 24 hours. | Temperature in Shade: Minimum of past 24 hours. | Wind Velocity: Mean hourly velocity in miles. | Rainfall: Past 24 hours | Rainfall: Total since 1st June to date. | Variation since 1st June to date. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| PUNJAB AREA— | | | | | | |
| Dalhousie | | | | | | |
| Do. (25th) | 70 | 54 | 68 | .. | 1.00 | —0.01 |
| Jask | 93 | 52 | 77 | .. | 0.78 | 0.71 |
| Muskat | 89 | 82 | 81 | .. | 0.53 | 4.14 |
| Do. (25th) | 92 | 83 | 76 | .. | 0.53 | .. |
| PUNJAB— | | | | | | |
| Multan | 95 | 66 | 74 | .. | 9.58 | 4.85 |
| Rawalpindi | .. | 65 | 63 | .. | 22.98 | 0.71 |
| Lahore | 90 | 57 | 76 | .. | 19.16 | 4.14 |
| Sirsa | 93 | 71 | 75 | .. | ? | .. |
| Ambala | 91 | 69 | 79 | .. | ? | .. |
| Delhi | 90 | 74 | 0 | .. | 29.18 | 6.06 |
| UNITED PROVINCES— | | | | | | |
| Agra | 92 | 74 | 84 | .. | 28.92 | 5.24 |
| Mainpuri | 92 | 73 | 82 | .. | 23.92 | 4.30 |
| Jhansi | 93 | 74 | 80 | .. | 24.86 | —8.87 |
| Cawnpore | 90 | 77 | 78 | .. | 28.33 | —3.69 |
| Allahabad | 90 | 75 | 79 | .. | 36.16 | 2.63 |
| SIND AND RAJPUTANA— | | | | | | |
| Jacobabad | 102 | 77 | 72 | .. | 4.43 | 2.17 |
| Karachi | 88 | 79 | 81 | .. | 6.85 | 0.72 |
| Ajmer | 90 | 73 | 80 | .. | 18.74 | 0.08 |
| Jaipore | 95 | 72 | 0 | 50 | 23.97 | 2.47 |
| Kotah | 92 | 77 | 4 | 59 | 24.00 | —1.96 |
| GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST— | | | | | | |
| Sind | 92 | 72 | 8 | 78 | 11.25 | —1.94 |
| Dwarka | 87 | 81 | 2 | 82 | 17.6 | 3.56 |
| Veraval | 84 | 75 | 2 | 81 | 26.60 | 9.60 |
| Rajkot | 91 | 72 | 8 | 82 | 34.11 | 8.78 |
| Bhavnagar Pare | 90 | 3 | .. | 86 | 18.67 | 19.15 |
| Surat | 91 | 77 | 5 | 86 | 57.04 | 18.26 |
| Ahmedabad | 94 | 75 | 7 | 83 | 39.33 | 10.64 |
| Deesa | 94 | 72 | 7 | 75 | 36.55 | 3.46 |
| Neemuch | 90 | 71 | .8 | 84 | 28.00 | 1.26 |
| Indore | 89 | 71 | .1 | 81 | 25.42 | —4.17 |
| CENTRAL PROVINCES— | | | | | | |
| Jubbulpore | 87 | 74 | .1 | 84 | 46.99 | —2.79 |
| Saugor | 89 | 70 | .6 | 76 | 32.11 | —9.34 |
| Hoshangabad | 90 | 72 | 9 | 83 | 43.81 | —0.81 |
| Khandwa | 91 | 69 | 3 | 80 | 29.43 | 2.85 |
| Akola | 91 | 72 | .4 | 76 | 0.53 | 26.61 | —0.63 |
| Amraoti | 88 | 72 | .4 | 82 | 0.43 | 31.83 | 3.56 |
| Nagpur | 90 | 72 | .6 | 83 | .. | 39.82 | —2.85 |
| Chanda | 91 | 72 | .0 | 83 | 0.17 | 34.96 | —11.92 |
| Raipur | 89 | 74 | .6 | 88 | .. | 41.23 | —2.49 |
| KONKAN— | | | | | | |
| Bombay | 87 | 79 | .5 | 89 | 0.01 | 80.84 | 12.86 |
| Ratnagiri | 85 | 73 | .9 | 91 | 0.15 | 124.54 | 30.07 |
| Mormugao | 85 | 74 | .9 | 88 | 0.06 | 112.16 | 26.80 |
| Karwar | 84 | 75 | .8 | 88 | .. | 143.71 | 33.42 |
| BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD— | | | | | | |
| Malegaon | 90 | 71 | .6 | 77 | .. | 25.98 | 6.60 |
| Ahmednagar | 85 | 68 | .1 | 83 | .. | 16.71 | —0.63 |
| Poona | 88 | 68 | .5 | 84 | 1.32 | 29.00 | 9.54 |
| Sholapur | 87 | 71 | .8 | 91 | 0.82 | 24.18 | 2.37 |
| Bijapur | 85 | 70 | .4 | 70 | 0.11 | 13.76 | 0.26 |
| Belgaum | 89 | 67 | .5 | 95 | .. | 78.82 | 41.64 |
| Aurangabad | 88 | 70 | .0 | 74 | .. | 24.71 | 0.89 |
| Nizamabad (Indur) | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Hyderabad | 84 | 70 | .6 | 90 | 1.57 | 38.74 | 15.28 |
| MALABAR COAST AND CEYLON— | | | | | | |
| Mangalore | 85 | 71 | .5 | 87 | .. | 132.19 | 24.36 |
| Calicut | 85 | 73 | .3 | 86 | .. | 90.71 | 3.01 |
| Cochin | 87 | 74 | .7 | 78 | .. | 70.54 | —0.08 |
| Colombo | 88 | 74 | .4 | 94 | 0.46 | 18.67 | —1.63 |
| MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE— | | | | | | |
| Masulipatam | 84 | 76 | .1 | 86 | 0.01 | 23.22 | 0.55 |
| Bellary | 88 | 71 | .5 | 90 | 0.52 | 11.12 | 1.39 |
| Cuddapah | 88 | 68 | .9 | 87 | 1.98 | 19.39 | 2.67 |
| Madras | 90 | 78 | .7 | 77 | .. | 19.26 | 4.01 |
| Bangalore | 82 | 65 | .6 | 88 | .. | 14.16 | —8.95 |
| Coimbator | 89 | 70 | .0 | 61 | .. | 3.70 | —1.35 |
| Trichinopoly | 91 | 75 | .5 | 64 | .. | 7.87 | —2.71 |
| Nagapatam | 89 | 77 | .5 | 80 | .. | 11.48 | 1.51 |

### TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY

Government Observatory Colaba

Bombay, September 25th 1914.

Means of observations taken at 5 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr. | 29.822 | inches. |
| Temperature of Air | 82.6 | degrees. |
| Wet Bulb Thermometer | 78.7 | " |
| Dew Point | 77.3 | " |
| Relative humidity of Air | 0.842 | " |
| Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy-10) | 4.2 | " |
| Maximum temperature of Air | 87.7 | " |
| Minimum do. do. | 78.2 | " |
| General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight | NNW, NNE, NW, WNW, NW, NNW | |
| Movement of Wind from midnight to to midnight | 154 | miles. |
| Fall of Rain | 0.01 | inches. |
| Total fall during month | 27.58 | " |
| Total fall during year | 50.98 | " |
| Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of [illegible] | 0.01 | " |

## STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may be in comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers.—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 26th September [illegible] was 29.75 inches.

For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by 0.13 inch. for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature or correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all aneroid reading should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the steam at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by 0.10 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

## SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

| | HIGH WATER | | | | LOW WATER | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Sept. | h. | m | ft. in | Sept. | h. | m | ft. in |
| S | 26 | m 4 | 10 | 26 9 | 26 | m 10 | 15 | 20 8 |
| | | m 8 | 48 | 24 7 | | 1 | 18 | 17 8 |
| Sun | 27 | m 5 | 28 | 26 0 | 27 | m 0 | 55 | 20 11 |
| | | m 5 | 11a | 23 8 | | 11 | 39a | 18 5 |
| M | 28 | m 7 | 8 | 25 10 | 28 | m 1 | 6a | 20 3 |
| | | m 7 | 1a | 23 6 | | | | |
| Tu | 29 | m 8 | 21 | 6 8 | 29 | m 1 | 17 | 18 4 |
| | | m 8 | 32a | 24 3 | | 2 | 45a | 19 5 |
| W | 30 | m 9 | 12 | 26 8 | 30 | m 2 | 24 | 18 7 |
| | Oct. | m 9 | 25 | 25 3 | | 3 | 24a | 18 7 |
| Th | 1 | m 9 | 50 | 26 11 | 1 | m 3 | 15 | 18 7 |
| | | 10 | 10a | 26 2 | | 3 | 57a | 17 7 |
| F | 2 | m 10 | 22 | 27 0 | 2 | m 3 | 57 | 18 0 |
| | | 10 | 46a | 26 10 | | 4 | 26a | 17 6 |

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

| Sept. | | Sunrise | Sunset |
|---|---|---|---|
| 26 | (Saturday) | 6h. 28m. | 6h. 33m. |
| 27 | (Sunday) | 6h. 29m. | 6h. 32m. |
| 28 | (Monday) | 6h. 29m. | 6h. 31m. |
| 29 | (Tuesday) | 6h. 29m. | 6h. 30m. |
| 30 | (Wednesday) | 6h. 29m. | 6h. 29m. |
| Oct. 1 | (Thursday) | 6h. 30m. | 6h. 28m. |
| 2 | (Friday) | 6h. 30m. | 6h. 27m. |

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last Quarter Sept. 12th. 11th 18 8m. 7 m. New Moon 20th, 3h. 6-8m. a m. Perigee 21st, 0-0h. p.m. First Quarter 28th 9h. 33-3 p.m. Full Moon, Oct. 4th 11h 28 9m.n. Apogee, 6th, 10-6h. p.m.

## GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 26.

### HOME DEPARTMENT.

Major J. W. D. Mugaw J. M. S. is appointed Professor of Pathology, Medical College, Lucknow.

### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. S. C. Gupta, Bar-at-law, is appointed Legal Assistant, Legislative Department, vice Dr. Sarat Chandra Bannerjee whose services have been placed under the Government of Bengal.

### FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. John Wallace is appointed acting Consul for Norway at Bombay.

Mr. A. C. Hamilton is appointed Commercial Agent for Brazil at Rangoon.

Mr. W. R. Smith is appointed in charge of the consulate for Peru at Calcutta.

Mr. J. Shinobu is appointed Consul-General for Japan at Calcutta.

Mr. A. R. Jelf is granted one year's leave

Captain F. H. Humphreys is posted as Deputy Commissioner, Kohat.

Lieutenant-Colonel P. T. A. Spence is posted as Political Agent in Bundelkhand.

The following officers of the Indian Medical Service revert to military duty:—Lieutenant-Colonels P. B. Haig, J. N. Macleod and W. A. B. Robinson, Majors L. J. M. Deas, C. W. Goodhody, R. W. Knox, J. R. J. Tyrrell and J. W. Watson.

Captain N. N. Sodhi, Captain S. Williams and Lieutenant C. D. Walker of Political Department also revert to military duty.

Captain C. W. Prescott is posted as Assistant Commissioner

Mr. A. N. L. Carter is posted as assistant to the Agent, Baluchistan.

Mr. G. K. Walker is confirmed as consul for Belgium at Madras.

### FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. A. G. Hein is posted as Audit Officer, Delhi Province, vice Mr. J. O'Brien proceeding on leave.

### REVENUE DEPARTMENT

Messrs. A. W. Blunt and H. G. Billsen officiate in first and second grade of Conservator of Forests respectively.

### COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

Captain L. Evans, R. E. of the Telegraph Department, reverts to military duty.

### ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Colonel Tighs becomes Colonel on Staff vice Brigadier-General Kavanagh with temporary rank of Brigadier-General.

Captain A. A. Tod, Rifle Brigade, A. D. C. to the Viceroy is granted three months' leave.

Colonel H. D. Watson granted temporary rank of Brigadier-General.

Captain Gabnil in Political Employ and Major Bigg Wither, Assistant Commissioner, Burma, are transferred to the supernumerary list.


**ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PAINLESS DENTISTRY.**

HIGHEST CLASS WORK GUARANTEED

**Dr. CARR, D.D.S.**

Dental Surgeon,

107, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT,

OPPOSITE CLOCK TOWER,

**Hours 9 to 6.** BOMBAY

# BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

## PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

TUESDAY, 29th Sept.

Municipal Standing Committee meeting, 11-35 am..

Parsi Writers' Association: Lecture on "Russia Past and Present: Special Advantages of the Anglo-Russian Agreement to India and Persia." by R. P. Masani, Esq., M.A., at 6 p. m.

THURSDAY 1st Oct.

Bombay Corporation meeting, 4-9 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre of Varieties, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, and 10 to 11-15.

Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Rd., 7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15, 10-30 to 12.

Olympia Cinematograph, Sandhurst Road, 5-15 to 6-45, 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30, and 11 to 12-30

## Domestic Occurrence

DEATHS.

GOUGH Mrs. Sarah, Superintendent, All Saints Seed and Industry at St. George's Hospital on the 27th Sept.

CHABILDAS, the second son of Bhavanidas Narandas Motiwala agen 7 years died at his residence, Kaliandas House, Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, on 26th September at 8 a.m.

NANAVATI.—At Surat, on 25th September, 1914, at 11 p.m. Mr. Cooverjee Rustomjee Nanavati, (Late Agent Mofussil Company) and father of Nasarwanjee Cooverjee Nanavati, died at his residence, Aganovad Street, City Surat. Deeply mourned.

## BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut.-Colonel H. Stanley Reed, A.-D.-C., Commanding.

September, 28.

1. Orderly N. C. Officer for the week ending. Oct. 3rd—Corpl. R. Ellis.

2. Riding School for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts daily from 7-15 a.m.

3 Tuesday, the 29th instant.—Combined drill with 33rd Cavalry. Rendezvous Church Gate Station at 7-15 a.m., punctually, Dress drill order khaki.

Tuesday evening, the 29th instant. Drill for Recruits and members of the Corps will be held at the Town Hall from 6 p.m.

4. Thursday evening 1st proximo.—Drill for Recruits and members of the Corps will be held at the Town Hall from 5 p.m.

D. W. WILSON, Captain
Actg., Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES

Regimental orders by Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, Commanding.

825. Parades.—Company Parades for the week ending October 3rd:—

"A" ompany, Thursday at 6-30 p.m.
"B" Company, Monday and Thursday at 7-30 a.m. Signalling Class at 6-30 p.m. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
"C" Company, Tuesday and Friday at 6-15 p. m.
"D" Company, Tuesday and Thursday at 6-30 p.m.
"E" Company, Friday at 6-30 p.m. Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue, Uniform with caps.
"F" Company, Wednesday at 6-30 p.m.
"G" Company, Monday and Thursday at 7-30 a.m. at the Gymkhana.

Dress for all the above parades unless otherwise notified:—Uniform with helmets. Those men who have not drawn uniform to parade in plain clothes. Those men who have drawn all their uniform except helmets to parade in khaki Topees of any pattern.

I. Motor Reserve parade Thursday at 6-30 p.m. Dress,—Mufti.

II. All Buglers to parade at Head-quarters with instruments on Tuesday, the 29th instant, at 6-30 p.m.

III. All Officers and N.-C. Officers will parade at Head-quarters on Wednesday the 30th instant, at 6-30 p.m. (Mufti). All N. C. Officers to parade with rifles.

IV. Semaphore Signalling Class.—Adults Companies every evening except Saturday, at 6-30 p.m.

RECRUITS.

"A" Company—Daily at 6-30 p.m.
"B" Company—Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 7-30 a.m. (Mufti).
"C" Company—Thursday, Friday, at 6-15 p.m.
"D" Company—Daily at 6-30 p.m. (except Saturday.
"G" Company—Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7-30 a.m. at the Gymkhana Monday and Thursday at 6-30 p.m. at Head-quarters.

Recruits who have not yet fired their course should parade at Head-quarters on Monday at 6-15 p.m. to receive instruction before going to the range.

Special Reserve attached to "G" Company. The Reserve will drill with the Recruits of "G" Company on the above mentioned day.

827. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted as follows:—

Tuesday, 29th instant.—"F" Company Recruits.
Wednesday, 30th instant.—"C" Company Recruits.
Thursday, 1st proximo.—"B" Company Recruits.
Friday, 2nd proximo.—"C" Company Recruits.
Saturday, 3rd proximo.—"D" Company Recruits.
Sunday, 4th proximo.—"G" Company Recruits.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-15 a.m. Officers Commanding companies will please detail one N.-C. Officer for range duty with their Recruits.

830. Enrolments. The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to companies as follows:—

No. 8127 Vol. B. Long. "C" Coy.
No. 6409 Vol K. MacIver, "G" Coy.

831. Promotion. The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following promotion in "F" Company from this date:—

No. 7359 Corpl. J. L. Ogden to be Sergeant.

832. Clothing. The Clothing Store will be open for issue of clothing daily from 5-30 p.m. to 7 p.m. (except Saturday).

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Captain,
Actg. Adjutant Bombay Vol. Rifles.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Regimental orders by Major J .W. Hawes, V. D. Commanding.

September 26.

337 Parades. The N. C. Os. and men detailed for 15 pr Gun drill, will parade at the Headquarters on Monday next 28th instant. at 7 a. m.

338 Duty. The following are detailed for 24 hours duty at Mahaluxmi on Tuesday next 29th instant:—

Sergt Graveston. Gunner Muir., Corpl Ashworth. Gunner Price., Corpl Grimshaw. Gunner Higgins., Gunner Bancroft. Gunner Burgess., Gunner Plow, Gunner Coates., Gunner Cairns. Gunner Colonn., Gunner Band. Gunner Cooper.

339 Resignations.—E. E. Company:—

The undermentioned having resigned are Struck off the Strength of the Corps from the date specified against their names:—

Sapper Long. 7-9-14, Sapper Page. 17-9-14, Sapper Minne 17-9-14, Sapper Drummond 17-9-14, Sapper Blakeborough. 19-9-14, Sapper Wilkinson. 19-9-14, Sapper Cunningham T. 19-9-14, Sapper Cunningham W. 19-914, Sapper Brusweell, 19-9-14, Sapper Chapman. 19-9-14. Corpl Rickwood 20-9-14, Sapper Johnson C. 21-9-14.

340 Transfers. The undermentioned are permitted to transfer as under:— Gunner E. G. Pedder from No. 2 Coy. to E. E. Coy. as Sapper No. 174., Gunner F. J. Cowderoy No. 1 Coy. from "B" to "D" Sub-Section.

336 Semaphore Signalling. The Semaphore Signalling Class will parade at Head-quarters at 6-30 p. m. on Monday next 28th instant.

(Sd.) R. C. D. GRAHAM, Captain R.A.,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

## DASEHRA HOLIDAY.

To-day being the Dashra day, it will be observed by the Bombay G. P. O. and its town sub-offices as a Post Office holiday. The Telegraph Branches of Combined Post Offices will remain open.

## DAILY MORTALITY RETURNS.

No cases of either plague, small-pox or cholera were recorded in Bombay City during the 24 hours ended at 6 a.m. on Saturday. The total mortality from all causes in the same period was 88, as compared with 73 of the corresponding period of 1913 and 87 of 1912. The total number of rats caught by the rat-catchers on Friday last was 1,937 out of which 8 were found to be plague-stricken. B Ward contributed 2 of the plague-rats, C Ward 4, D Ward 1 and E Ward 1.

## DACOITY AT HADMODIA.

### REPORTED MURDER OF POLICE FOZDAR

A correspondent from Amreli reports that for the last two or three months two Kathi outlaws have been harassing and looting near Dhari of His Highness the Gaewkar of Baroda. Police sepoys were despatched there and on the 24th a telegram was received stating that the dacoits had looted the villagers of Hadmodia and murdered the Police Fozdar. The authorities have not succeeded in capturing the culprits and the villagers have made an appeal to His Highness' Dewan to put an end to the crimes.

## ANOTHER TELEPHONE WIRE FATALITY.

### UNFORTUNATE MAN UNDERGOES TORTURE FOR FIVE MINUTES.

Another telephone wire fatality occurred on Saturday, when a Hindu labourer, named Luxman Subhana, was electrocuted under very painful circumstances. From the evidence recorded at the inquest held yesterday by Mr. H. P. T. Lattey, and enquiries made by the police, it would appear that the deceased, who was working as a labourer in the Colaba railway station yard, was returning home about 7-30 p.m. on Saturday, when near the Sassoon Dock Tramway Terminus he came in contact with a live telephone wire, which had snapped and one end of which, after falling on the tramway wires below and thus getting overcharged, touched the ground. It would further appear that the deceased's feet first came in contact with the wire and he fell. The passers-by attempted to extricate him from the wire but the shock from the current threw them back and the unfortunate man underwent the torture for more than five minutes and when he was eventually freed from the fatal grip of the wire, life was extinct. The deceased was about 50 years of age.

Further enquiry has been adjourned till Wednesday.

## BOMBAY INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER.

### ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual general meeting of the Bombay Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau was held on Saturday in the office of the Chamber, the Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji, the out-going chairman, presiding.

The following Committee was elected:—The Hon. Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Ibrahim (Chairman); Mr. Dinshah Edulji Wacha (Vice-Chairman); The Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji; Mr. Purshottamdas Thakoredas; Mr. Devidas Madhowji Thakersey; Mr. Narottam Morarji Goculdas; Mr. Ratansey Mulji; Sir Shapurji B. Broacha; The Hon. Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas; Mr. Chaturbhuj Shivji; Mr. Jethabhai Walji; Sir Vithaldas Damodar Thakersey; Mr. Phiroz J. Billimoria; Mr. Revashanker Jagjiwan; The Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtula; Mr. Motilal Vallabhji; Mr. Gopalji Valji Sunderji; Mr. Motilal Kanji; Mr. Mathuradas Vasanji Khimji; Mr. Sorabji Edulji Warden; Mr. Mulji Haridas; Mr. Morarji Velji; Mr. Naranji Haribhai; Mr. Jainarayan Hindumal Dani; and the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy M. Chinoy.

The Report was adopted, and the proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

A report of the Chairman's speech is unavoidably held over.

## ENGLISH MAILS.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Morea, which arrived here on Saturday morning from Australia via Colombo, left Bombay last night for London with the English mails and passengers.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Khyber, which arrived in Bombay with the English mails and passengers from London yesterday morning left Bombay last night for Australia.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL FOR U. P.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 26.

The "Leader" learns from private advices from London that the Secretary of State for India is believed to have approved of the establishment of an Executive Council in these provinces.

# POONA RACES.

## SPLENDID SPORT.

## HANDICAPPER'S TRIUMPH.

## MIL WINS ST. LEGER PLATE.

The early morning train and the "Special" were packed last Saturday to their utmost capacity with a big contingent of Bombay trippers to witness the racing at Poona. The Koregaon Plate, a handicap for Arab Ponies in the third division, attracted such a number of entries, it had to be cut up into three races, spinning the proceedings out to a long programme of nine events. The atmosphere was hot and sultry with strong indications of a thunder storm in close proximity, which however, was good enough on this occasion to confine its attentions to the neighbouring hills. Little or no rain had fallen during the week and the down-pour on the previous night had put the track into splendid order. The times put up were of course on the slow side, but the turf was in excellent condition for galloping,—light and springy with nothing sticky or holding about it. The handicaps in consequence were as near perfection as possible; two dead-heats and seven hard fought finishes was a nice bit of handiwork in weight fixing, which even our incomparable adjuster may well feel proud of. And the large number of horses supported by the public in each race, was a great tribute to the handicapper's commendable work.

### A PACE-MAKER'S TRIUMPH.

The St. Leger Plate, a handicap for horses, round the course and distance, was the big event of the day, for which a field of six faced the starter, and of which H. H. the Kour Sahib of Patiala supplied three competitors. The issue was generally considered to lie with the three top-weights, and Jacamar, Cherrywood, and Pretty Good Sort, all came in for a full measure of support. Hamara was reported to be not quite herself as the result of the accident in the Visitors' Plate on September 9th when she brought Pratt down. Mill was supposed to be out to ensure a hot pace for the benefit of Jacamar, and Melhot (late Valerius) was nibbled at by a few knowing ones, on the off chance of his repeating one of his erratic essays of earlier history. Mil's number attracted about forty tickets towards the close of the betting, for no other reason than he might fluke it, and that the paucity of the investments augured a fat dividend. One or two memsahibs *backed him on form*, on the strength of his engaging display in the Stewards Purse about a week previous, and because Japheth looked such a charming little boy in the saddle. Mil made such good use of his opportunity as pace-maker for Jacamar, he had everything in the field settled by the time the home-turn was reached, with the exception of Hamara, but Purtoo-singh was so engrossed in looking after Cherrywood coming down the straight, he deferred his run until it was too late, Mil getting home with 2½ lengths to spare. Hamara was going so fast at the finish when Purtoo-singh woke up to a sense of his responsibilities, there is little doubt she could have disposed of the winner. It was a humorous and entertaining performance, and one sportive fossil in the press-box got such a stitch in the region of the spleen laughing his sides out at Rex's imprecations and anathemas hurled at Melliot as she flopped past the post after squandering his little bet each way, a tragedy was only just averted with a timely sniff of lavender salts. This race disposes of any pretensions Jacamar might have had to class, and in spite of what he might or might not have been in Australia, it is pretty certain he is nothing more than a fair handicap horse over here.

### A GOOD BARGAIN.

What a great little horse this Baloz is! His sensational performance in dead-heating with Young Majub conceding a stone, was quite the feature of the afternoon, and Ruiz has again to be complimented on his excellent horse-manship under very trying conditions. Baloz, as on a recent occasion engaged in most disconcerting boring tactics, and had he run kindly at the finish was capable of putting the race to his credit with ease. These exhibitions of temper or downright cussedness are much to be deplored, as it will not be long before the vice will reduce him to a racing waster on whom no reliance can be placed to struggle on when the occasion requires it. This class of racing infirmity increases with age and is seldom or never curable. Baloz has had rather an interesting career, and was purchased at a low figure originally from Mr. Tahar Unis the Arab dealer. He was shapely, with a good frame, but as poor as wood, and when Bleach, who was training for Mr. Goculdas at the time, went over to Calcutta for the Christmas racing, Mr. Goculdas sold Baloz back to Tahar Unis with a few other unpromising Griffins. On his return from Calcutta, Bleach repurchased Baloz from Tahar Unis for Rs. 350 to supplement an upcountry order he had received for a polo pony, and much to his amusement, Mr. Goculdas found that the rejected one had again found a tenement in his stable. Over a two-furlong sprint, Bleach was so much impressed with Baloz's capabilities, he decided to send something else upcountry for polo and to give him a chance on the turf. Baloz was thrown into work in April and commenced his long series of successes by winning at the following Poona meeting. A fairly good bargain at Rs. 350.

### SAYEL'S SURPRISE.

In the various divisions of the Koregaon Plate the handicapping was so good, the competitors so numerous, and the impending issue generally so problematic, chasing the needle in a haystack would be a mere bagatelle to spotting the winner. It was, however, astonishing to note how little Sayel's chance in the third division was favoured, and what a large following. Shatra and some of the other obscure ones commanded. In the New Paddock Plate (division III) early in the month, Sayel had accounted for his stable-mate Shatra at a difference of a stone, and yet on Saturday, with only two pounds in the latter's favour, Shatra was boomed and exploited to such an extent, a respectable dividend of Rs. 138 was forthcoming when the owner's second string Sayel rolled home. When a handicapper can beat a trainer regarding the merits of two horses running in the same interests he deserves a monument of some kind Sherali a cocky little bay of Mr. Ali Bin Talib's put up a good performance and will do better over a shorter journey.

In the second division of the Koregaon Plate, Investment once more proved his worth by disposing of some passable opposition, and this performance further serves to intensify the ignominious displays he put up in the Novice Plate on August 22nd and the New Paddock Plate September 2nd when Fahad was unable to lift him out of the ruck on either occasion. Cardiff again ran much below his form and Mr. Dara Cowasje's representative showed he was not possessed of anything like the "quality" he was accredited with by his connections.

### ANOTHER DUCK-EGG.

Spring Daisy added yet another bracket to her previous unbroken sequence, of four and although she had her work cut out this time in getting the better of Molly S. she has clearly shown her exceptional qualifications as a member of the pony division. There was the usual quacking about Miss Drake and after a great deal of noise the customary "duck-egg" eventuated.

All that can be said about the Alexandra Park Plate is, that Orepesa had a particularly feeble lot to bump up against, and Mr. Galstaun's mare will probably be never again afforded an opportunity of earning Rs. 1,200 so easily. She should also have been awarded second and third money for the rest deserved nothing.

The Western India Turf Club are to be congratulated on their liberality in generously subscribing Rs. 75,000 for the various War Funds which have been established. This is a splendid piece of munificence, which will go a long way towards adding to the popularity of an already ultra popular institution. The subscriptions announced are:—

Imperial Relief Fund, Bombay Presidency Branch, Rs. 50,000.

Lady Willingdon's Women's War Fund, Rs. 10,000.

The Belgian Red Cross Fund, Rs. 7,500.
The French Red Cross Fund, Rs. 7,500.

KOREGAON PLATE.—Division three—distance 6 furlongs:—

Shaik Esmail's SAYEL 7-11, Mujeed ..... 1
Raj Mahomed's JUNGLE 7-7, Abbas ..... 2
Ali Bin Talib's SHERALI 8-4, Pratt ..... 3

Also Ran:—Pepul, 9-0, Monitor, 9-0, Kassum, 8-12, Puma, 8-12, Dhahemsee, 8-11, Shatra, 8-9, Red Prince, 8-8, Cacoodile, 8-8, Matadar, 8-7, Pharash, 8-0, Kaiumers, 7-13, Jemadar 7-11, Crescent, 7-10.

The Race:—Red Prince led for a few strides, but soon gave way to Monitor who was prominent to the 3 furlongs, where Jemadar ran up to him. They rounded the turn in this order, but, from the distance, Sayel challenged the leaders, and, after a close finish, won by three quarters of length, same between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—1 minute and 25 seconds.

The Tote paid Rs. 138 for win, Rs. 33, Rs. 126 and Rs. 22 for places.

ALEXANDRA PARK PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs:—

Mr. J. C. Galstaun's OREPESA 8-4, A. Ferguson ..... 1
Mr. Kelso's PAUL PRY 8-10, Brown ..... 2
Mr. Billimoria's HOPPNER 9-0, Purtoo Singh ..... 3

Also Ran:—Twa Brigs, 8-12.

The Race:—Twa Brigs and Orepesa when the former fell back, while Hoppner moved up to the lead. At the 3 furlongs Orepesa drew clear, and, entering the straight a couple of lengths in front, staved off Paul Pry's challenge, winning in the end by two and a half lengths, two lengths between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—1 minute and 15 seconds.

The Tote paid Rs. 46-8 for win, Rs. 18-8 and Rs. 14 for places.

KOREGAON PLATE—Division 2—Distance 3 furlongs:—

Mr. Ahmed Hazamy's INVESTMENT 8-6, Brown ..... 1
Captain Egerton's FLYING BIRD 8-12, Ruiz 2
Mowlud Haji Ali's VELLARD 7-13, Purtoosingh ..... 3

Also Ran:—Aden, 9-4, Agent, 9-2, Maurice, 9-2, Cardiff, 8-10, Faleh Khan, 8-9, Nasirabad, 8-9, Present, 8-9, Matayeb, 8-8, Royalist, 8-7, Pretender II, 8-6, Saood, 8-6 (carried 8-9), Bezar Beg, 8-6, American Spot, 7-13, Sweetlips, 7-9, Quality, 7-7, (carried 7-8).

The Race:—Quality led out followed by Vellard Flying Bird and American Spot. At the half mile Vellard ran up to the leader who was going well till he reached the turn where he ran wide. Here Investment came through on the rails, but was challenged by Flying Bird, and, in a close finish the former won by three quarters of a length, 1 and ½ lengths between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—1 minute, 24 and 2/5 seconds.

The Tote paid Rs. 32 for win, Rs. 18, Rs. 27 and Rs. 30-8 for places.

CHINCHWAD PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs:—

H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior's TOFIC PASHA 8-13, Brown ..... 1
Mr. Abdoola Mana's ABDUL AZIZ 7-6, Mujeed ..... 2
Mr. Harrison's MAT-HAT-BAIG 7-13, W. Southall ..... 3

Also Ran:—Galiard, 9-12, Ream, 8-12, Bahcool, 8-8, Ali Baba, 8-5, Tenebreuse, 8-0, Ben Hur, 7-8, Creditor, 7-4, Zigomar, 7-0.

The Race:—Zigomar led out followed by Abdul Aziz, Tofic Pasha and Ream. Abdul Aziz looked like winning when Tofic Pasha came up with a run and, passing him, won by one and a quarter lengths, one length between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—1 minute, 20 2/5 seconds.

The Totes paid Rs. 104 for win, Rs. 32, Rs. 19 and Rs. 24 for places.

ST. LEGER PLATE—R.C. and a distance:—

H. H. the Kour Saheb of Patiala's MIL 6-7 (carried 6-8) Japeth ..... 1
H. H. the Kour Saheb of Patiala's HAMARA 7-7 Purtoosingh ..... 2
Mr. Kelso's CHERRYWOOD 8-9 Brown ..... 3

Also Ran:—Jacamar, 9-3, Pretty Good Sort, 8-7, Melliot, 8-6, Katharos, 6-0.

The Race:—Pretty Good Sort went to the front, but, on Mil taking command opposite the stand, was steadied, Cherrywood and Jacamar coming next. This order was kept to the half mile when Cherrywood and Hamara began to move up, but Mil maintained the lead and, entering the straight soon had everything settled. Won by two and a half lengths, half a length between 2nd and 3rd.

Time:—2 minutes, 55 and 1/5 seconds.

The Tote paid Rs. 238 for win, Rs. 72-8 and Rs. 23 for places.

KARJAT PLATE—6 furlongs:—

Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' BALOZ 9-10 Ruiz and Mr. Erach Jijibhoy's YOUNG MAJUB 8-10. Brown ..... 1*
Mr. A. S. Oomer's KHARAMAN 8-2, Bowley ..... 3

*Dead Heat.

Also Ran:—Master Bill, 8-4, Malster, 8-3, Polish, 7-10, Ace of Hearts, 7-8 (cd. 7-8) Maasal, 7-6.

The Race:—Maasal, led from Young Majub and Polish with Baloz handy. At the home turn Young Majub went to the front and Baloz found an opening, in an exciting finish, gradually gained on the leader, to dead heat on the post; two lengths separated the third.

Time:—1 minute 23 seconds.

The Totes paid Rs. 21-8, on Baloz, and Rs. 19 on Young Majub, and Rs. 26-8 and Rs. 18 for places. The owners divided.

MAGDALA PLATE—1 mile:—

Lt.-Col. G. Moore's SPRING DAISY 7-4, Purtoosingh ..... 1
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's MOLLY S 7-10. (cd. 7-11). Bowley ..... 2
Mr. Pitt's YVETTE 8-2. Brown ..... 3

Also Ran:—Miss Drake, 9-11, North, 7-11, Adelaide II, 6-9.

The Race:—Spring Daisy led out with North close up. When rounding the turn Molly S came up very fast and passed Spring Daisy who, however, came again, from just below the distance, and, in a close finish, won by a quarter length, ¾ length between second and third.

Time:—1min. 46 2/5secs.

The Totes paid Rs. 72-8 for win, Rs. 27 and Rs. 23-8 for places.

ARAB MEDIUM PLATE—1 mile:—

Messrs. M. Goculdas, and P. Mathradass, BHATTY CHIEF 8-6, Ruiz; and Mr. Kersondas Govindjee's BEST CHANCE 7-7, Ebrahim ..... 1*
Capt. E. B. Egerton's LONGBOAT 8-8, Mujeed ..... 3

*Dead Heat.

Also Ran:—Haify, 8-12, Tulwar, 9-6, Shami, 9-5, Minerva, 9-1, Serpent, 8-11, Long Boat, 8-8, Ajmer, 8-4, Clarenceux, 8-3; Dunallow, 7-13, Phabashir, 7-11, Rising Dawn, 7-11, Brimo, 7-8, Welcome, 7-8, Best Chance, 7-7.

The Race:—Bhatty Chief and Welcome led to the 7 furlongs, when Brimo displaced Welcome. These two brought the field on to the home turn where Brimo faded away and Best Chance came out and raced with the leader. A tight finish ended in dead heat, 1½ lengths.

Time:—1 minute 55 1/5 seconds.

The Totes Paid Rs. 199-8 on Best Chance and Rs. 29 on Bhatty Chief and Rs. 76, Rs. 22, and Rs. 18-8 for places. The two owners divided.

Time:—1 minute 24 seconds.

The Toes paid Rs. 74-8 for win, Rs. 25-8, Rs. 98-8 and Rs. 20 for places.

KOREGAON PLATE.—First Division.—6 furlongs:—

Mr. Buderbin Alwash's DHAIDAN 9-3, Ruiz ..... 1
Mr. Nazar Abdulla's FLYING MACHINE 7-10, Kamid ..... 2
Mr. Abdulla Fara's DURBAN 9-4 Zammil ... 3

Also Ran:—Salisbury, 9-5, Alwar, 9-3, Chichester, 9-0, Grequa, 9-0, Anaz, 8-10, Kaiser, 8-10, Mars, 8-6, Ambassador, 8-5, Saidan, 8-4, Arabian Spot 8-4; Old China, 8-3, Mulberry, 8-0, Small Diamond, 7-13, Sirmust, 7-8.

The Race:—Flying Machine led by several lengths followed by Kaiser and Durban to the turn. Here Dhaidan came through his field and, challenging the leader, won easily by 2½ lengths, 1½ lengths.

Time:—1 minute, 20 2/5 seconds.

The Totes paid Rs. 104 for the win, Rs. 32, Rs. 19 and Rs. 24 for places.

## CRICKET IN BOMBAY,

### BOMBAY GYMKHANA V G. I. P. RAILWAY C. C.

The Bombay Gymkhana met the G. I. P. Railway C. C. on the Esplanade on Saturday the game resulting in a victory for the latetr team by four wickets and 83 runs. The home team going in to bat could make only 65 against the fine bowling of Parekh and Kapadia. The Railway team replied with 148 for 6 wickets, Parekh contributing 37. Brachi was the top scorer on the Gymkhana side with 26 to his credit.

The bowling honours of the day were carried off by Parekh and Elavia for the visitors, who captured 7 and 3 wickets for 24 and 30 runs respectively.

The scores:

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

| | |
|---|---|
| Begbie, b Parekh | 11 |
| D. G. Hurlbutt, b Elavia | 1 |
| K. cMCormack, b Elavia | 6 |
| Sir F. L. Sprott, b Parekh | 4 |
| Arundale, b Parekh | 0 |
| L. Brachi, b Parekh | 26 |
| C. D. Baker, c and b Parekh | 0 |
| Moore, c Carey, b Elavia | 2 |
| Rennick, b Parekh | 2 |
| Jackson, c and b Parekh | 0 |
| C. G. Stileman, not out | 0 |
| Extras... | 11 |
| Total ... | 65 |

G. I. P. RAILWAY C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| D. D. Driver, c and b Rennick... | 16 |
| P. Vithal, c Jackson, b Stileman ... | 19 |
| Shamrao, b Brachi ..... | 4 |
| P. Shivram, l-b-w b McCormack ... | 20 |
| M. D. Parekh, not out ..... | 37 |
| S. Nagporewalla, b McCormack ... | 6 |
| Carey, c Jackson, b Brachi ..... | 23 |
| Lees, did not bat. | |
| J. Driver, not out ..... | 4 |
| J. Elavia, did not bat ..... | 0 |
| Snalleksy, did not out ..... | 0 |
| Extras... | 19 |
| Total (for 6 wickets) ... | 148 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Bombay Gymkhana Innings.

| | O. | R. | M. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Parekh ..... | 12 | 24 | 3 | 7 |
| Elavia ..... | 12 | 30 | 5 | 6 |

Railway Innings.

| | O. | R. | M. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Stileman ..... | 11 | 24 | 4 | 1 |
| Rennick ..... | 4 | 29 | 0 | 1 |
| Brachi ..... | 14 | 36 | 4 | 2 |
| McCormack ..... | 8 | 28 | 0 | 2 |
| *Hurlbutt ..... | 3 | 28 | 0 | 2 |

Bowled one "no ball"

## RANGOON FOOTBALL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Sept. 27.

The Munster Fusiliers, the holders of the Walter Locke Shield, have again this year secured the shield, having beaten the Border Regiment by one goal to nil.

# LAHORE MEDICAL COLLEGE.

## ENQUIRY INTO STUDENTS' STRIKE.

## L.-G. ON COMMITTE'S REPORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Spt. 26.

The current week's issue of the "Punjab Gazette" publishes a resolution by the local Government on the report of the committee appointed by Sir Michael O'Dwyer to enquire into the grievances, alleged by the students of the Lahore Medical College in April last. The committee consisted of Surgeon-General Sir Pardey Lukis, President, and Rev. Dr. J. C. R. Ewing, Vice-Chancellor, Punjab University, and Mr. H. J. Maynard, Financial Commissioner, Punjab.

The members of the committee met on the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th April, during which period they visited the hospital and college, considered all the documentary evidence and recorded the statements of various witnesses in the presence of the Principal of the college and two representatives of the students. The grievances enquired into were those alleged in a letter of the students to the Principal, dated 13th February.

The grievances were of discourteous, insulting and unsympathetic treatment by the Principal and the staff, insufficient opportunities of practical work, restrictions on the use of the library by students, suspicious and unjust attitude of the college authorities towards the students in regard to relations between them and the nurses, reduction in the number of scholarships, the system of bonds, and the difficulties that students desirous of proceeding to England are said to experience in regard to certificates. The committee did not concern itself with the strike.

### COMPLAINTS EXAGGERATED.

The Lieutenant-Governor, in reviewing the report, which is also published with the resolution, says that he has perused the evidence taken by the committee and has consulted the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals and the Principal of the Medical College in regard to the recommendations contained in the report. Referring to the complaints of the students in regard to the attitude of the principal and professors towards them, His Honour thinks they are much exaggerated. So far as they are substantiated they appear to be due partly to misunderstanding of English idoim and ignorance of bluff English ways on the part of the students, and partly to the aloofness of the staff after lecture hours, and a certain lack of interest in the students outside the lecture room. Thus there have been faults on both sides which closer association should remove.

The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that bot professors and students will recognise this and fully concurs in the hope expressed by the committee that relations between them should become such that it will not be possible for the students even to imagine that they are being treated with discourtesy or lack of good feeling.

Referring to the complaint about suspicious and unjust attitude of the college authorities towards the students in regard to relations between them and the nurses, His Honour observes that it is clear that there is room for improvement in the matter. The committee in their report say that the notice ordering students not to speak to nurses may possibly give rise to misunderstanding, and it is clear that it cannot be complied with literally. The committee think it should be taken down. The Committee's examination of the Principal of the Medical College has made it plain to them that no mistrust of the moral characters of the students lies behind the order excluding them from the hospital after 5 p.m. and the notice requiring them not to speak to the nurses. His Honour endorses, without reserve, the advice given to both parties by the Committee and looks to the Principal to give practical effect to their suggestions.

### DEFECTS IN INSTRUCTION.

Referring to the defects in the methods of practical instruction, His Honour says that the Committee's report goes to show that the whole system of demonstration requires remodelling. Clinical instruction, largely owing to the very great number of students in the wards is defective. Student's practical work in the hospital is almost confined to dressing, there is great difficulty in watching operations owing to overcrowding, and a student may pass out of the college with honours in midwifery without ever having seen a case of labour. The necessity of strengthening the staff is recognised by His Honour and proposals in this direction are already under consideration.

Referring to the lack of facilities for instruction in midwifery, His Honour says, that it is to the removal of this greatest reproach to the system of medical education at Lahore College that he would prefer to devote in the first instance any further funds that may be available. His Honour has directed the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals to submit preliminary proposals without delay for a maternity hospital. As regards the system of bonds, His Honour agrees with the committee that it has many objections and it will accordingly be abolished from the next session so far as the Punjab students are concerned.

Further enquiry is being made into the difficulties in regard to the issue of certificates. The resolution deals with several other important matters.

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*THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.*
*Monday, September 28, 1914.*

## MANNERS—AND A MORAL!

Last February the students of the Lahore Medical College were made the object of a good deal of ridicule and contumely in the Anglo-Indian press because, following on the refusal of the Principal of the College to allow them to hold a protest meeting regarding the aspersions cast upon Indian medical students by English medical students in London they went on strike. As we pointed out at the time, the immediate cause of the strike was the culmination of a long series of grievances of a grave character. The Resolution of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab on the report of the Committee appointed to enquire into these grievances, which has just been published, shows that the more serious of these grievances were very well-founded. Though, we are told, the Committee did not concern themselves with the strike, they concerned themselves with all the grievances put forward in the representation, which the students presented to the Principal of the College at the time, and their Report has produced from the Lieutenant-Governor a Resolution, which is strongly condemnatory of the Administration of the College, though we regret to find, that Sir Michael O'Dwyer has not taken the steps, which his own remarks insistently suggest,—the removal of the gentleman who has been hitherto responsible for the administration, and a general overhauling of the staff. The Lieutenant-Governor finds that the complaints of the students of discourteous, insulting and unsympathetic treatment were much exaggerated. "So far as they are substantiated," he says, "they appear to be due, partly to misunderstanding of the English idiom and ignorance of bluff English ways on the part of the students, and partly to the aloofness of the staff after lecture hours, and a certain lack of interest in the students outside the lecture room." "Thus," concludes the sapient Sir Michael O'Dwyer in a paternal tone "There have been faults on both sides."

We trust it will not be considered unduly discourteous to the Lieutenant-Governor if we describe this attempt to excuse the Principal and his staff as a farrago of nonsense. Faults on one side are suggested but what those on the other have been, his Honour leaves to our imagination. But so far as the faults mentioned are concerned, it would have been better if Sir Michael O'Dwyer had kept his ideas about the English idiom and bluff English ways to himself. The well-bred and educated Englishman is naturally a courteous and sympathetic gentleman. There are thousands of students in this country undergoing their educational training at the hands of hundreds of Englishmen, Scotchmen and Irishmen, preserving as a rule the most amicable relations. Such an occurrence as a strike of students is almost unparallelled. Yet these thousands of students come into the hands of English professors, equally as ignorant of the English idiom and English ways as did the medical students at Lahore. Why then has it been left to the latter alone to resent the English idiom,—most lurid idioms they were, as set forth in the students' petition,—and bluff English ways? The reply is obvious. There are a number of Europeans in this country, who reserve a special code of manners for their treatment of the natives of this country. The ordinary observer calls it rudeness and knows that it is born of the hateful and abominable spirit of racial superiority which is the bane of all evil in this country. The Indian who experiences it knows quite as well as Sir Michael O'Dwyer, perhaps better, the distinction between the plain good manners of a well-behaved Englishman, and the offensive intentional suspension of courtesy which marks the attitude of a certain type of European towards the people of this country. The attempt to ascribe the unpleasantness with which the Lahore students had to put up, to misunderstanding of the English idiom and "bluff English ways" is therefore more likely to excite derision than anything else. The number of Europeans in India who make a cult of bad manners is already large enough, and, though we improve with the times, it is always being added to by fresh arrivals who are affected by bad examples. If Lieutenant-Governors, who should be the first to deal with this sort of thing with a strong hand, are going to invent hypocritical excuses about bluff English ways, the last state of inter-racial relations in this country will be worse than ever,—and it is on the improvement of those relations that the future contentment of this country under British rule very largely depends. People with what Sir Michael O'Dwyer describes as "bluff" ways require to be severely suppressed, and, for that reason, and for the sake of the good name of Englishmen generally, we think it is a matter of infinite regret that Sir Michael O'Dwyer did not promptly remove the Principal of the Lahore College from a sphere in which his bluffness and his idioms are not appreciated instead calling him in consultation as to the future administration of the institution.

The Lieutenant-Governor's failure to take this course is the more regrettable, because it is obvious that, not only the manners of the staff, but the whole conduct of the institution has been gravely wanting in efficiency. The Committee's report shows that the whole system of demonstration requires remodelling. Clinical instruction is defective. The students' practical work is almost confined to dressing and the difficulty in wacthing operations is such that a student may pass out of the college with honours in midwifery without ever having seen a case of labour! All this, as well as other points on which the findings of the Committee are of a serious character, bear out the grievances which the students laid before the Principal in February last and which were the causes of the strike. Incidentally they should reveal to some of our contemporaries the folly of ridiculing a demonstration of this character on the part of young men seriously training for a profession, without properly enquiring into its causes. It is due to Sir Michael O'Dwyer to give him the credit of having taken the matter seriously and ordered the holding of an enquiry. The Committee go out of their way to announce that they did not concern themselves with the strike. But presumably, if there had been no strike, there would have been no enquiry, and the Lahore Medical College would have continued in its slough of inefficiency turning out upon an unsuspecting public "honours" men in midwifery who had never seen a labour case. We hope that the authorities may yet realise the need for the appointment of a new Principal of the College.

## THE RUSSIAN OFFICER.

The stories which reach us from time to time of the bravery of the Russian officer on the field of battle bear out what one has learnt from those who know the man, and have had the opportunity of studying him at close quarters and remarking those qualities which distinguish him from his comrades of other armies. The Russian officer seen in private life, whether it be in his own country shooting bears or on the terrace of the Casino at Monte Carlo,—the Russian's Paradise,—is something of a boisterous overgrown schoolboy, ready for any form of mischief at any time of the day. He is insensible of danger, and, though seen in a drawing-room his ultra-courtly manners might lead casual observers to put him down as a carpet-knight, it is an open question whether he has an equal in Europe, for supporting extremes of heat and cold, and the various other hardships which form part of the day's work in a vagrant military career such as falls to the lot of the average Russian officer. From the scorching heat of Central Asia he has no luxurious Simla to which he can fly in a corridor train, no popular sea-side resorts for a brief week-end, no easily acquired leave for sporting purposes. His lot is a long round of routine, composed chiefly of breaking-in to the Tsar's service such tough customers as Tartars, Caucasians, Kurds and Turcomans, with a barn for barracks and not a civilised man, outside the regiment, for a thousand miles.

In conjunction with this it is to be remembered that the average Russian officer is on a good social position and is accustomed at home to a luxurious style of living. His people are invariably landowners in a country which has only two classes; his education includes a large amount of travelling, his command of languages is proverbial, he is said to be the most courtly individual in Europe, but, nevertheless, the greater part of his service is spent among some of the most savage tribes of the great twin-Continental plateau over which the flag of St. Andrew floats. But the astonishing thing is that environment does not seem in the least to affect his mode of life or his manners, and he will receive you outside his Central Asian mud-hut with the same grand-seigneurial air, as if he were welcoming you to his ancestral seat. He will click his heels together and bow profoundly and quite unconsciously waft you back into civilisation, though a moment before you were standing in Cathay. And this is no exaggeration; on the contrary it is these very qualities that have caused careless observers to underrate his manhood. Many people judge military life in Russia from what they have observed in Petrograd where a few crack corps of Guards are stationed, but "Petrograd is not Russia" as the Russians are fond of telling you! The "tolerable" garrison towns in the Russian Empire can be counted on the fingers; they are Moscow, Odessa, Kieff, Warsaw, Tiflis and the Crimea,—the rest are impossible. The Russian is a cosmopolitan, he cannot colonise, he cannot, except so far as etiquette is concerned, transport Russia into the heart of Central Asia and the silence of the snow-bound wastes of Siberia. The Eastern blood in his veins, the qualities he has inherited from his nomadic ancestors and his love of soldiering for soldiering's sake, alike, render him insensible to those hardships which are always his. He rides hard all day and at night wakes the wilderness with snatches of the songs they "used to sing" in far away Montmartre! And so he gets on quite well without things Russian, until he gets back to Petrograd and falls back into the old life, as though he had never been out of the land of his birth. An Englishman who has been living for twenty years in India, may return to England but he remains for ever an Anglo-Indian and looks back with regret to the land of the deodhar; the Briton who has served in Egypt becomes by some mysterious process an Anglo-Egyptian and tells you that life is not worth living away from the Nile. Yet both these classes enjoy even in the most outlandish garrisons some of the home comforts that they insist on transporting with them. Now this is where the Russian, who also rules a mighty Empire, differs from the Briton, whom, however, in many other respects he resembles. Firstly, he does not take with him anything bearing even the faintest resemblance to Russian life, when he is ordered thousands of miles away from home, unless it be caviare, vodka and the comic songs he learnt at Montmartre. His fathers were nomads and they left him this as a guiding maxim,—"Sufficient unto the day be the evil hereof." So he quietly does his duty for the Little Father and spends his evenings in boisterou glee, profusely damped with vodka and such native wine as can be got. The stranger who sees him in his mud-huttish, tobacco-reeking quarters, six thousand miles away from the Nevski Prospekt, might wonder how a person so obviously elegant and refined can find it possible to be gleeful in so villainous a place, but that is where the Russian scores, for in reality he does'nt care a hang. He thoroughly enjoys himself. The home of his early ancesters was a moving tent, and this is in his veins. He makes friends with the local tribal chiefs, and, being half an Oriental himself, manages in their society to find enough sport to fill up his modest leisure.

Though he be a man of wealth he considers roughing it in Turkestan as the only career possible to him. He generally prefers it to the Diplomatic Service and those young officers who, owing to linguistic attainments, are sometimes attached to the Russian Embassies pine to get back to their regiments. He loves the open life and this is where he so strongly resembles the Englishman. The fierce and brave races amongst whom he spends so great a part of his life gradually infuse into his personality some of that Spartanism which still prevails in Siberia and Turkestan. It is on account of this that we said at the outset, that the stories which come from the front describing the complete indifference of the Russian officer to both pain and danger would not astonish those who know the man. His long service in impossible places does not seem visibly to affect his physique, as is witnessed by the large number of Russian officers, over fifty year, of age who still continue to be hard riders as well as the best cavalry commanders in Europe.

## Notes of the Day

**After the War.**

In the "Nineteenth Century" for September, which reached us by yesterday's mail, there are, as is to be expected at a time when the war and its aspect are dominating men's minds almost to the total exclusion of every other subject, several contribution by well-known writers which may be read with profit. Sir Harry Johnston writes illuminatingly on "The German War and Its Consequences," among which, he forecasts the reduction of Germany to a state of modest dimensions, extending from the Upper Danube and the Vorarlberg to the Baltic, and from the Rhine and the Ems to the Lower Vistula and the Upper Wartlie. The writer predicts, in the case of defeat of Germany by the Allies,—which, to judge from the course and results of the past two months' conflict, can only be a matter of time,—among other things the complete independence of Hungary, the reconstitution of Poland, the dismemberment of Austria, the resumption by France of the western Rhinelands, the Rhine becoming once more an international stream, and the building of the Bagdad Railway by England, France and Russia. Mr. J. Ellis Barker strikes the same note in an article: "The Ultimate Ruin of Germany," in which he prophesies the conversion of Germany from a wealthy into a poverty-stricken land, and the emigration of Germans, by the million, to foreign lands. This adversity, Mr. Barker hopes, may prove the salvation of the German people who may find in a democracy another chance of future greatness.

**The Votaries of Attila.**

So far we have heard only of the barbarities of the Prussian, but the latest information goes to show that the Austrians are following the example of the usual models of Berlin. The advancing Russian forces in East Galicia have come across the bodies of priests who had been hanged, and though further information is not forthcoming it is not so difficult to put two and two together and guess who were the victims. In Eastern Galicia one finds a large number of priests belonging to the Ruthenian church and bound by many ties to the Russian church. By these the Russian advance has surely been received with rejoicing and no doubt the priests have not been an exception to the rule. Though the fact is not very well known, the Austrians are as capable of callous butchery as the Germans. The cynical policy of Metternich was responsible for that awful period known as the Polish peasants' revolt. In order to incite the plebiscite against a patriotic aristocracy, the agents of the great Austrian statesman did not disdain to pour poison into the ears of the peasant and lead him to murder his lord, the Hapsburg coming in for the finale to shoot down both classes in order to restore peace. The Austrian German is after the same race as the subject of the Kaiser and is guided by the same ethics of war. Indeed, had it not been for the venerable Emperor the rule of Austria in Galicia would have been as great a stain on European civilisation as has been the policy of the Prussian in Posen.

**The War and the Bread-Winner.**

How hard the war has hit the working classes at Home is strikingly illustrated in Mr. Percy Alden's article in the "Contemporary Review" for September, received yesterday. The effect of the declaration of war upon working-class life was at first disastrous. Food-prices went up with a bound and hundreds of thousands were thrown out of employment; and, although mainly owing to the admirable efforts of the Government, the situation is much easier, there is still considerable room for anxiety. There is the case of women and children of Reservists and those who have gone to the front. There is the case of school children who have to be provided with meals by the Board of Education. The prevalent distress has necessitated the formation in each town and district of a committee which is responsible for the co-ordination of relief agencies in the locality, whether official or voluntary, as well as for the distribution of grants made from the national funds. But the class that has been most badly hit is that section of the middle classes who have no independent means. Doctors, dentists, farmers and clergy may not find their incomes so much reduced, since their services are necessary to the community and will be somehow or other paid for, but the Home papers are full of what is happening to lawyers, engineers, journalists, authors, actors, painters, sculptors, architects, musicians, clerks, and to many trades people.

**In Aid of Recruiting.**

Almost the whole of the British press is doing splendid work in aid of recruiting, but it is apparent there are difficulties of the recruiting staff, which has been largely depleted by removals to the Expeditionary Force. But even if the present number of recruiting offices cannot be increased all at once, there are several ways in which members of local emergency committees can assist the recognised recruiting staff at such offices as already exist. According to a correspondent in "The Spectator" of August 29, there appears to be no want of readiness to join the fighting forces of the Crown, but there is a curious and rather widely prevalent idea that many men are not required just yet. The correspondent suggests that the country needs rousing, not to fight so much as to get ready immediately to fight when the time for that comes. Another correspondent makes an admirable suggestion. He proposes that a direct appeal from the King himself should be made to the younger unmarried men, and perhaps an appeal from the Queen also to the women to use their influence to get the men to join. Such an appeal, he thinks, might do a great deal, and influence especially the well-off people of the nation.

**The Hindu University.**

As there appears to be considerable misapprehension in regard to several points in connection with the formation of the Hindu University, it was decided at a special meeting of the Hindu University Society held at Allahabad on the last day of last month that a deputation should wait on the Viceroy to discuss generally the whole question. Bombay is to be represented by either Sir Bhalchandra Krishna or Mr. Pattani. We understand that the deputation will, among other suggestions, urge on his Excellency that the University be allowed to elect its own Chancellor, and that it is unnecessary to reserve to the Chancellor the extraordinary power of removing a member of the staff, a power which has never been reserved by the Government in the case of any other University.

# GREAT BATTLE STILL RAGING.

## ENEMY REPULSED ALONG THE WHOLE LINE.

## ALLIES' CONTINUED PROGRESS.

## GERMANS FORTIFYING BRUSSELS.

## BRITISH OCCUPATION OF GERMAN POSSESSIONS.

**Though the situation on the Aisne continues unchanged, an Ostend telegram reports significant defensive preparations by Germans in Belgium. They are busily engaged in converting Brussels into a strong fortress and have installed siege-guns in the suburbs of Brussels. It is added that since the 19th 40,000 Germans have been encamped around Waterloo.**

**The latest official communique issued in Paris, regarding the progress of the battle of the Aisne, says that the enemy's attacks have been repulsed along the whole line, that the Allies are progressing both on the left and the right, and that the situation is stationary in the centre.**

**In the eastern theatre of war the Russians continue to occupy towns after towns in Galicia.**

**The Australians have occupied the town of Fredrich Wilhelm, in German New Guinea, while the South African Union Defence Force has peacefully occupied Luederitz Bay on the 19th instant.**

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

## ALLIED FORCES.

### ENEMY REPULSED EVERYWHERE.

### ALLIES' PROGRESS ON THE LEFT.

**FIGHTING ALONG WHOLE LINE.**

LONDON, Sept. 27, 3-15 a.m.

An official communique published in Paris last night says:—

The enemy attacked along the whole line. They were everywhere repulsed.

We are progressing on the left wing.

The situation is stationary on the Meuse.

We continue to gain ground in Woevre.

### POSITION IN LORRAINE.

**ENEMY'S FORCES REDUCED.**

LONDON, Sept. 26, 6-30 p.m.

A communique issued in Paris says:—The forces of the enemy in Lorraine and the Vosges appear to have been reduced.

Some detachments which had driven back our advanced posts have been repulsed by our reserves.

### POINCARE ESTATE.

**BOMBARDED BY GERMANS.**

LONDON, Sept. 26, 2-40 a.m.

The Germans have bombarded the village of Sampigny in Eastern France which is the personal property of President Poincarè.

They have also pillaged the property of other members of the Poincarè family.

### GERMAN ACTIVITY ALL ALONG THE LINE.

**COUNTER-ATTACKS REPULSED.**

LONDON, Sept. 26, 5-20 p.m.

A Press Bureau announcement says:—There has been much activity by the enemy all along the line. Some heavy counter-attacks have been repulsed and considerable loss has been inflicted on the enemy.

### ENEMY RETIRING ON THE RIGHT.

**ALLIES' VIGOROUS OFFENSIVE.**

LONDON, Sept. 26, 3 35 a m.

A communique issued in Paris at eleven o'clock on Friday says:—

On the left wing of the region north-west of Noyon our advanced troops came into contact with superior forces of the enemy and were obliged to give little ground. Reinforced by fresh troops they resumed the offensive vigorously.

The struggle in this region is assuming a particularly violent character.

On the right the enemy has begun to yield before the attacks of troops from Nancy and Toul and is retiring towards Ruptdemad.

Action continues on the heights of the Meuse. The Germans have succeeded in reaching Saint Mihiel but have failed to cross the Meuse.

### BRUSSELS—A GERMAN FORTRESS.

**SEIGE-GUNS INSTALLED.**

**40,000 ENCAMPED AROUND WATERLOO.**

OSTEND, Sept. 26, 6-30 p.m.

Since the 19th instant, 40,000 Germans have been encamped around Waterloo.

Germans in Brussels refuse to issue further passports for Mons.

It is believed that they do not want anyone to see their heavy siege trains returning from France.

The Germans have installed siege-guns in the suburbs of Brussels and are busily engaged in converting Brussels into a strong fortress.

Thousands of tons of earth are being used to construct a fortress.

### VIOLENT BATTLE ON THE FRENCH LEFT

**GERMANS DRIVEN OVER THE MEUSE.**

**FOURTEENTH GERMAN ARMY CORPS FALLS BACK.**

LONDON, Sept. 26, 5-20 p.m.

The following communique has been issued in Paris:—On our left the battle continues. It is most violent between the Somme and the Oise. We have made slight progress between the Oise and Siossons The situation in the centre is unchanged

The enemy succeeded in crossing the Meuse but our offensive has already for the most part driven the Germans back over the river. Our attacks further southward have not ceased to make progress. The Fourteenth German Army Corps has fallen back, having suffered great losses.

### GENERAL ACTION ON THE LEFT.

**GERMANS REINFORCED.**

PARIS, Sept. 25, 5-45 p.m.

This afternoon there was a general action on our left wing.

A communique issued here says:—"The German right has been reinforced from the centre and Lorraine. No important modifications have occurred in the north of the Aisne. We have advanced in the centre. In Argonne the situation is unchanged. We are masters of the heights of the Meuse. Our troops southward of Verdun have advanced into the Beaumont region.

### THE RHEIMS CATHEDRAL.

**BOMBARDMENT RECOMMENCED.**

PARIS, Sept. 26.

On Thursday the Germans recommenced the bombardment of Rheims Cathedral.

### AUSTRIANS AGAIN BOMBARDING BELGRADE.

LONDON, Sept. 26.

The Austrians are again bombarding Belgrade.

### THE KAISER'S VAIN HOPES.

**PROJECTED TRIUMPHAL ENTRY INTO NANCY.**

**RETIRED CREST FALLEN.**

LONDON, Sept. 26.

A French magistrate saw Emperor William accompanied by ten thousand cavalry in parade dress with whom he intended to make a triumphal entry into Nancy, the ancient capital of Lorraine. When, however, the Germans were obliged to retreat, the Emperor turned his horse and left with the cavalry.

### BOMBARDMENT OF TROYON.

**HOW GERMANS WERE NON-PLUSSED.**

LONDON, Sept. 26.

Wounded French soldiers relate that when the Germans bombarded Fort Troyon the French did not reply but the commandant set fire to two carts of straw.

The Germans seeing the blaze and believing that the fort had been abandoned advanced and when they had come close up the French attacked with the result that a thousand Germans were killed.

### A ZEPPELIN THROWS BOMBS ON OSTEND.

LONDON, Sept. 25, 3-15 a.m.

Yesterday evening a Zeppelin dropped three bombs on Ostend, and killed a dog and slightly damaged a fishmarket. The first bomb fell on a bridge on the outskirts of the town, the second on the harbour and the third on the fishmarket, where it demolished the fishmonger's office and killed a watchdog. The windows of the houses opposite were broken. The inhabitants immediately extinguished the lights and rushed into the streets, where they remained to discuss the affair.

### A BOMB DROPPED ON BOULOGNE.

BOULOGNE, Sept. 25.

A German aviator dropped a bomb on a shipbuilding yard. No damage was done.

### BRITISH CASUALTIES.

LONDON, Sept. 25.

The following list of officers killed is published to-day:—

Captain M. Carr, Worcesters. Second Lieut. P. Girardot, Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry. Lieutenant Huggan, R. A. M. C. Lieutenant O. Knapton, Warwicks. Second Lieut. J. Mead, Royal Fusiliers. Lieutenant Mockler-Ferryman, Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry. Second Lieut. F. Smythe, Worcesters. Lieutenant R. Worthington, Oxford and Bucks. Major J. B. Barstow, Engineers.

DEAD OF WOUNDS.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. Galton R. A. M. C., Lieutenant-Colonel I. G Hogg. Fourth Hussars.

DROWNED ON DUTY.—Lieutenant G A. Hutton, Engineers.

LONDON, Sept. 25.

The following casualties are announced to-day:—

WOUNDED:—Captain L. Ashburner, Royal Fusiliers; Captain W. Bowden-Smith, Fusiliers; Captain J. H. Brocklehurst, Coldstreams; Lieutenant L. Browing, Field Artillery; Quartermaster and Honorary Lieutenant T. Bunting, Irish Fusilieurs; Lieutenant A. W. Campbell, Coldstreams; Lieutenant M. Dease, Royal Fusiliers; Captain A. G. Egerton, Coldstreams; Captain R. Evelegh, Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry; Captain H. Forster, Royal Fusiliers; Captain C. G. Higgins, Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry; Lieutenant H. McMaster, Field Artillery; Lieutenant Naylor-Layland, Royal Horse Guards; Major H. Packard, Field Artillery; Lieutenant F. Roche, army Veterinary Corps; Lieutenant E. Smith and Lieutenant F. Steele, Royal Fusiliers; Second Lieutenant A. Tyldon-Pattenson, Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry; Second Lieutenant R. C. Wells, Engineers.

UNOFFICIALLY REPORTED DIED OF WOUNDS:—Lieutenant L. W. White, First Dragoons.

UNOFFICIALLY REPORTED PRISONERS:—Lieutenant A. J. Brown and Lieutenant H. Hills, R. A. M. C.

LONDON, Sept. 26, 5-20 p.m.

The following casualties are announced to-day:—

DIED OF WOUNDS.—Lieutenant O.Garsia Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, Lieutenant A. George, Dorsetshires; Lieutenant S. K. Jones, Army Veterinary Corps; Major Pilleau, West Surreys; Second-Lieut. Relton, East Surreys; Second-Lieut. E. Tindall. Rifle Corps

**(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)**

LONDON, Sept. 26.

The following casualties are announced:—

WOUNDED:—Lieutenant L. Buller and Second-Lieutenant Cave-Orme, Lincolnshires; Quartermaster and Honorary Lieutenant T. Clayton, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders; Lieutenant Cockburn-Mercer, Inniskilling Fusiliers; Lieutenant C. C. Holmes, Lincolnshires; Captain G. W. Hunt, Northamptonshires; Captain F. C. Rose and Lieutenant E. L. Welchman, Lincolnshires.

WOUNDED AND MISSING:—Captain R. Stevens, Irish Rifles; Second-Lieutenant Wingate-Gray, Field Artillery.

MISSING:—Captain S. Field, Captain M. Leahy, Captain G. H. Stevenson and Lieutenant F. Tulloch, R. A. M C.

UNOFFICIALLY REPORTED WOUNDED AND PRISONERS:—Captain J. A. Davenport, Lancashire Fusiliers; and Major R. A. Gray, Irish Fusiliers.

## RUSSIAN FORCES.

### FIGHTING AT JAROSLAV.

**AUSTRIAN ARTILLERY OVER-POWERED.**

**POSITIONS RUSHED BY BAYONETS.**

**(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)**

PETROGRAD, Sept. 25.

The fighting, prior to the capture of Jaroslav, lasted for a week. It was of the fiercest nature. The Austrians on the hills swept several miles of open country with guns and quickfirers. The Russians advanced undauntedly and brought their guns into action. On the fifth day they overpowered the Austrian artillery and rushed the positions by a bayonet charge. They found the Austrian trenches piled with the dead and wounded. Men had been lying in trenches for days, a circumstance which points to the inadequacy of the Austrian medical department. Prisoners said that they had been without food for four days and had eaten only wild pears and raw potatoes.

### RUSSIAN SUCCESSES IN GALICIA.

LONDON, Sept. 26, 6-30 p.m.

The Russians have taken Rzeszow, on the railway to Cracow.

They have also captured two fortified positions respectively north and south of Przemysl.

### AUSTRIANS STILL RETREATING.

LONDON, Sept. 27, 2-45 a.m.

A Russian official despatch says that the Austrians are retreating west towards Cracow.

The Russians have occupied Tourka.

### RUSSIANS OCCUPY TWO FORTIFIED POSITIONS.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 25, 5-25 a.m.

It is officially announced here that on the southwestern front the Russians have occupied the fortified positions of Czyschky and Foultyn, commading Khyroff and the positions in the Radymno district with all the enemy's artillery. The garrison or Przemysl has evacuated the village of Medyka and has been driven back in the eastern section towards the line of forts. No fighting has occurred on the German front.

### GERMAN ADVANCE CHECKED IN SUWALKI.

LONDON, Sept. 25.

The Russians have checked the Germans' advance in the Government of Suwalki.

### AUSTRIAN BARBARITIES IN GALICIA.

PETROGRAD, Sept 26.

The Russians advancing in Galicia found the bodies of several priests hanged by the Austrians. The population of Cracow is fleeing to Vienna. There has been no further fighting in western Galicia. The Austrians are continuing to retreat.

### ZEPPELLIN SHOT DOWN.

**CREW CAPTURED BY RUSSIANS.**

LONDON, Sept. 27, 3-15 a.m.

A Zeppelin arrived at Warsaw at five o'clock on Saturday morning and threw two bombs, doing little damage.

The airship was subsequently shot down near the fortress of Modlin and her crew was captured.

### KAISER'S SON IN HOSPITAL.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 27, 2-45 a.m.

The Emperor William's son Prince Oscar is in hospital suffering from weak heart.

### KING GEORGE INSPECTS NEW ARMY.

LONDON, Sept. 27, 2-45 a.m.

King George yesterday inspected battlions of the new army stationed at Aldershot.

### SAFETY OF LORD WILLINGDON'S SON.

**WOUNDED IN THE LEG.**

LONDON, Sept. 25, 11-45 p.m.

The news of the safety of Lord Willingdon's son, Lieutenant the Hon. G. F. Freeman-Thomas, Coldstream Guards, has been telegraphed to-day. He was wounded in the leg.

### BRITAIN'S LOAN TO BELGIUM.

**TO BE WITHOUT INTEREST.**

LONDON, Sept. 26.

Mr. Lloyd George has announced that Britain's loan to Belgium will be without interest.

### THE ULSTER DIVISION.

**MAJOR-GENERAL HERBERT IN COMMAND.**

LONDON, Sept. 26, 5-20 a.m.

Major-General Herbert Powell commands the Ulster Division of Earl Kitchener's Army. Captain Craig will be Assistant Adjutant-General.

## AFRICA.

### GERMAN SOUTH-WEST AFRICA.

**LUEDERITZ BAY OCCUPIED BY UNION FORCE.**

CAPETOWN, Sept. 26, 11-45 a.m.

The Union Defence Force peacefully occupied Luederitz Bay on the 19th instant.

LONDON, Sept. 26.

The officers of the Union of South Africa formally demanded the surrender of Luederitz Bay but the white flag was already flying over the Town Hall.

The force then disembarked and the British flag was hoisted over the Town Hall amid salutes.

It is believed that the main garrison only retreated on the 18th instant, after destroying the railway.

Everything was found to be intact in the town except the wireless station.

### GERMAN POST IN AFRICA SURRENDERS.

LONDON, Sept. 25, 3-15 a.m.

The German post of Schuckmannsburg, near the Zambesi, has surrendered to the Rhodesian police without opposition. The German Resident has been taken to Livingstone.

### THE PREMIER AT DUBLIN.

**ADDRESSES A RECRUITING MEETING.**

**APPEAL TO LOYAL IRELAND TO TAKE HER PLACE.**

LONDON, Sept. 25, 11-45 p.m.

Mr. Asquith addressed a recruiting meeting at Mansion House, Dublin, to-day. Five hundred armed volunteers formed the guard-of-honour. Thousands were unable to gain admission.

Mr. Asquith said he had come to call loyal Ireland to take her place in the defence of a common cause in vindication of international good faith and protection of the weak against the strong. How could Ireland delay helping in a struggle for the freedom for smaller nations? The best manhood of the Empire was flowing in and he asked the national volunteers to contribute with promptitude and enthusiasm a large contingent of recruits to Earl Kitchener's Second Army.

Mr. Remond said that the democracy of Great Britain had conceded Ireland the right to autonomy and Ireland was bound in honour to stand with other autonomous portions of the King's Dominions. If the barrier provided by the British Army and Navy was removed, the liberties of Ireland would disappear in forty-eight hours. Ireland would bear her share of the burden with alacrity.

### AUSTRALIA'S ZEAL FOR HER SHARE IN WAR.

**WILLING TO SEND ANY NUMBER OF CONTINGENTS.**

**PREMIER'S REMARKABLE SPEECH.**

LONDON, Sept. 26.

In a speech at Melbourne, Mr. Fisher said that Australia was willing to send as many contingents as were necessary to ensure victory. There was no room for indifference or doubt. There should be no question as to expense. The Australians would rather be dead than be under the domination of another people.

### ST. JOHN'S AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION

**APPEAL FOR SICK AND WOUNDED.**

LONDON, Sept. 25.

A special Indian sub-committee of the St. John's Ambulance Association, of which Sir John Hewett is chairman and on which Surgeon-General Sir R. Havelock Charles and Lieutenant-Colonel Sir James Dunlop-Smith represent the India Office, will shortly issue an appeal for funds and articles of comfort sick and wounded Indians.

It is also hoped to establish a base hospital in France and possibly another in Alexandria.

### INDIAN FIELD AMBULANCE.

**INDIANS ENTITLED TO VOLUNTEER.**

LONDON, Sept. 25, 7-5 p.m.

Colonel Richard Baker, late of the Indian Medical Service, has been appointed to command the Indian Field Amburance. Indians, who are efficient, will be entitled to volunteer for 6 months' service at the front. A field detachament will be ten officers and fifty nusing orderlies etcetera.

### PRINCE OF WALES' WAR FUND.

**GAMBIA'S CONTRIBUTION OF £10,000.**

LONDON, Sept. 26.

Gambia has given £10,000 to the Prince of Wales' War Fund.

### LOYALTY OF SULTANS AND SHEIKHS OF ADEN.

LONDON, Sept. 26.

All Sultans and Sheikhs of the Aden protectorate have offered their services to the King and are praying for the continued success of the Allies.

## FIGHTING AT SEA.

### HOW THE CRUISERS WERE SUNK.

**ADMIRALTY STATEMENT.**

**"GLORIOUS DEVOTION TO DUTY."**

LONDON, Sept. 25, 9-0 p.m.

The Admiralty issued to-night through the Press Bureau facts regarding the sinking of the cruisers, from the reports of senior surviving officers.

The sinking of the Aboukir was an ordinary hazard of patrolling duty. The Hogue and the Cressy were sunk because they assisted the Aboukir and remained with their engines stopped endeavouring to save life. Thus they presented an easy and certain target to further submarine attacks. Modern naval war is presenting so many new and strange situations that an error of judgment of this character is pardonable, but it has been necessary to point out for future guidance that the conditions, when a vessel of a squadron is injured in a minefield or exposed to a submarine attack, are analagous to those occurring in an action and the rule of leaving disabled ships to their own resources is applicable. Small craft, however, should be directed by wireless to close round the disabled ship.

The loss of 60 officers and 1,400 men men would not have been grudged, if it had occurred in an open action. The absence, however, of ardour and excitement of the engagement did not prevent a display of discipline and cheerful courage and ready self-sacrifice of all ranks. Lives were as gloriously devoted to the requirements of his Majesty's service as if the loss had occurred in a general action.

The Aboukir was struck at 6-55 in the morning. When it was seen that the Aboukir was in the danger of sinking, the Hogue and the Cressy sent boats and when they were returning full of the Aboukir's men, the Hogue was struck, apparently in the magazine.

Men on the Cressy observed a periscope 300 yards off. The Cressy opened fire with engines at fullspeed ahead in order to ram the submarine.

The chief gunner positively asserts that the submarine was sunk but the officer thinks that floating timber was struck. But the men on the deck cheered, thinking that the submarine had been hit.

The Cressy then manoeuvred in order to render assistance to the Hogue and the Aboukir.

Another periscope was seen and a torpedo was fired at the range of 500 yards. Its track was plainly visible and it struck the Cressy on the starboard side. A second torpedo missed and a third fired quarter of an hour after the first hit the boilerroom.

The Cressy sank at 7-55.

The Abqukir sank in 35 minutes, the Hogue in five minutes and the Cressy in 45 minutes.

### OF SMALL NAVAL SIGNIFICANCE.

**(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)**

LONDON, Sept. 26.

Dense black smoke issued from the cruisers as they sank. A large number of the Cressy's men were saved by casting adrift a pattern three target. The second torpedo which struck the Cressy passed over the sinking hull of the Aboukir and narrowly missed it.

An Admiralty statement declares that the natural promptings of humanity led to heavy losses. These would have been avoided by a strict adherence to military considerations. No act of humanity, whether to a friend or a foe, should lead to the neglect of the proper dispositions of war and no measures can be taken to save life which may prejudice a military situation. The loss of cruisers, apart from the loss of life, is of small naval significance.

### COMMANDER NICHOLSON'S REPORT.

LONDON, Sept. 25, 10-45 p.m.

Commander Bertram Nicholson's report regarding the sinking of the three cruisers says:—The explosion on the Aboukir was very heavy. The submarine which the Cressy fired at did not fire a torpedo at Cressy. Five minutes later, however, another submarine hit the ressy. The watertight doors etc. had already been closed and all mess tools, tables and available timber had been thrown overboard with a view to saving life. The second torpedo missed the stern by twenty feet. Commander Nicholson says that it is possible that the same submarine fired all the three torpedoes at the Cressy.

### COMMANDER NORTON'S REPORT.

LONDON, Sept. 25, 10-45 p.m.

Commander Norton says:—The Hogue was struck amidships. I ordered the men to provide themselves with wood and went to the engine-rooms. Water was over the engine-room gratings. When I regained the deck. I was washed overboard. I climbed the ship's side and was again washed off. Eventually I was picked up. He praises the rescue work of the Dutch steamers Flora and Titan. These and a Lowestoft trawler were extraordinarily kind in clothing and feeding the men. Finally at about eleven o'clock in the morning they could find no more men in the water. All behaved exceedingly well in many cases with great self-sacrifice and gallantry. Commander Norton especially mentions that Captain Nicholson rescued many men.

(Continued on page 8.)

# FIGHTING AT SEA.

(Continued from page 7.)

## NAVAL LOSSES.

LONDON, Sept. 25.

The Admiralty announces that the following officers lost their lives:—

ON THE ABOUKIR:—Lieutenants Bradford, Tottie, Harrison, Deane and Watson, and six midshipmen.

ON THE CRESSY:—Lieutenants Grubb, Harvey, Gabbett, Wise, Bennett and Kell and four midshipmen.

ON THE HOGUE:—Lieutenants Wolfey, Kennick and Tinne and three midshipmen.

Besides the warrant officers saved, the Admiralty has issued a list of 779 men saved.

## GERMAN NEW GUINEA.

### AUSTRALIANS OCCUPY FRIEDICH WILHELM.

LONDON, Sept. 25, 4-0 p.m.

The Press Bureau announces that the Australians have hoisted the Union Jack over the town of Friedrich Wilhelm, in German New Guinea.

Vice-Admiral Sir George Patey telegraphs that the occupation was not opposed, and a garrison has been established.

It appears that the armed forces of the enemy in this region were concentrated at Herbertshoehe and were annihilated.

## BOMBARDMENT OF LISSA ISLAND.

### BRITISH AND FRENCH FLAGS HOISTED.

ROME, Sept. 25, 7-50 p.m.

The French fleet has bombarded Lissa Island. Troops have been landed and the British and French flags hoisted.

### PELAGOSA ISLAND BOMBARDED.

ROME, Sept. 25.

In addition to Lissa Island, Pelagosa Island has been bombarded. The population has evacuated other islands and people are fleeing from the Dalmatian coast.

## THE HIGHFLYER'S MARKSMANSHIP.

### APPRECIATION BY GERMAN NAVAL OFFICER

LONDON, Sept. 26.

The captain of the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse who has arrived in New York said in an interview:—"If all the British ships shot as straight as the Highflyer I should be sorry for our poor fellows in the North Sea.

## BRITISH BLUJACKETS RELEASED

THE HAGUE, Sept. 25.

The British bluejackets have been released. They will be guarded in the Netherlands until they sail for England.

## TWO TRAWLERS AND A NORWEGIAN S EAMER SUNK BY MINES.

### NINE PERISHED

LONDON, Sept. 25, 3-15 a.m.

Two Grimsby trawlers and a Norwegian steamer have been blown up by mines in the North Sea this week. Nine perished.

Zeppelin bombs have been found unexploded in Belgium measuring four feet long and eight inches wide.

## A STANDING BLOT.

### WANT OF LAND COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

LONDON, Sept. 25.

Referring to the disturbance to shipping in the Bay of Bengal, "The Times" says that in these days of incomparable railway engineering it is a standing blot on Indian official enterprise that no land communication exists between Calcutta and Rangoon.

## PRONGS LIGHT DARKENED.

### CIRCULAR BY PORT OFFICER.

The Port Officer of the Bombay Harbour notifies that until further notice the Prongs Light has been darkened between the bearing of S. 52 deg. W. through south to S. 9 deg. E. Bearings Magnetic.

## VISCOUNT KITCHENER.

### LORD RECTOR OF EDINBURGH UNIVERSITY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 25.

Viscount Kitchener has accepted the Lord Rectorship of Edinburgh University.

## PROMOTION OF 22 NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.

LONDON, Sept. 25.

Twenty-two non-commissioned officers have to-night been promoted to combatant commissions.

A cable to the "Pioneer" states that Major Henderson, of the 27th Light Cavalry, has been killed in action.

# SPECIAL CABLES.

## BRITISH SUPPLY AND RECRUITMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 25.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent cables as follows:—"Our supply service through quagmire lanes has never flattened. The rains have now ceased. The half a million of recruits has now been excelled and a second half a million commenced. Clothing garments are being temporarily issued.

### A TREACHEROUS MOVE BY GERMANS.

The Press Bureau states that during an attack by the German 53rd regiment, the enemy holding up their hands and making signs interpreted as indicating surrender, were allowed to reach the parapet of the trench occupied by the Northamptons where they opened fire. A British machine gun on the flank cut a lane through them and they fell back on their own trench whence they were shortly driven with further loss by a battalion of guards. The German extreme right has so far avoided the outflanking movement by the use of heavy artillery. The loss of officers in the British attacks continues to be heavy.

The requests champion Captain Luther returned as killed in action on the 26th August, is now reported wounded and a prisoner.

### SUGGESTION TO MINE ENEMY'S COAST

The Naval correspondent of "The Times" recalling the Admiralty's statement that we had hitherto refrained from the use of mines, asks whether it would not be well, failing other means of preventing submarine excursions, to mine the enemy's coast enclosing the submarines and the fleet alike.

## WORK OF THE THE BRITISH FLYING CORPS.

### ORDERED TO ATTACK ZEPPELINS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Sept. 25.

The London Correspondent of the "Civil and Military Gazette" cables as follows:—

The Press Bureau stated yesterday evening that the flying corps has been flying every day since its arrival in France but has seen no Zeppelin airships. Its orders are to attack immediately any Zeppelins that are seen. On three occasions non-rigid dirigibles have been left unattacked as they were not known until afterwards to be German airships.

In last night's casualty list of officers, previously reported as missing, are variously returned as killed, died of wounds and prisoners of war and rejoined regiments. One officer, previously returned as killed is now reported as wounded. Some returned or unofficially reported as killed, wounded or prisoners have rejoined their regiments.

### "THE TIMES" ON RESCUE WORK.

"The Times" in a leader reluctantly suggests that rescue work, even in the case of torpedoed British warships, should, in future, be left to destroyers and other small craft. Stationary cruisers engaged in rescuing must offer tempting targets to the enemy.

### SUPPLY OF COMFORTS AND STORES FOR INDIAN TROOPS.

The St. John's Ambulance Association is authorised by the Secretary of State to organise the supply of comforts and stores for the Indian troops in France.

### ONE THOUSAND ENLISTING PER DAY.

One thousand men per day are enlisting in London alone. The total for the whole country is now 520,000.

## AUSTRIANS DEMORALISED.

### HUNGARIAN TROOPS' HOSTILITY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Sept. 27.

The London correspondent of the "Civil and Military Gazette" cables:—

September 25th.—The "Messenger," the organ of the Russian armies in the field, says that discipline has disappeared from the Austrian forces, the soldiers disobeying their officers and the officers expressing hostility to the General Staff and the highest commanders. The Hungarian troops are openly saying that they fight only from necessity.

### SERVIAN ADVANCE.

A telegram received in Rome from Cetinje anticipates that the assault on Sarajevo is likely to last for several days, the Montenegrins and Servians co-operating therein. At present there are only two forces outside Servia, both in Bosnia. One crossed the Drina near Vishegrad while the other crossed in the loop of the Drina, 25 miles northward from this point. In the river loop in the north-west corner of Servia the opposing forces face each other on the opposite banks of the Drina. Hence the fall of Sarajevo would leave the Austrians badly exposed to a flank and rear attack.

### A HIGHLANDER'S HEROISM.

Sept. 26.—A "Daily Mail" telegram tells the story of 150 Highlanders who were guarding a bridge. The Germans appeared on the further bank and the Highlanders temporarily held them at bay but were greatly outnumbered and were being driven back. One Highlander, unnamed, left the cover and ran to where a maxim was standing among the bodies of its crew with the ammunition belt still in place. He swung the maxim and its tripod on his back, ran across the bridge, and sat down alone on the German bank of the stream. He opened fire under which the enemy broke and took cover. The British were re-inforced just as the Highlander fell with 30 bullets in his body.

### VILLA DENOUNCES CARRANZA.

September 25.—General Villa has formally denounced the Carranza Government. He asserts that the states of Chihuahua, Sonora, Zacateras, and part of Coahuila have joined his uprising army.

# NIZAM'S SPLENDID DONATION.

## OFFER OF RS. 60,00,000.

## THE VICEROY'S WARM APPRECIATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 27.

Correspondence which has passed between H. H. the Nizam and His Excellency the Viceroy is published wherein the former generously offers and the latter accepts with warm appreciation a war contribution of sixty lakhs to be devoted in the first instance to defraying the entire expenses while on foreign service overseas of the two regiments wherein His Highness is interested, namely the Nizam's own splendid regiment of First Imperial Service Lancers and the 20th Deccan Horse of which His Highness is the Colonel.

## THE AGA KHAN ON INDIAN LOYALTY.

### "WE INTEND TO STAND BY THE BRITISH EMPIRE."

### PEOPLE ABSOLUTELY UNITED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 26.

The Secretary of State's telegram to the Viceroy despatched at 4-35 on Thursday afternoon:—"The Aga Khan interviewed by the "Pall Mall Gazette" said the feeling prompting India's offer to the Government was unanimous. Whatever may have been the differences between the Government and any of the Indian peoples, there is none now in any part of India. I travel through the country once every year and I know. I was through every province except South India in my last visit. People of every class and religion are absolutely united and will do anything to support the Empire. If seventy thousand soldiers are insufficient and the Empire calls for more we shall send seven hundred thousand and can send seven millions. Whatever the Empire demands we shall supply to the full extent. We intend to stand by the British Empire."

## CENTRE OF GERMAN ACTIVITY

### SHIFTED FROM EAST PRUSSIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Sept. 26.

The London correspondent of the "C and M. Gazette" cables as follows:—London, Sept. 24.—The "Daily Telegraph's" correspondent at Petrograd says it appears that the centre of German activity has been shifted from East Prussia to Posen and Silesia. The Germans between Thorn and Kalisch received reinforcements and crossed the frontier, but their progress towards Lodz has been arrested by a Russian force.

## BRITISH EAST AFRICA.

### SHARP FIGHTING AT MARJORIM.

### ENEMY FORCED TO RETIRE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 27.

Information has been received from British East Africa under date 24th September to the following effect:—Our outpost at Majorim near Vanga (Lieut. Wavell in command) was attacked by about one hundred of the enemy last night. The enemy were forced to retire.

*Killed*, two African soldiers. *Wounded*, Lieutenant Wavellate, Welsh Regiment (seriously), Lieutenant Innis; local forces, five African soldiers; *Missing*: Two African soldiers.

It is not known how many casualties the enemy had.

## WAR GAZETTEER.

The following places have been mentioned in to-day's telegrams:—

SOISSONS.—A fortified town of France, on the river Aisne, 65 miles N.-E. of Paris.

NOYON.—A town in the French dep. of Oise, 67 miles N.-N.-E. of Paris.

NANCY.—A French town, on the river Meurthe, 220 miles E. of Paris.

TOUL.—A town on the Moselle, 20 miles W. of Nancy.

VERDUN.—A fortified French town, 35 miles W. of Metz.

SUWALKI.—A polish town, 48 miles N.-W. of Grodno.

WARSAW.—The capital of Russian Poland, 300 miles E. of Berlin.

LUEDERITZ BAY.—The Bay is about 100 miles north of the Orange river, in German South-West Africa.

BELGRADE.—The capital of Servia.

LISSA ISLAND.—A mountainous island of Dalmatia in the Adriatic, 32 miles S.-W. of Spalato.

PELAGOSA ISLAND.—An Austrian island in the Adriatic.

GAMBIA.—A British Protectorate in W Africa.

Brigadier General H. Hudson has been selected for the command of the Risalpur Cavalry Brigade vice General Turner resigned. Colonel O. H. U. Prince is posted to the second Secunderabad Infantry Brigade as Colonel on the staff.

# DESTRUCTION OF LOUVAIN.

## A DUTCHMAN'S STORY.

## TERRIBLE EXPERIENCES.

(By yesterday's Mail.)

The awful story of the destruction of Louvain was narrated as follows in the "Daily Telegraph" by a Reuter's correspondent at Rotterdam under date Sept. 2:—

A Dutchman who has just arrived at Breda from Louvain gives the following vivid description of his terrible experiences in Louvain, where he was present at the burning of the city.

We Dutchmen in Louvain at first had nothing to fear from the German soldiers, but all the houses abandoned by their owners were ransacked, notwithstanding the warnings from the military authorities forbidding the troops to pillage. In Louvain, as in all other towns they have occupied, the Germans imprisoned as hostages of war the Burgomaster, two magistrates, and a number of influential citizens.

Before the Germans entered the town the Civic Guard had been disarmed, and all weapons in the possession of the population had to be given up. Even toy guns and toy pistols and precious collections of old weapons, bows and arrows, and other antique arms useless for any kind of modern warfare had to be surrendered, and all these things—sometimes of great personal value to the owner—have since been destroyed by the Germans. The value of one single private collection has been estimated at about £1,000 From the pulpits the priests urged the people to keep calm, as that was the only way to prevent harm being done to them.

### TOWN HALL AS STABLES.

A few days after the entry of the German troops the military authority agreed to cease quartering their men in private houses, in return for a payment of 100,000 francs (£4,000) per day. On some houses between forty and fifty men had been billeted. After the first payment of the voluntary contribution the soldiers camped in the open or in the public buildings. The beautiful rooms in the Town Hall, where the civil marriages take place, were used as a stable for cavalry horses.

At first everything the soldiers bought was paid for in cash or promissory notes, but later this was altered. Soldiers came and asked for change and when this was handed to them they tendered in return for the hard cash a piece of paper—a kind of receipt.

On Sunday, the 23rd, I and some other influential people in the town were roused from our beds. We were informed that an order had been given that 250 mattresses, 200lbs. of coffee, 250 loaves of bread, and 500 eggs must be on the market-place within an hour. On turning out we found the Burgomaster standing on the market-place, and crowds of citizens, half naked, or in their night attire carrying everything they could lay hands on to the market, that no harm might befall their Burgomaster. After this had been done the German officer in command told us that his orders had been misinterpreted, and that he only wanted the mattresses.

### HOURS OF TERROR.

On Tuesday, the 25th, many troops left the town. We had a few soldiers in our house. At six o'clock, when everything was ready for dinner, alarm signals sounded, and the soldiers rushed through the streets, shots whistled through the air, cries and groans arose on all sides; but we did not dare leave our house, and took refuge in the cellar, where we stayed through long and fearful hours. Our shelter was lighted up by the reflection from the burning houses. The firing continued unceasingly, and we feared that at any moment our houses would be burnt over our heads. At break of day I crawled from the cellar to the street door, and saw nothing But a raging sea of fire.

At nine o'clock the shooting diminished, and we resolved to make a dash to the station. Abandoning our home and all our goods except what we could carry, and taking all the money we had, we rushed out. What we saw on our way to the station is hardly describable, everything was burning, the streets were covered with bodies shot dead and half-burnt. Everywhere proclamations had been posted, summoning every man to assist in quenching the flames, and the women and children to stay inside the houses. The station was crowded with fugitives, and I was just trying to show an officer my legitimation papers when the soldiers separated me from my wife and children.

### RUTHLESS MASSACRE.

All protests were useless, and a lot of us were marched off to a big shed in the goods yard, from where we could see the finest buildings of the city, the most beautiful historical monuments, being burned down.

Shortly afterwards German soldiers drove before them 300 men and lads to the corner of the Boulevard van Tinen and the Maria Theresia-street, opposite the Cafe Vermalen. There they were shot. The sight filled us with horror. The Burgomaster, two magistrates, the Rector of the University, and all police officials had been shot already.

With our hands bound behind our backs we were then marched off by the soldiers, still without having seen our wives or children. We went through the Juste de Litsh-street, along the Diester Boulevard, across the Vaart and up the hill.

From the Mont Cesar we had a full view of the burning town, St. Peter in flames, while the troops incessantly sent shot after shot into the unfortunate town. We came through the village of Herent—one single heap of ruins—where another troop of prisoners, including half-a-dozen priests, joined us. Suddenly, about ten o'clock, evidently as the result of some false alarm, we were ordered to kneel down, and the soldiers stood behind us with their rifles ready to fire, using us as a shield. But fortunately for us nothing happened.

### MALTREATMENT BY SOLDIERS.

After a delay of half an hour, our march was continued. No conversation allowed, and the soldiers continually maltreated us. One soldier struck me with all his might with the heavy butt-end of his rifle. I could hardly walk any further, but I had to. We were choked with thirst, but the Germans wasted their drinking water without offering us a drop.

At seven o'clock we arrived at Camperhout, en route for Malines. We saw many halfburnt dead bodies—men, women, and children. Frightened to death and half-starved, we were locked up in the church, and there later joined by another troop of prisoners from the surrounding villages.

At ten o'clock the church was lighted up by burning houses. Again shots whistled through the air, followed by cries and groans.

At five o'clock next morning, all the priests were taken out by the soldiers and shot, together with eight Belgian soldiers, six cyclists, and two gamekeepers. Then the officer told us that we could go back to Louvain. This we did, but only to be recaptured by other soldiers, who brought us back to Camperhout. From there we were marched to Malines, not by the high road, but along the river. Some of the party fell into the water, but all were rescued. After thirty-six hours of ceaseless excitement and danger we arrived at Malines, where we were able to buy some food, and from there I escaped to Holland. I still do not know where my wife and children are.

## DEATH OF SIR JAMES WHITNEY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.

The death is announced of Sir James Whitney, Premier of Ontario.

The Hon. Sir James Pliny Whitney, Kt., LL. D., D. C. L., K. C., has been Prime Minister of Ontario and President of the Council since 1905. Born in Williamburgh, Ontario, on 2nd October 1843, the deceased had his early education in the local public school and Ontario Grammar School. He practiced as a Barrister at Morrisburgh and had been a representative of the County of Dundas in the Legislature since 1888. Sir James was the Leader of the Opposition from 1897-1905. After the defeat of the Ross Government in 1905, Sir James was called upon to from a new Government, which he did on Liberal-Conservative lines.

## U. S. PEACE TREATIES.

### AN IMPORTANT PROVISION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27, 2-40 a.m.

The United States Senate has ratified the peace treaties with Great Britain, France and Spain, containing an important provision that a year shall be allowed for investigation of disputes by a commission before the outbreak of hostilities.

This provision will be most useful in the event of capture of ships during war.

## FIRE ON A STEAMER.

### COTTON CARGO DESTROYED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27, 2-45 a.m.

A fire broke out in the cargo of cotton of the liner Cretic at New York an hour before she was due to depart for Genoa.

Practically the whole of the cotton was destroyed.

The vessel was little damaged.

## SUGAR FOR HOME.

### CAN BE IMPORTED DIRECT FROM DUTCH EAST INDIES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 26.

It is understood that the announcement made at home of the prohibition against importation into Great Britain of sugar from Holland does not apply to sugar grown in the Dutch East Indies and thence exported to Great Britain without touching any Holland port.

## MANCHESTER PIECE-GOODS CONTRACTS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, Sept. 25.

The Karachi Indian Piece-Goods Merchants' Association, in reply to representations from Manchester, regret that they cannot see their way to insist upon individual members of the Association extending the time limit for shipment from Lancashire of current piece-goods contracts by two months in consequence of the war, but in view of the special circumstances they urge all the members to do their best to extend the time when so requested.

## WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

### DONATIONS OF RS 75,000 TO WAR RELIEF FUNDS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Sept. 26.

At the Poona races this evening it was announced that at a meeting of the members of the Western India Turf Club it was decided to make the following grants to the undermentioned War Relief funds:—

Imperial Relief Fund, Bombay Presidency Branch, Rs. 50.000.

Lady Willingdon's Women's War Fund. Rs. 10.000.

The Belgian Red Cross Fund, Rs. 7,500.

The French Red Cross Fund, Rs. 7,500.

## Official and Personal.

Sir Charles Bayley and the Maharajah of Gwalior left Simla yesterday.

# LONDON LETTER

## RUMOUR RUNS RIOT.

## "HAVE YOU SEEN THE RUSSIANS"

## MR. F. E. SMITH AND THE CENSORSHIP.

## EXTRAORDINARY INCIDENT.

**The letter below left London at the moment when the fortunes of the Allies in France appeared to be at their lowest ebb, and the fall of Paris was considered imminent. Many remarkable rumours were afloat, and our correspondent describes how the story of the Russian troops who are supposed to have been sent from Archangel via Aberdeen to France,—a story which had already reached India,—had been built up. The reason for Mr. F. E. Smith's removal from the censorship is made plain by the amazing story of the manner in which he dealt with an alarmist dispatch to "The Times."**

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Sept. 4.

As the war goes on it becomes, if possible, more and more difficult to make mention of the week's events. Here at the beginning of September, the end of the fifth week of the conflict, we await news of the last clash of the armies outside the fortifications of Paris. But it is manifestly useless for me to summarize or discuss this position of affairs. It will be ancient history in three weeks. The outlook will have changed completely a few days or hours hence. The steamer carrying this letter may hardly have entered the Channel before the fate of Paris has been decided, and who shall forecast the condition of Europe by the end of the month? From your recent files I discover that Reuter is treating you on the whole generously; and as our own authentic news is still meagre almost beyond belief, your readers are almost as well provided for as those who near at hand wait from day to day upon the bounty of the Press Bureau.

What of the week as a whole? It began cheerily with the announcement of the brilliant little naval exploit in the North Sea. This, however, was eclipsed by the hideous rumours of disaster on land, rumours which were immediately checked by Lord Kitchener's first careful bulletin. The facts up to the time of writing can be compressed to a few words. The German advance upon Paris has gone forward, not indeed unchecked but with a weight and speed comparable to nothing in the history of warfare. For close upon a fortnight the Allied Armies have been retiring, contesting every mile. On all hands we are assured that the line of the defence has nowhere been effectually broken. With a force and fury passing description and imagination, the German legions have been thrown upon the British force, which has withstood the onset with a courage and steadfastness never surpassed. The French military authorities, as well they may, speak in astonished praise of British valour and endurance. In Belgium, we were told, everyone was asking, Where are the English? In France, we may conclude, the whole people are fired with admiration of our magnificent troops. Their resistance has made an incalculable difference to the situation in France. Without it—who can deny?—the invaders must at this moment have been at the gates of Paris, if not within the city. There has been, we learn, no rest for the defending force. The battle has been raging along the whole front for six or seven days without intermission—a trial of human strength such as, we may suppose, hardly any army in the history of warfare has had to undertake. There have been struggles of unimaginable fierceness and deadliness, deeds of amazing heroism under more terrific artillery fire than any force has withstood, and there has been a sacrifice of life and a devastation of town and countryside such as no mind can contemplate with continued sanity. The story has not been told except in fragments in a few bald official sentences, in soldiers' letters and tales by the wounded, in dispatches pieced together by correspondents in the rear of the advancing host, and in the grim and most imperfect figures of the casualty lists, to which as yet only a few names are attached. It is said that the German commanders are resolved upon the annihilation of the British force; that they would willingly risk the loss of Paris if this could be achieved. We can well believe it. The depth of German hostility and ferocity towards England must be inexpressible in words. As for the war on the eastern side, it is next to impossible for anyone to form even the roughest estimate. The victories of Russia over Austria must be balanced against what appears to be so far the success of the German defence in East Prussia. The English Press makes much of the former; we hear little of the latter.

### A WONDERFUL LEGEND.

"Have you seen them?" "Who?" "Why, the Russians!" So, ever since the middle of last week, question and answer have been

Continued on page 9.)

# LONDON LETTER.

(*Continued from page 8.*)

bandied about—in the street, the train, the club, the home. It is a marvellous legend—built up of hearsay and conjecture and intuition and "high authority." The edifice of cumulative evidence is building itself before your eyes, much less rapidly perhaps just now than it was three or four days ago. And what does it amount to? That Russian troops are being poured into France through England; that they are being conveyed in English ships from Archangel to the Scottish ports, carried over all the railways to the South coast, and hurried across the Channel and the Straits. Sceptical hearers say that the evidence grows more shadowy the closer you look at it; the credulous argue that so much circumstantial detail cannot all be invented—which, when you come to think, is not very convincing, for we can all quote examples of legends built up with the most surprising particularity out of next to nothing. But here we have it, none the less, you meet hardly a soul who has caught sight of a Russian soldier; but you meet positively nobody who has not a brick, or at least a pebble, to contribute to the unsubstantial edifice. Troop trains have followed one another without ceasing along the main lines night after night. Fifty thousand Russians have been seen to pass through Edinburgh in a day; a hundred thousand have gone through Crewe. This man knows there were 20,000 Cossacks at Southampton last week. That one knows how many have gone from Folkestone and Newhaven. Yet another can prove, on the word of returning tourists, that they swarm in Ostend. Big Atlantic liners disappear from the docks, after the berths have been booked up and the dates of sailing cancelled. What has become of them? Why, of course, they have gone to Archangel. Why are Cunarders and White Star ships being painted grey, as everyone knows they are? Because (stupid!) they are wanted for Archangel. Why is the Thames so mysteriously empty of shipping? (I don't know that it is, by the bye; but let us not be too exacting). Because a very large percentage of the available tonnage of the port of London is engaged in the North Sea transport business. Why has Archangel taken on so remarkable a prominence in the shipping offices? Why is it that the harbour of Archangel is swarming with English transports? Why should private letters from Swenden refer with misgiving to the great Russian mobilisation on the shores of the White Sea, in view of the universal conviction that Russia has no intention of interfering with Scandinavia or doing anything to imperil the neutrality of the three Scandinavian countries? These are a few of the questions fired at one from hour to hour, by knowing and triumphant people who have persuaded themselves that every move in the mighty strategic game is easy to follow. Well, and how much is there in it? Representatives of every paper have been engaged for more than a week in an exciting and constantly frustrated hunt after the phantom Russians. They are, you gather, now thoroughly convinced, and despite the Censor statements of a more or less definite character are appearing in print. The move is sufficiently obvious: it is a little difficult to see why it should be regarded as so extraordinarily daring and far-fetched. Everybody, in point of fact, perhaps because of the universality of the gossip, is ready to hear that a large Russian force is already with the allied army in France, together with the Indian contingent and perhaps the first detachment of Canadians. Let me, however, complete the edifice of rumour by adding the touch that is most popular with the wiseacres of the clubs. It is that Lord Kitchener is already in France or Belgium Abandoning his post in the Cabinet (specifically described as temporary), he is to command the great army that is to take the Prussians in the rear—an army composed of the second British Expeditionary Force, the Russians from Archangel, the Indian divisions, the Colonials, and the still unbroken army of Belgian restored to more than its original strength after a fortnight's recuperation in Belgium.

### THE PRIME MINISTER'S CALL.

This morning the Prime Minister addressed a large gathering of business men in the Guildhall of the City of London. The gathering was intended as the official inauguration of the new recruiting movement, by which, it is believed, the full number of men asked for by Lord Kitchener will be gained to the colours. I was not present at the Guildhall; but from the reports of some who were, I infer that Mr. Asquith rose strikingly to the occasion. One hardened journalist, who has heard nearly all the big political speeches for years past, tells me it was by a long way the most impressive utterance he has ever heard. The Prime Minister took half an hour, and read every word of the speech with tremendous force. There was one rather painful incident. Mr. Balfour was called upon by the Lord Mayor to speak after Mr. Bonar Law. This was quite appropriate, for Mr. Balfour, besides being the former leader of his party, is the senior member for the City of London. When he stood up to speak, the audience, largely no doubt consisting of men who will call themselves Conservatives, called out; "We want Churchill!" Of course they gave Mr. Balfour a hearing, but for Mr. Churchill they reserved a rapturous welcome. Mr. Asquith's call will meet with a great response. It comes at the proper moment. During the past week or so the recruiting of the new army has been going on at a great pace. The ranks have been filling with remarkable rapidity—since, I think, the fuller accounts have come of the German methods of waging war, and especially since Louvain. But it is undeniable that the business of recruiting had got into the hands of foolish and feeble people. The scheme of publicity that has been adopted is both useless and vulgar. Standing advertisements in the newspapers are bad enough, when they are framed in a particular way. But they are much worse when coupled with posters on the motor-buses and taxicabs: "Enlistment for war only", or "Discharged when war is over"! The people responsible for drawing up such inducements must be extraordinarily ignorant of the English mind.

### THE CRIME OF LOUVAIN.

I have said that the full news of what happened at Louvain may well have had an effect in stimulating to the growth of the new army. In a previous letter I spoke of the extreme slowness with which the English public as a whole had awakened to the reality of the war, Much has happened lately to change the general state of mind, but there can be no doubt that the destruction of Louvain has been the most powerful factor. The first detailed news came from Mr. A. J. Dawe, a young Englishman, who was present in the town, and Mr. Richard Harding Davis, the well-known American war correspondent and novelist. They described in particular the methodical ferocity with which the Germans set about their hideous task, the steady demolition of street after street, block after block, with the ruthless killing of the people. I have been talking with Mr. Will Irwin, a young American writer who was with Mr. Harding Davis. He added some appalling details,—of the destruction of life, the demoniac system of reprisals for sniping by non-combatants, and the blood drunkenness of the German soldiers. Along the whole route traversed by the German army, Mr. Irwin said, was a track of burned villages and towns. But he spoke with discrimination of the barbarities. The Germans, he thought, were not waging the war without regard to the rules; but they were applying those rules with a ferocity and ruthlessness never before known in civilised warfare. There is, in any case, no mistaking the horror of the civilised world over the burning and sacking of Louvain; and no one can fail to notice that since the full accounts were published the cry for vengeance upon the vandals is assuming the terrible character so familiar in the past. If the tide of war should turn against the Germans, there will be urgent need for the mobilisation of all the intelligence and humane feeling that may be left in the West in or order to lessen the the avalanche of hate and revenge that will be poured out against the rulers and people of Germany.

### INDIA AND THE WAR.

We in England are prepared to hear that the departure of two divisions from India, including detachments of native troops, has been hailed with joy on all hands. The Indian community in London has not disguised its pleasure at the news, and, so far as I can gather, the step is generally welcomed by English opinion. By France, of course, it will be enthusiastically applauded. The case for the employment of Indian soldiers in Europe is put to-day by Mr. William Archer in a careful article in the "Daily News." Nevertheless, there are dissentients. Many English people, irrespective of party and of their prejudices in regard to England's position in India, cling to the view that troops from the East or from Africa should not be employed in warfare between European nations. France, as we know, long since departed from this policy. Algerian troops (Turcos) fought in the Franco-Prussian war of 1870. To-day it is freely rumoured that France may draw upon her immense army in Senegal,—though this would arouse extreme misgiving and would introduce an altogether different factor. Until now England has kept to the older view. But there can be no doubt whatsoever that, as the use of Indian troops for the defence of the Empire will be popular in India, so it will be approved by English opinion as a whole, Germany, of course, will denounce it as a further treachery to civilisation.

### THE PRESS AND THE CENSOR.

Apart from the news of the fighting, coming as it does with such painful slowness, the subject that has created the keenest interest during the week has been the Press Censorship, its methods and results. Such a censorship, however framed and exercised, must be a failure. If the Press is not independent it fails of its purpose, and no censorship imposed upon newspapers in a country which has at least the tradition of freedom can help being a constant irritation and in various ways a public danger. Yet a month ago the establishment of the Government Press Bureau was accepted without a murmur, even when it was discovered that Mr. F.E. Smith and his brother were entrusted, not only with the duty of doling out fragments of war news, but of passing, editing or suppressing every dispatch from every correspondent abroad and every piece of news collected here from refugees, returned soldiers or travellers. The situation is, of course, unprecedented. This country has never before been placed in a similar position, and it cannot be contended that from any point of view the working of the Press Bureau has been even tolerable. We have, in the first place had next to no news of the war, though we have been fed upon bushels of rumour and wild canards. Lord Kitchener's statement of the position, issued last Sunday and giving news only up to August 27, is practically all the official news we have had so far of the greatest battle in history; and we should not have had this if it had not been for a perfectly shocking blunder on the part of the Press Censor. If the public is not told anything, it will welcome and encourage inventions. And newspapers, prevented from having representatives at the front, will be at the mercy (tempered by the Censor) of correspondents who are reduced to picking up rumours on the confines of the theatre of war.

### A SUNDAY CANARD.

So it happened on Sunday last, August 30. The "Daily Mail" does not appear on Sundays, but the Northcliffe combination has no lack of sabbatical organs. "The Times" comes out in a succession of war editions, and for the multitude with other tastes there is the "Weekly Dispatch," a typical example of the popular Sunday journalism which does not make any fuss about the dignity and honour of the press. In both "The Times" and the "Despatch" there was published a letter from one of the special correspondents of the "Daily Mail" in Northern France. He wrote from Amiens after days of trying experiences in the fighting area and under the influence of conversations with refugees, wounded soldiers, and other wreckage of the war. His tale was simply one of disaster. The French defence was broken; the British army had ceased to exist as a fighting force, and only miserable fragments remained. The time for silence was past; it was for England to realise the full horror of the catastrophe. Such was the purport of the letter, and it gave a shock to thousands of readers. The moral was taken up by the "Observer," whose editor sent out a terrifying poster and wrote as one in possession of heart-breaking facts which he was not at liberty to disclose in detail. The country was plunged in gloom. It was the blackest Sunday ever known in London, until, late in the afternoon, Lord Kitchener issued a bulletin, the first under his own name, giving a brief statement of the position according to the reports of Sir John French. It spoke of a terrific and prolonged battle, and of sustained resistance by the British force to the invading hosts, with casualties up to August 27 estimated at 5,000 or 6,000.

### THE "TIMES" AND ITS ACCUSERS.

Monday's papers contained severe attacks on "The Times," in papers formerly representing all shades of opinion. The "Morning Post" called for a new Press Law strong enough to restrain the disseminators of false and alarming news, and from every side "The Times" was lectured for its misdeeds, the accusers not neglecting to underline the difference between the old "Times" and the new. The attacks were reinforced in the House of Commons, where also the Press Bureau came in for a sharp fire of criticism. Sir Arthur Markham, who opened, contended that the most serious result of the Press Censor's reticence was that it was killing recruiting. We had at the War Office in Lord Kitchener, he said, a man who had the full confidence of the country but was not in touch with Parliamentary institutions. His idea was that all information should be withheld from the public, while everybody who had any sort of military command seemed to think that the civil power must be subordinated to the military power. Mr. F. E. Smith was treated on the whole very kindly in the discusssion, and in his own defence, he made what was at least an interesting speech. He pointed out that before the outbreak of the war there did not exist in this country any coercive machinery whatever by which the publication in the Press of matter injurious to the public service could be prevented. The present censorship, therefore, was a pure improvisation. Those who were directing it had no experience to go upon, and it was of necessity a dual system, subject to the control of the War Office and the Admiralty. Mr. Smith admitted his entire responsibility for the publication of the dispatches in Sunday's "Times," and on being pressed as to whether he had made any addition to the article, he confessed that he had added or caused to be added an appeal at the end for more and more reinforcements. This is no doubt a small matter, but it showed a most curious understanding of the duties of the Press Censor, in view of the fact that the excited appeal with which the article ended would of course be read by everybody as the last word of the despairing correspondent on the field of battle.

### THE DEFENCE OF "THE TIMES."

As it happened, "The Times" scored over everybody concerned. The disturbing letter was not re-published in Monday's issue, although it had of necessity reached only a part of the regular readers of "The Times" through the Sunday edition. On Monday, before the debate in the House, "The Times" contented itself with a statement that the correspondent was a responsible and experienced journalist and that the article had been edited and passed by the Censor. The real defence was reserved until the following morning when the newspapers of the country had taken the opportunity of condemning "The Times," and imperfectly informed members of Parliament had added their word of condemnation in the House. There was simply no reply to be made to "The Times" case when fully stated. The dispatch had been for several hours in the hands of the Censor, some modifications had been made by him; the addition, confessed to by Mr. Smith, had been made; certain passages, excised in "The Times" office, had actually been restored by the Press Bureau, and the whole was published as initialled by Mr. Smith, after he had sent to "The Times" a request that it should appear. Facsimiles in the "Daily Mail" on Tuesday showed how completely Mr. Smith had committed himself. Certain apologies were published by newspapers and public men, but it would appear that a great many people who had expressed themselves strongly before the facts were known clung to the view that "The Times" was still deserving of absolute condemnation because of the sensational character of its correspondent's letter. Mr. Garvin's comments were characteristic: on the Monday he published a guarded article on scare-mongering, and argued that the incident had entirely vindicated the necessity of the Press Bureau. On the following day, after the facts had appeared, he confessed that he had been convinced by the correspondent's letter and had written in the "Observer" on Sunday on the assumption that his account of the situation in France was correct. The result is a complete victory for the "Times," which since its transformation by Lord Northcliffe has certainly been in need of something to restore its reputation, and a severe blow to the censorship. I am bound, however, to say that the comment one hears does not display much acuteness. No paper, I think, has demanded the dismissal of Mr. F. E. Smith, but in private every second person you meet asks how it is that he is still in charge of the Bureau. The answer to that question should be plain. A press censor is bound to be attacked. It is in the nature of things impossible for him to do right: at any rate he cannot satisfy public opinion; he cannot fail to irritate papers of all opinions. The Government, therefore, would be foolish if it put one of its own men at the head. After a scandal such as that of last Sunday, his dismissal would be a matter of a few hours. The principle is obvious: put your opponents, whenever possible, in the firing line!

## RECRUITING IN ENGLAND.

*Topical War Service.*

**The photograph shows the packed meeting at the Guildhall enthusiastically cheering the Premier and Mr. Bonar Law after the resolution expressing approval of the appeal.**

## GERMAN PRISONERS.

*Topical War Service.*

**The camp at Camberley, with 850 sailors and soldiers imprisoned behind barbed wire entanglements at Frith Hall**

## ALLEGED CONTEMPT OF COURT.

### DEFAMATORY STATEMENTS IN A PETITION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Sept. 26.

The Full Bench of the High Court consisting of the Hon. Messrs. Justice Sankaran Nair, Justice Spencer and Justice Napier sat to hear the case of alleged contempt of court which arose out of the communication received in connection with the Royapuram Church case. The facts were briefly these:—Mr. C. Chandrasekara Iyer, Sub-Assistant Registrar of the Administrative Department of the High Court had received and opened in the ordinary course of business, communication addressed to Hon. the Judges, bearing the date of the 9th September 1914, and purporting to have been signed by M. A. Ponnuthambi Moodelly, P. M. Jaganatha Moodelly and T. R. Arokiasawmi Moodelly and to have been printed and published by C. T. Parthasarthi Naicker at the Prince of Wales Press, Madras. The first two persons are appellants in two original side appeals against the orders of Messrs. Justice Bakewell and Justice Wallis and are also parties to the order passed by Justice Bakewell, dated 1st September 1914. The petition set out among other things that the petitioners, in utter despair had once more ventured to place before their Lordships the gross injustice that was being done on the original side. The petition went on to state that in July 1912 the petitioners had brought to their Lordships' notice as well as to the notice of the Madras Government and the Secretary of State, that all their Church cases should not be tried by Catholic Judges or judges whose wives belonged to Catholic Church and were spiritual subjects of the Archbishop of Madras, who and whose predecessors in office had been trying, by every means as their command, since the year 1835 to usurp their Church (St. Peter's Church, Royapuram) and control of their funds through the influence of the Catholic Advocate-General of Madras and the Catholic Judges. The petitioners then went on to cite several instances, attempting to show that such Judges, owing to the strong prejudices they held against the proprietors of the church and the settled opinion they had already formed in the matter, had put the petitioners to the great expense, in having to appeal against the series of orders passed. The petitioners added that after the success they had achieved in certain appeals the so-called headman or their instigators, the Ecclesiastics, would not allow them to develop their educational institutions and had made a most dastardly attempt on 1st September 1914 to close the schools and Divine worship in the Church and they regretted to say that Justice Bakewell had readily complied with such a request without hearing their side. The petition then proceeds: "Some days previous to the motion it was openly talked of by the ex-headman. Pranjothi Moodelly, Mariadoss Moodelly, Raju Moodelly and one Mathavaraya Moodelly, that Reverends Hoffmann, van Daalhoff and Meyer (all German priests or priests with pro-German tendencies) had brought influence to bear upon the Judges and have settled everything favourably to them and that no receiver would be appointed and that everything would come to a deadlock when they would move the Advocate-General to bring a suit to deprive us (caste-men) of the right of possession of the properties and of election of the Priest to the St. Peter's Church."

### CONFIDENCE IN THE JUSTICE OF COURT SHAKEN.

The petition continued that their first prophecy had been fulfilled by Justice Bakewell's order dated 1st September and now the said four Moodelliars were openly declaring that within a fortnight the caste men would be driven off the possession of the Church and its properties and the priest selected by the so-called headman, would be allowed again to enter the church. How they anticipated the decisions of the Original Side of the High Court would not be a mystery to any one who critically examined these facts. Such an action was not only revolting to the feelings of the caste men but was also likely to cause a breach of peace. Their confidence in the justice on the Original side was already being shaken. Some of the leading practitioners were not willing to appear because swindlers of trust money, rakes, madmen and traitors to their kith and kin and community supported by the German clergy had successfully achieved their aims on the Original Side in spite of the original judgment and decrees in favour of the caste men. In conclusion the petitioners appealed to their Lordships to avert such a calamity by ordering their church cases to be posted as special cases before the bench of two Judges or a Judge who had not already formed a definite opinion, prejudicial to the interests of the majority of the proprietors of St. Peter's Church.

The officiating Chief Justice on the 16th instant directed a notice to be issued to three signatories of the petition and to the printer and publisher of the Prince of Wales Press to show cause why they should not be committed for contempt of Court for statements made in the petition. Mr. Nugent Grant appeared in support of the notice and argued that the statements amounted to contempt of Court and contained highly insulting, impudent and defamatory statements. The counter-petitioners who appeared in person said what they had stated in the petition had been openly talked about by their opponents in litigation and that they therefore incorporated the same in the Tamil petition which they subsequently got translated and printed for submission to the High Court.

Their Lordships reserved judgment till the 29th instant.

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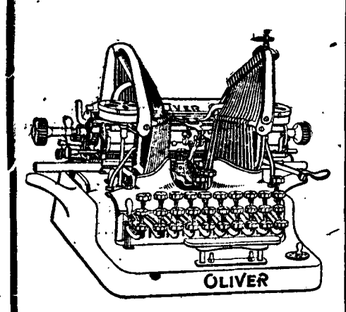


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# HIGH COURT.

## APPELLATE SIDE.

### INADEQUATE STAMP.

### CASE TO BE DECIDED ON MERITS.

*(Before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Hayward).*

GOVIND VISHNU ABHYANKAR.

*v.*

NAGOJI RAJBARAO RANE

The material facts in this appeal were that the appeal was tendered in time, but with inadequate stamp. This fact was noticed by the clerk of the Court who brought it to the Judge's notice. The Judge ordered that the appeal should be admitted provisionally, subject to subsequent decision.

The Subordinate Judge of Davgad decided the case in favour of the plaintiff.

The District Judge of Ratnagiri, Mr. V. M. Ferrers, dismissed the appeal, holding that it was barred by limitation. He said: "It is worth while to observe, that the present is not a case of a document inadvertently received or filed with an insufficient stamp. There were here in fact two insufficiencies: and it may be that one of these escaped the notice of the clerk of the Court.

Whether the notification of 6th May and the bearing of it upon this case, were in fact in the clerk's mind or not, does not appear; nor need it be determined. It is enough that he made an endorsement that the stamp was insufficient. This endorsement puts the case parallel with Munro v. The Cawnpore Municipal Board (I. L. R. XII. All. 58) and following that case, I decide that this appeal is barred by limitation."

Their Lordships following the recent ruling in 15 Bom. L. R. page 902 set aside the order of the lower Appellate Court and remanded the case for decision on merits.

Mr. S. Y. Abhyanker appeared for the appellant.

### FINE FOR GRIEVOUS HURT.

### SENTENCE NOT ENHANCED.

*(Before Justices Heaton and Shah).*

THE KING-EMPEROR *v.* HASSETT.

This was a reference made by Mr. C Dutt, Acting Sessions Judge of Khandesh, who pointed out that the sentence of fine only passed for the conviction for the offence of grievous hurt was illegal. In Mr. Dutt's opinion it was absolutely necessary in this case that a sentence of imprisonment ought to have been passed however short that sentence might have been.

The facts of this case have already been reported in these columns.

Hasset, a young lad is employed as a fireman on the G. I. P. Railway at Bhusawal. On the 23rd May last Hassett was returning home from work when he came across a woman who was tending goats. Hassett told her something, which she resented and complained to her husband, who was an oilman. There was an altercation between the two, when Hassett struck the oilman with his fist and in the course of the assault a couple of teeth of the complainant fell down.

Mr. Jolly, First Class Magistrate of Bhusaval, found Hassett guilty of an offence under section 325 I. P. C. of causing grievous hurt and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 30.

Mr. Balfour on behalf of the accused pointed out to their Lordships that the evidence as to the loss of teeth was contradictory, and that this was a simple case of hurt caused in the course of a squabble. The accused was a mere lad and the story told by the prosecution was entirely unreliable.

Mr. Justice Heaton observed that if the Magistrate really found the accused guilty of an offence under section 325, he ought to have imposed a sentence of imprisonment. The Court, however, had the case argued before it and the evidence had been brought to their notice, and on a consideration of that evidence, their Lordships were not satisfied that this was a case in which the Court should interfere for the purpose of imposing a substantially heavy sentence. He further said that as regards the technical want of compliance on the part of the trying Magistrate with the provisions of section 325 of the Indian Penal Court, their Lordships thought it was sufficient if this was pointed out to the Magistrate in question. Mr. Balfour with Mr. Ratanlal appeared for Hassett

The Government pleader represented the Crown.

### CHILD MURDER BY MOTHER.

### GETS TRANSPORTATION FOR LIFE.

*(Before Justices Heaton and Shah.)*

THE KING-EMPEROR *v.* BAI MANDI.,

This was a reference made by Mr. B. C. Kennedy, Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, under Section 307 of the Criminal Procedure Code, as he did not agree with the verdict of the jury. The accused, Bai Mandi, was charged with intentionally causing the death of her son Shiva aged about 2½ at Kanz in the Virgam taluka in the Ahmedabad District and thereby committing an offence punishable under Section 302 of the Indian Penal Code. The Sessions Judge in submitting the reference observed:—

"The jury have found her not guilty which verdict appears to me to be perverse. I can see no ground for clemency. The murder was utterly barbarous and as far as it had any motive it was intended to fasten a false charge of murder on the step father."

The accused, Bai Mandi, was the *Natra* wife of one *Chamar* Gokal Jasa of the Kanz village in the Viramgam Taluka. She was married to him a few months before the offence. She brought with her the boy Shiva, who was a suckling child. Gokal was not living on harmonious terms with the accused as she was irregular in her habits; and she was not a good worker owing to having this child to look after. There were frequent quarrels between the children of Gokal by his former wife, and the child of their step-mother. On the night before the murder there was a bad quarrel and the husband of the accused beat her with a heavy stick inflicting bruises on her. They then went to bed. The woman and her child slept inside the house, the child being in a hammock and the husband outside. Most of the neighbours slept outside also. About 2 a.m., the husband and neighbours were awakened by shouts from the accused, that she had killed her child, and was going to complain against her husband and that that would stop his sleeping. She went some way down the road when she was stopped and brought back and was found to be carrying the child who had its throat cut but was still alive. She was taken back to the house and some attempts were made to stanch the blood from the child's throat. The husband immediately went off and told the Mukhi who came to the scene. The police was sent for. A currier's knife was produced by the accused from the house which had apparently been used for the murder. The child ultimately died.

The accused had confessed before the magistrate that as her husband was jealous of her son since seven months after contracting the *natra* she killed her son in order to bring him in to trouble. In the sessions court she retracted the confession and said that her husband who was always jealous of the child, came in and killed it.

The sessions Judge refused to believe the defence. He observed: "As regards this defence it is to be noted that no blood was found on the clothes of Gokal and the class of wound is such that it would be very difficult to inflict it while the child was in the cradle. The circumstantial evidence is very strong, and no one would have any motive a for saving Gokal at the expense of his wife. The woman herself is not by any means nerveless, weak and timid, but of very different mood, and it is not probable that a mother whose child had just been murdered by its step-father would take the blame on herself as soon as she got in to the presence of the Magistrate. Of course the motive is obscure. The crime is a very devilish one. If it was the mother who killed her child out of petulance or out of a desire to bring the guilt of blood on her husband or to cause him to be arrested for the murder, she is almost beyond the bounds of humanity; on the other hand what sort of man would it be who would go in by night in cool blood and with premeditation and cut the throat of a child two years old who had done him no harm? If the guilt is clear, the motive is immaterial."

Their Lordships after hearing arguments observed that evidence was strong to bring home the charge against Mandi. The murder was barbarous and brutal one. Their Lordships sentenced the accused to transportation of life.

Mr. Ratanlal Ranchoddas appeared for the accused.

The Government Pleader represented the Crown.

### CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR TUESDAY, THE 29TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1914.

Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha D. Davar.

In the Division Court No. 40.

**Suits for hearing and final disposal.**

Testamentary Suit.

6-14—Daph F & D Gajanan Bhimrao v. Laxumon Bhimrao & anr Ty. D & Co. Mirza M.

**Long Causes.**

**1056-13—Captain and V, Gomtibai v Vallabhdas Hirji a firm and ors, Shroff D and D. Part heard, 3-8-14.**

**O S 620-13—Unwalla P and P. Jijibhai Sorabji Dubash and anr v The Hon'ble The Advocate-Genl. of Bombay and ors, Dastur and Co, Wadia G and Co, Pestonji R K and Co, Khambatta and Co, Unwalla P and P, Ardeshir H D and Co. Part heard, 28-8-14.**

**655-12—Bhai. K & G Diwan Bahadur Kasturchand Ahirchand v. Prof. Tribhowandas Kalliandas Gajjar & ors. Bick. M. R. & Co. 3-8-14 Part Heard, Tyabji Dr. C. A. Payne & Co.**

TESTAMENTARY SUITS.

5-14—Sm B. & Co. Bai Kashi widow Nanashanker Mahashanker & anr. Jain. R & D.

13-14—Purmanand & Co. Purshotam Gopaldas Ghadially v. Krishnabai widow & anr. Manu. H & Co.

LONG CAUSES.

961-13—Edgelow G W and Co. Mulji Cursondas v Madhowji Thakersey and Co a firm, Payne and Co.

437-14—Little and Co, The India Specie Bank Limited in Liquidation v Keshrichand Rupchand, Edgelow G W and Co.

1029-13—Tyabji D and Co, The Advocate-General of Bombay v Benkuverbai and ors Madhowji K and C, Mirza M and M.

372-14—Ardeshir H D and Co, Haji Ebrahim Haji Esmail v Mahomed Haji Ismail, Mans H M and Co.

449-12—Payne and Co, Dady Nasserwanji Dady and ors v Heerji Ardeshir Dady and ors, Patell and Ez, Dastur and Co.

507-14—Khunderao L and M, Khumaji Gugaji and Co a firm v Dayabhai Chotalal and anr, C P D'Cunha.

1180-13—Wadia G and Co. Sakinabai widow v. Bai Kazbai widow and ors, Shroff D and D.

371-14—Jehangir M and S, Bachibai widow v Goolam Hoosein Cassam Visram and anr, Pestonji R K and Co, Jehangir S M and H.

579-14—Edgelow G W and Co, Harivallabhdas Bechardas and anr v Manoher Virji and anr, Ardeshir H D and Co, Edgelow G W and Co.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman

In the Division Court No..53.

Suits for hearing and final Disposal.

Short Causes.

536-14—Payne & Co The French Motor Car v. Electric Tyabhoy Essabhoy Dawoodkhan Jamsetji R & D.

749-14—Malvi H M & R Messrs Durgadatt Chirangilal a firm v. Kanwal Nagra.

759-14—Subnis & Gore Messrs. Walsangkar & Co a firm v. Rawji Gulabchand Shah & ors.

804-14—Little & Co Treacher & Co Ltd. v. Premchand Keshowji Bazain & anr.

806-14—Vachha & Co. Messrs Khima Bhaga & Co. a firm v. Reuben Salomon & anr.

807-14—Vachha & Co Messrs Khima Bhaga & Co a firm v. Reuben Solomon.

830-14—Pestonji R K & Co Nassarwanji Merwanji Patel v. George William B Clegg & anr.

848-14—Kanga & Sayani Messrs Tarachand Murlidhar a firm v. Messrs. J. H. Rivett & Sons a firm.

870-14—Vachha & Co Messrs Surajmal Jaykumar v. Messrs Bhagmal Parbhudayal Ardeshir H D & Co.

890-14—Surajmal & Co Shamrao Narayen Wagal v. Sitaram Mukund Wagal & ors Subnis & Gori.

905-14—Nadirshaw & Dar Ramchand Harichand a firm v. Thakurdas Khemraj a firm Tyabji D & Co.

948-14—Mulla & Mulla Messrs C Boggiano & Co. a firm v. Messrs. Warden & Co. a firm.

959-14—Mulji & Tha Bhaktidas Jamnadas v. Bachoobai Kohinoor Rukar.

962-14—Bhai K & Gir The Poona Bank Ltd v. Maganlal Manecklal Desai.

963-14—Matubhai J & M Messrs Haji Sultanalli Shustry & Co a firm v. Haji Mirzaalli Akbar Dehdusty.

964-14—Mulji & Tha Gangadas Mangaldas v. M. Damodhar Bros Rustomji & Gurwalla.

968-14—C P D Cunbai Dwarkadas Gordhandas v. Email Haji Joosub.

970-14—Daphtary F & D Nagnibhai Ghellabhai Jaori v. Jehangir Perozeshaw Jal.

971-14—Bhai K & Gir Basil N. Tang v. Meghji Lakhmidas.

Suits for hearing & final Desposal.

Long Causes.

23-05—Munck & Nannubai widow v. Sriram Anandrao Ozi & ors Chitnis M & K F P Pavri.

(1) 167-14—Manch & N Manji Karrimbhoy v. Gopalji Pragji & ors Ty D & Co Ard H D & Co.

(3) 316-14—Kanga S Bai Sakinabai v Bai Jamnabai widow & anr Captain & V.

33714—Nadershaw & D Haji Gulam Hoosein Haji Moosa v. Haji Ebrahim Tyeb & anr Ragh N & Co.

388-14—Judah & S (for a pauper) Menahem Moosha Abdul Razak v. Ezra Menahem Munshi Abdul Razak & anr Mulla & Mulla.

350-13—Ard H D & Co Rattonbai widow v. R D Sethna & ors Mulla & M Matu J & M.

374-13—Ard H D & Co Lakhmichand Damji v. R D Sethna & ors Mulla & M Matu J & M.

695-13—Ard H D & Co Ruttonbai widow & ors v. Jethabhai Nursey & ors Matu J & M Mulla & Mulla.

132-14—Nanu H & Co Swami Ramanyacharya Nathmuyacharya v. Purshotam Keshowji Edg G W & Co.

466-13—Payne & Co The Bombay & Huzaz Steam Navgn. Co. Ld (in liquidation) v. Krishnarao Vasudeo Sirdesai C P D'Cunha.

116-14—M B Chothia Khatubai widow v. Ismail Haji Moosa & ors Mulla & Mulla Matu J & M.

528-12—Rustomji & Co Monghibai widow v. Waman Shridhar Apte Daphtary F & D.

544-12—Medh K and Ch. Lakhabai Soonderbai widow v. Soonderbaiv and ors.

193-14—Madh K & Ch Lakhabai v. Soondrabai widow Soonderdas & Co.

1201-13—Captain & V Hamabai widow v. Noor Mahomed Khanbai Ard H D & Co.

1204-13—Motichand, & D Bai Kamla Kom Ganpat Bapurao Daulatrao Sabinke & ors Jeh S M H.

113-14—Mulla & Mulla Jugnishundas Malharadas v. Bai Mani widow Mote & D Bhai K & G.

85-13—Motichand & D Harmukhrai Sundermat a firm v. Kunjlal Aimchand & anr Rustomji & Co Malvi H M & R.

384-13—Shums A. Tyabji Shuffi C Tyabji v. Essaji Valliji & anr Payne & Co.

406-13—Mirza M & M Mir Hasan Ali valad Mir Abdulali v. Mahomed Secunder Khan Fateh Khan Payne & Co.

397-14—Tyab D & Co Gangabai widow v. Bai Sonabai & anr Pocha & Co Dubash & Co.

421-14—Vachha & Co Aimai v. Messrs A M Mehta & Co a firm Shroff D & D.

**Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod**

**In the Division Court No. 43.**

After the Appellate Side Court Work is over.

For Exparte Decree.

746-14—Judah & S Rajaram Appaji v. Ismail Haji Cassam Wadia G & Co.

After the Appellate Side Court work is over.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

**Long Causes.**

**1352-12—Nadirshaw and D Premabai Widow v. Sultan Amir Smetham B & Co.**

**183-14—Vachha & Co Leopold Sebastian De Silva v. Mary Victoria De Silva.**

**23-13—Malvi H M & R Memraj Maumal v. Govindram Ramnath Motichand & D.**

**1126-12—Malvi H M & R Gopiram Shankardas & ors v. Gangasagar Lachmandas & ors Payne and Co.**

**552-14—Patell and Ez Laxmibai Widow v. Kapurchand Monji and anr Little & Co.**

**169-13—Judah and S Appa Gangaram Kaduskar v. Sakubai widow and ors. Khanderao L & M Little & Co.**

983-13—Bhaishanker K & G Saroopchand Purshotamdas v. Talakchand Harnath Motichand & D.

1179-13—Dikshit & P Chaturbhuj Vassanji v. Meghji Lakhmidas Motichand & D.

S C CT 18/746-14—Dikshit & P Chaturbhuj Vassanji v. Meghji Lakhmidas Motichand & D.

197-14—Captain & V Karsou Purshotam v. Jadavji Devkaran & ors Dhunjishaw & B Rustomji & Co Vatcha and Co. Mulla & Mulla.

39-14—D J Mantri Kanayalal Vallabhdas Pardeshi v. Gowrishanker Ramchander Pardeshi Tyabjee D & Co.

933-11—Edgelow G W & Co Messrs Maneckchand Kapurchand a firm v. Chunilal Nehalchand & ors Motichand & D.

829-13—Jamsetji R & D Narayen Genuji Barve Sabnis and G.

97-14—Sabnis and G Abdul Kadar Chivney v. Rustom K R Kama & ors Payne and Co Dastur and Co.

Before The Prothonotary in his office.

For Investigation of Pauperism.

P P No 21-14—In Person Thacker Rawji Salegram Balkissondas Natham & anr.

22-14—In Person Thacker Rawji Shivji Salegram Balkissondas Natham & anr.

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## THE APOSTLE OF WAR.

### HOW PRUSSIA FULMINATES HER BRUISER PHILOSOPHY.

*"The efforts directed towards the abolition of war must not only be termed foolish but absolutely immoral, and must be stigmatised as unworthy of the human race."*

H. VON BERNHARDI.

Many good people professed amazement when Germany hurled her legions at France over an inoffensive Belgium and a hapless Luxembourg. Everybody asked whether the Kaiser had gone mad. The British nation became a sort of emergency commission on the sanity of that spasmodic prince. Which was highly unnecessary and a little *naif*. For the Kaiser is immoderately sane—for a Prussian, says Mr. Cecil Chisholm in "T. P.'s Weekly."

MILITARIST PROFESSORS.

I dare swear that not one cultured German in a hundred felt the slightest twinge of surprise. (Some, we know, felt regret. They would have been amazed, indeed, had the army taken any other than the flagrantly open road to France. If there was outspoken anger over a promise broken of an honour tarnished, it came from ingenuous peasants or ill-tutored artisans. They have never quite grasped the Prussian *savoir faire*.

But their betters have. It is an immense mistake to suppose that only the Kaiser or a military caste knows the Prussian bloodlust. The taint goes deeper than that. Not the Kaiser but the Herr Professors and the Bernhardis have proved Germany's evil genius. Prussia, in fact, has found in the old military university traditions its most potent ally. Through them not only the German muscles but the German mind has been "trained to arms."

Take the arch-advocate of aggression, for instance. You figure the roaring Trietshke as behelmeted and moustachioed. Actually he was a professor of history who spent his days between his study and his class-room. It is now only some eighteen years since his death. Yet he is already a national demi-god. His name and his fame are far more puissant over the German under-graduate than any score of Mommsens.

MANACLING THE GERMAN SPIRIT.

Probably he and his historical successors, who teach the young idea how to shoot across the water, have done more to precipitate the present cataclysm than the War Lord in person. Remember that there are three thousand of them; that they are (illicit) leader-writers and journalists almost to a man; remember, too, the German idolatry of the Herr Professor; add the fact that at present the Kaiser's circle tends to exercise undue influence on appointments; and the partial oxydisation of German culture is a foregone conclusion.

For Prussia has not been content to mail the German fist. Fists are driven by more than muscle. And she has striven hard to manacle the German spirit. On the extent of her success the issue of the war may well depend.

It will not be General von Bernhardi's fault if it fails. For he put Treitschke into the plain man's mouth. Knowing the German's reprehensible craving for a theory to explicate his every act, he wrote the most perfect expression of Prussianism ever penned—a veritable bullies' bible. ("Germany and the Next War." English trans. Popular edition. Arnold. 2s. net.) Unlike his master he is prone neither to philosophy nor abstruseness. Here is simply the plain unvarnished gospel of national blackguardism. Two chapters describe the theory, the rest is devoted to hints on its practice—on the first possible occasion.

WAR A "BIOLOGICAL NECESSITY."

With Treitschke he reaches at one fell swoop that remarkable justification of national perfidy which it took Machiavelli a volume to justify. To him the State is simply power. And "every State reserves to itself the right to judge the extent of its treaty obligations." Every Belgian safeguard crumples up automatically before such impersonal irresponsibility.

Yet the book is better than Treitschke-and-water. For the General makes much of a very recent excuse for war—the scientific sanction. Bloodshed appears under the aegis of Darwin. It is not merely a selector of the fittest among individuals but among races.

War is a biological necessity of the first importance, a regulative element in the life of mankind which cannot be dispensed with, since without it an unhealthy development will follow, which excludes every real advancement of the race, and therefore all real civilisation. "War is the father of all things." The sages of antiquity, long before Darwin, recognised this.

LOGICAL LAPSES.

Perish the United States instanter! Occasionally the General plunges into self-contradiction. War being the loftiest summit of enlightened altruism, Peace of course represents the basest depth of materialism. The State is no sordid assurance office for personal safety and happiness, but a maker of moral and intellectual character. Yet a few pages farther on the General is canvassing the materialist on behalf of the Prussian ticket. Presumably, he benignly explains, war will bring gain to the aggressor. But the slain will be a negligible proportion. Hence "the majority of citizens have no reason for not sacrificing the minority in their own interests." Which will give some idea of the famous cavalry leader's logical gift.

THE DUTY TO MAKE WAR.

War, then, is the *summum bonum*, the universal panacea, to be applied on each and every occasion. Did any people take the physic of war as often as the General prescribes, it would probably die of the remedy. For a nation should go to war, so far as I can discover, whenever its morale or its business is deteriorating, whenever it feels difficulty in keeping the armament pace, whenever it has a margin in the same contest (How often will it be in neither position?), and whenever any favourable opportunity offers. He might have added Machiavelli's two suggestions: when taxation causes restlessness, and when in doubt ——!

This chapter on "The Duty to Make War," in short, is a veritable *reductio ad absurdum* of the principle that in the last resort force is the only remedy. The General lives in a world composed entirely of "last resorts." And his whole theories may be dismissed as so much superficial claptrap to excuse a policy of shameless aggression on the militarist state. "Way for my soldiers!" is his only thought.

A REPLY TO AGADIR.

How comes if you ask, that this nation of thinkers accepts such claptrap? There are many reasons. One is its knowledge that over trampled treaties Bismarck led it to foreign conquests and to home unity. Another is its perpetual dread of and desire to anticipate a French *revanche*. Yet a third is its disgust with the "wasted years" of material failure and intellectual ascendancy in the eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries. It is possible to take old maladies too seriously. And the anxiety to root out the old unpractical idealism has laid the Germans more open to the war quack than any other people in Europe.

Finally, the book suggested a practical application of the mailed fist to a new problem. Although written earlier, it was Agadir which jolted the General's ideas into type. The book expressed what all good Prussians felt—an aching desire to fall on the "perfidious Albion" which checkmated them in Morocco. This book was the Prussian reply to Agadir. This book it was that brought the flower of German youth to the side of the War Party, which has plunged Europe into the melting-pot. An historic book. A book to read, to ponder—one day, please God, to burn. A book that is now writing its message in blood over Europe—a book that must never be rewritten.

## FRACAS IN A COLOMBO HOTEL.

### RUSSIANS AND FRENCH V. PORTUGUESE.

**LATTER MISTAKEN FOR GERMANS.**

A disturbance of a serious nature took place on Sunday evening at the Lord Nelson Hotel, Colombo, when some Russian sailors of the "Perm," Frenchmen from the "Dupleix" and five Portuguese residing in the hotel indulged in a free fight in the dining room, says the "Ceylon Observer." At about 6-30 p.m., the Russians, French and the Portuguese were at the hotel and were served with drinks at the bar saloon at separate tables. A few Englishmen, too, turned up and they too were served at a separate table. Not long after the various nationalities "chummed up" and exchanges of drinks followed. The different nationalities unfortunately were only able to converse in their respective languages but in spite of this drawback drinks went round and some singing was indulged in, among the songs sung being the respective national anthems.

When the dinner bell went the five Portuguese who are boarders in the hotel went upstairs for their dinner in company with three Russians. At table a discussion followed but nobody was able to understand it not knowing either Portuguese or Russian. The discussion ended in one of the Russian telling the Portuguese that they were Germans or saying something to that effect. This he did at the top of his voice and the result was that all the Russians, Frenchmen and Englishmen who were downstairs rushed up. The quarrel by this time had developed into a fight and the party who rushed up (except the Englishmen who included two men of the R. G. A.) fell upon the Portuguese. The latter put up a fight and anything within reach such as bottles, cutlery, chairs, etc., were used, as also knives, by the parties. The Manager after making vain attempts to quell the disturbance informed the police who were soon on the scene. They marched the combatants to the Police Station where the usual statements were recorded. One Russian, two Portuguese and one Frenchman were rather seriously injured and they had to be sent to the hospital without delay.

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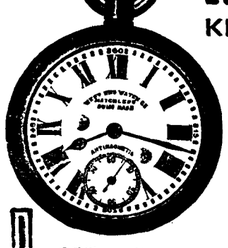

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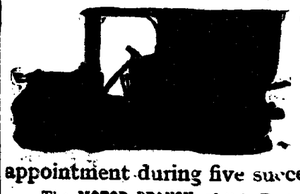

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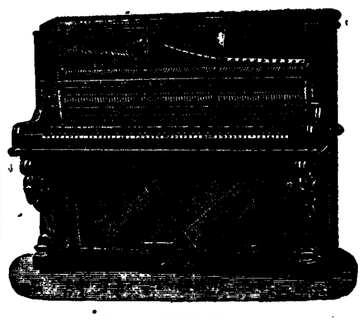

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